SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. DECATUR, ILL., FRIDAY, JULY, 20, 1900. NO. 41.

GOES TO WASHINGTON.

President McKinley and His Cabinet Will Meet Today.

Canton, Ohio, July 19.—President McKinley left at 10:30 this evening for Washington in a special car attached to regular Pennsylvania train. Only Secretary Cortelyou accompanied him. It is stated that the cabinet members will meet at the White House tomorrow afternoon pending the arrival of the president, and that a meeting will be held soon after his arrival. The president expects to return to Canton in a few days.

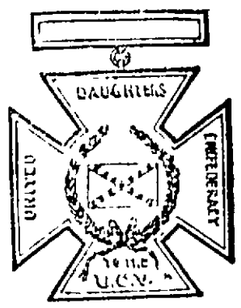
Killing Heat.

[illegible] July 19.—The heat today killed three men in the J. A. Murray, Wilson [illegible] Mills.

SOUTHERN WAR MEDAL

New Military Decoration Recently Established by the Daughters of the Confederacy.

[illegible] Daughters of the Confederacy, [illegible] organization to the [illegible] of the Revolution, have [illegible] military decoration [illegible] purpose to bestow [illegible] who can show [illegible] honorably discharged [illegible] army or navy. [illegible] Southern Cross of [illegible] and presentation of it was made on April 26, which



SOUTHERN WAR MEDAL
(To Be Presented to All Veterans of the Confederate Army.)

is annually conferred as Decoration day in all of the southern states. On that occasion 2,500 of these medals were presented to confederate soldiers by different chapters of the Daughters of the Confederacy located in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and by a few in South Carolina.

A much greater number would have been given out, but the manufacturers could not supply them for that date. A second distribution will not be made until June 3, which is Jefferson Davis' birthday, as the society provides that these decorations shall be awarded only on special days—Decoration day and the birthdays of Davis and Robert E. Lee, which are legal holidays in most of the southern states.

The medal is of bronze, as simple in design and shows a southern cross (which is similar to the cross of Malta) suspended from a plain bar. The obverse side is adorned with a confederate flag surrounded by a laurel wreath, and the points of the cross have the following in bas relief: "United Daughters of the Confederacy to the U. C. V." The reverse side shows "Deo Vindice, 1861-1865," within a laurel wreath, and "Southern Cross of Honor" is inscribed on the four ends of the medal.

MR. SMITH'S BRAVERY.

Heroism Displayed by a Young English-Hawaiian Who Helped Put Down the Plague in Hawaii.

Armstrong Smith, a young Englishman, has recently arrived in London, which deserving of more than a passing notice, for he has proved himself a hero of no ordinary kind. Mr. Smith showed his bravery in helping to put down the bubonic plague in the city of Honolulu and its neighborhood. When everyone fled in the presence of the pestilence he, although described as being pale and thin from overwork and constant knowledge of his peril, the ghost of his former self, warned by all who were close enough to advise, himself a suspect, stuck to

ARMSTRONG SMITH, HERO.
(How He Helped Put Down the Bubonic Plague in Honolulu.)

his post and his patients." When the danger was past he was asked what he wished most to do, and he replied that he always wanted to be a physician. He was urged to adopt this course, and when he replied that he had not enough money for the purpose a committee of the leading citizens presented him with a purse of £1,000, asking him to accept it to study medicine or to apply to any other purpose he chose. Mr. Smith has taught in the Princess Kaiulani school for several years.

A window-washer ought to make a good physician. He wipes away the pane.

Gen. Otis probably will be placed in charge of the Department of the Gulf.

LI HUNG LEADER

With Being the Head of the Anti-Foreign Plot.

DETAILS OF THE MASSACRE

Atrocities Practiced by the Chinese at Pekin.

EMPEROR APPROVES OUR PLAN

Commissioner Rockhill After Secret Information.

[illegible] Shanghai correspondent of the Express says: [illegible] at the [illegible] in Hong Kong [illegible] Chang, who is [illegible] the originator [illegible] plot. [illegible] just arrived [illegible] thousands of [illegible] European [illegible] carried off [illegible] were already [illegible] foreign [illegible] carry[illegible] their [illegible] is shot at [illegible] bullets too hot [illegible] had organized [illegible] meeting of [illegible] manifestation [illegible] China and [illegible] have been [illegible] the soldiers [illegible] of white

CRITICAL JUNE 30TH.

On [illegible] Legations at Pekin Were Threatened.

[illegible] 19. The Japanese [illegible] the latest [illegible] it from Baron [illegible] to Tokio [illegible] at the [illegible] minister of [illegible] important because [illegible] telegram was [illegible] the Japanese [illegible] Rows. [illegible] the 12th a [illegible] left Pekin [illegible] by a special [illegible] who left Pekin [illegible] make the journey [illegible] the substance of [illegible]

P[illegible] is extremely [illegible] relations are surrounded [illegible] Chinese soldiers [illegible] night and day [illegible] guards and [illegible] the utmost, but [illegible] of the enemy [illegible] ammunition [illegible] are in such [illegible] concerned at any [illegible] to meet the immediate requirements for our [illegible] is condition."

[illegible] at Che Foo adds [illegible] to the col[illegible] Boxers, also [illegible] of the forces [illegible]

[illegible] was received [illegible] from the Japanese [illegible] report that Men [illegible] by the forces of [illegible] secured. Japanese [illegible] the Sue Yin, [illegible] on the 14th.

OUR PLAN APPROVED.

[illegible] Think Other Governments Will Send Commissioners.

[illegible] The Washington [illegible] Rockhill to China," says [illegible] literally, this morning, [illegible] and might advantageously be followed by the British and [illegible] proceeds to comment [illegible] ignorance prevalent [illegible] of recent events, but [illegible] generally. A cabinet [illegible] Lord Salisbury yesterday [illegible] than usual, and [illegible] it will be followed by [illegible] ment throwing light [illegible] The Chinese assertions [illegible] of the foreign [illegible] has been so often [illegible] are again beginning [illegible] some quarters. According [illegible] Telegraph's St. Petersburg [illegible] however, the Russian [illegible] already in possession of [illegible] all the foreigners in [illegible] secured July 6.

[illegible] AN BARBARITIES.

[illegible] circular only goes to [illegible] the powers have failed [illegible] concerted plan of action. [illegible] her news is available this [illegible] Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail, who repeats his statements regarding the jealousy felt among the allies on the subject of a Japanese commander-in-chief, and a general lack of unity among them, adds: "The Japanese correspondents charge the Russian soldiers with appalling barbarity towards the Chinese. They declare that Pei Ho is full of the corpses of women and children, and that the Russians landed 300 bodies on a junk and burned them."

Shanghai reports three mission stations on Po Yang lake have been destroyed, but it is believed that the missionaries have escaped. All missionaries at A-hsu-Ho, Korin and Kuan Cheng Tzu, in Chinese Manchuria, have arrived in safety at Vladivostock.

It is rumored that Yu Lu, the missing viceroy, of the province of Chi Li, committed suicide. Various conflicting stories are published on the manner of General Nieh's death. It is stated that when the allies entered the native city of Tien-Tsin they found the Chinese dead piled breast high, and it was feared this would result in an outbreak of pestilence. Sixteen of the captured guns are quite modern weapons.

FEAR SOUTHERN OUTBREAK.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times expresses doubt that the southern viceroys will be able to withstand the pressure of the provincial officials to join in the anti-foreign movement. He thinks already there are signs of wavering on the part of the viceroy of Nankin. Liu Kun Yih, says: "It is admitted at Nankin that Liu's authority is now sufficient to guarantee the maintenance of law and order north of the river. Hence the consuls at Yang Tse ports are arranging for the departure of the women and children.

"It is inevitable that the mandarins as a body should sympathize with Prince Tuan's movements."

INDIGNANT OVER LI'S RECEPTION.

This correspondent confirms the statement of the correspondent of the Daily Express regarding the indignation caused by the British reception of Li Hung Chang at Hong Kong. He says it is interpreted by the natives as a weakness on the part of the allies, and he asks why Li Hung Chang could not have been detained until information had been received from Pekin.

The Times understands the chief representatives of the Mohammedan clergy in Constantinople have issued a strong protest, based upon the Koran, against palpable sympathy with the Chinese massacres. According to the Canton correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, six Chinese soldiers have been beheaded for assaulting an American medical missionary.

RUSSIANS DEFEAT CHINESE.

The Russians, according to the latest news from St. Petersburg, have now completely defeated the Chinese, and have occupied Blagoveschtchensk, capital of the Amur government, with a large force. Since General Gribski, chief of staff at Port Arthur, has taken over supreme command in Manchuria, re-inforcements have been rapidly pushed up, and the general situation has been greatly improved.

The Russian minister of the interior has issued a notice that the Siberian railway is closed to private traffic. There is little doubt the Russian authorities were not prepared for such an organized Chinese movement in Manchuria, but have taken brisk measures. They believe China will soon be too much pre-occupied with military operations around Pekin to conduct serious operations in the north.

STOPPED RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

The Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent says: "Advices from Vladivostock state the Chinese invasion of eastern Siberia has stopped the Russian advance from the north in Pekin. Russians have burned the Chinese town of Heiampo, and are adopting very vigorous measures."

The Berlin telegrams dwell upon the immense German interests in southeastern Siberia. They say many German merchants and numerous German employes and immense stores of merchandise belonging to the Germans in that territory will compel Germany to co-operate with Russia in resisting the Chinese.

General Sir Arthur Power Palmer, commander-in-chief of India, said in the course of an interview in Simla yesterday that no more British troops could be sent from India for China, unless they could be replaced from South Africa.

HOLDS HIS TONGUE.

Li Hung Reaches Hong Kong But is Reticent.

Hong Kong, July 18—Li Hung Chang and suite landed here this morning. The Chinese received with a salute of 17 guns and, with a guard of honor from the Welsh Fusiliers and a band, proceeded to the government house, where he was received by the governor, Sir Henry A. Blake, and other officials. Li Hung Chang was extremely reticent. He stated he had received definite news that the ministers and foreigners at Pekin, with the exception of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, were safe July 8. The imperial edict recalling him to Pekin, the viceroy said, was due to the empress and emperor and not Prince Tuan.

Gov. Blake exerted all possible power to induce Li Hung Chang to remain in Canton, but the Chinese viceroy proceeded ostensibly for Shanghai. The governor of Canton is regarded as an exceptionally weak official, and natives fear he will never succeed in maintaining order.

Transports with portion of the Bengal Lancers, a native field hospital and Generals Gaselee and Barrow have proceeded to Taku. The dock protected cruiser Dido has gone to Wou Sung.

A TRIP TO PARIS

The Stake in the Amateur Oarsman's Contest on Harlem's River.

WACHUSETTS' FOUR WON

Wachusetts Also Won the International Four Oared Shell Race.

SOME FAST TIME AT DETROIT

The Abbott Goes After a Record But Fails.

New York, July 19.—The 28th annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen commenced today under the auspices of the Harlem Regatta Association. The course was on Harlem river between Fordham Heights landing, and Washington bridge, a distance of one and a half miles, straight away. A strong breeze blew directly against the oarsmen, which made fast time out of the question.

About 10,000 persons lined the river banks near the finish. In the international four-oared shell race, the starters were the Wachusett Boat club, Worcester, Mass., and Detroit Boat club, Detroit. The Wachusett crew was stroked by E. H. TenEyck, ex-Henley champion, who introduced his sculling style of sweep rowing. Wachusetts was first to catch the water. After a few strokes, however, the Detroits drew level, and then commenced a rare tussel. Both crews were steered badly, but Wachusetts forged ahead and finally won by two and one-half lengths of open water.

The last race was the Paris fours, the competitors again being Wachusetts and Detroits. Wachusetts won by about a length. This victory entitles them to a trip to the Paris exposition at the expense of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen.

The four are E. H. Ten Eyck, Con. E. Daly, Thomas R. Johnson, O. Henry Lewis, all of Worcester, Mass. The summaries:

International Fours—Wachusett crew, won. Time, 7 minutes, 36⅘ seconds.

Intermediate Singles—First trial heat, Joseph B. Nial, won. Time, 9:33⅕.

Pair Oared Shells—Vesper Boat club, Philadelphia, won by ten lengths. Time, 9:34⅕. Detroit second.

International Double Sculls—Union Boat club, New York, won; Time, 9:22⅘. Laureato Boat club, of Troy, second.

Association Single Sculls—L. Marsh, Toronto, won. Time, 11:08⅘.

Senior Eight Shells—Vesper Boat club, Philadelphia won. Time, 9:01⅘; Bohemain Boat club of New York, second.

Paris Four Oared Shells—Mile and 155 yards—Wachusett Boat club, won. Time, 7:06; Detroit Boat club, second.

FAST TIME AT DETROIT.

The Abbott Fails to Equal Track Record.

Detroit, Mich., July 19—The first fast time of the Blue Ribbon week was made on Grosse Park track this afternoon. The day was warm with little wind, and the track in prime condition. Prince Alert, the gelding from Providence, made a mile in 2:07 in the second heat of the 2:06 pace, and The Abbott went a mile in 2:07 in a trial against time to beat the record of 2:06¼. The Abbott's record today was his fastest for the present season.

Summaries:

2:08 trot, purse $1500, four starters.

John Nunn	1	1	
Kindmond	3	2	
Toy Britton	2	3	

Time, 2:09⅘.

Blue Ribbon stakes, $2000. 2:17 trotters. Eight starters.

Alan	1	1	1
Bessie K	2	2	6
Green Shot	4	3	2

Time, 2:12⅘.

2:27 pace, $1500. Ten starters.

Little Frank	2	1	1	1
Grace R	1	4	3	8
The Private	6	5	2	2

Time, 2:12⅘.

2:06 pace, $1500. Nine starters.

William Mc	1	3	5	1
Prince Alert	5	1	6	2

Time, 2:05.

2:10 trot, $1500. Five starters.

Dare Devil	1	5	1
Lotha S	5	1	4
Charley Herr	2	3	3

Time, 2:09¼.

DAVENPORT RACES.

Good Track and Fast Time in All Events.

Davenport, Iowa, July 19.—Several thousand people saw today some of the greatest speed contests ever held in the west. The track was fast, the winners going away with their previous records. The feature of the day was the 2:20 trot, four heats which went to four different horses. The results:

2:12 pace, $700—Mark Derby won; Personette, second. Best time, 2:09⅘.

2:20 trot, $700—May Alcott won; Red Ball, second; Rookley, third. Best time, 2:12½.

2:25 pace, $500—Fred the Kid, won. Best time, 2:14⅘.

THE DURKEE CLAIM.

Thrown Out of Court for Many Different Reasons.

Washington, July 19—The claim of the heirs of Charles Durkee, formerly governor of Utah, against the United States for certain bonds of the Central Pacific railroad company valued at over $60,000,000 was dismissed today by Judge Hagner in the district supreme court, and the application for a rule against Secretary Gage to compel the delivery of the bonds to the claimants was denied.

The judge said the decision was based on many grounds. An important one was that Leonard Blaisdel, the complainant's attorney, was not a proper person to bring the suit. He intimated that the suit could have been brought by the administrators and said it was strange that such great property had been so carelessly handled that all trace of it had been lost.

SMALLPOX AT NOME.

The Place Reported Fairly Overrun With the Disease.

Seattle, July 19.—The transport Athenian and the steamship Sequoia arrived today from Nome, July 3. The pest house at Nome is overflowing with smallpox patients and the government officials are erecting two other large structures. The disease has spread rapidly and a large number of cases are in quarantine in the tents in which they were discovered. Dr. J. J. Tyler, of Chicago, who went north on one of the first boats, returned on the Sequoia, and says there are at least 200 cases of smallpox in the pest house and around the camp, and new cases are developing at the rate of 17 to 20 daily.

Russians Hard Pressed.

London, July 20—The Daily Express publishes the following from Che Foo: "The Russian are hard pressed around Niu Chwang and have been expelled from Tien Chwang Tai, the scene of the great fight during the China-Japanese war, where they sustained heavy losses. They also have been compelled to abandon Tashichiao by a large body of Boxers and armed peasants. Here again the Russians lost heavily, but it is reported they succeeded in killing 700 of their assailants. The Chinese have completely demolished the railway north of Tashichau. The Russians are now moving on Niu Chwang."

Troops for the East.

Washington, July 19—Secretary Long received a dispatch from Captain Wilde this morning stating that the Oregon and Nashville arrived safely at Kure, Japan, and suggesting patching the Oregon, which will take but a short time, and returning for duty at Taku. To make permanent repairs would require sixty days or more.

The secretary replied as follows: "Universal rejoicing over safety of the Oregon. She is the Constitution of this generation. If safety of the Oregon permits patch and go to Tau, I commend your preference for service there."

Repairs for Oregon.

San Francisco, July 19—Batteries of the third artillery have been ordered in camp at the Presidio with instructions to have everything in readiness for sudden departure. Instructions have been forwarded from Washington requiring immediate preparations in camp for the comfort of 6000 men.

Recruits are arriving every day from all parts of the country and being furnished clothing outfits as rapidly as possible. It now begins to look as though Uncle Sam will have 10,000 men on the waters inside a fortnight.

Some Corrections.

Washington, July 19—Some of the names of the killed and wounded in a dispatch reported by Admiral Remey were found to be erroneously stated. Thus in the list of severely wounded J. Kelleher should be J. J. Kelleher; John Stakes should be John Stokes. In the list of slightly wounded Robert Desmond should be Roderick Desmond, Lavrin Larson should be divided into two names as follows: James J. Lavrin, Laurin L. Larrson, and M. E. Melver should be George E. McIver.

Florida Republicans.

Ocala, Fla., July 19—The republican state convention today nominated the following candidates: Governor, J. N. Combs; secretary of state, Geo. W. Allen, judge of supreme court, M. B. MacFarlane; comptroller, J. W. Powell; treasurer, W. G. Robinson attorney general, Fred Guerly, commissioner of agriculture, O. O. Burwick.

Deaths of the Day.

Akron, O., July 19—Sidney Edgerton the first governor of Montana, and former justice of the supreme court of Idaho, died here today, after a long illness aged years 82.

Indian Troops Arrive.

Berlin, July 19—A dispatch from Taku today says the first steamer bringing Indian troops to China arrived there the 10th.

Indianapolis' New P. M.

Washington, July 19.—The president late this afternoon appointed General George Maginnis postmaster at Indianapolis.

For Congress.

New Albany, Ind., July 19.—The republicans of the third congressional district today nominated Hugh O'Connor.

JESTER'S TRAIL

Across Illinois Was Well Marked and is Well Remembered.

BUFFALO AND SHEPHERD DOG

Add to the Links of Evidence Against Him.

THE BLOOD-STAINED ROBES

Are Remembered by the Witnesses From Decatur.

New London, Mo., July 19—The state has traced Jester through Kansas and Missouri and today it followed him through Illinois.

Senator Sylvester Allen, a distinguished citizen of Scott county, Illinois, was placed on the stand this morning. In 1871 he resided near Naples, Ill., on the state road leading from Naples to Jacksonville.

The witness said that in the winter of 1871 a man who he afterward learned was Alexander Jester stopped at his house over night. The stranger was driving one team and leading the other. He had a buffalo calf.

Senator Allen said that Jester attracted his attention by his peculiar demeanor. He would not eat the meat Mr. Allen had for supper, but brought from his own wagon some jerked buffalo meat and gave Allen's family some of it. When eating Jester used a large dirk knife to cut off bits of the meat. It is alleged that this knife killed Gilbert Gates in the Hulen lane, although the state is not trying to prove how and with what instrument the murder was committed. Jester wore an old soldier overcoat, considerably worn. It was partly wet and he hung it over a chair by the fire to dry.

He would not sleep in the house, but slept in his wagon. Mr. Allen's barn being small, and having room for only one of Jester's teams, the Gates team was put in the barn and the heavy team (Jester's) was hitched to one of the wagons on the outside of the barn. Mr. Allen remembered the date because his oldest child was a baby then.

Horace Hofferkamp, who was in the livery stable business at Springfield, Ill., in 1871, was the next witness. He gave important testimony regarding Gilbert Gates' shepherd dog.

He said Jester and his teams stopped at his barn and stayed there about one week. When he departed he left a very intelligent shepherd dog which the witness said he kept till it died, and then buried it. This is supposed to be the famous dog that belonged to Gilbert W. Gates. The witness said the dog lived four or five years after Jester left.

Mr. Hofferkamp also testified that at this point Jester sold his celebrated buffalo calf. He sold it for part cash, the balance to be paid the following day. When Jester failed to receive the balance due he called on the purchaser, a man named Still, for the buffalo. Still refused to give the animal up willingly and Jester took it. Still had Jester arrested. At the trial Jester was acquitted.

Hartwell Dunham testifies that in 1871 Alexander Jester sold three buffalo hides to a man named A. Dennis of Decatur Ill., who is now dead. Dennis took the hides to Dunham's father, also deceased, to be tanned. The hides were put into the vat.

After awhile A. A. Gates came along, on the track of Alexander Jester, whom he alleged had killed his son.

The hides were examined and blood was found on the hairy side of one of the buffalo hides. The theory is that this was the blood of Gilbert W. Gates.

Mrs. Matilda Dennis, mother of Charles Dennis, managing editor of the Chicago Record, corroborated Dunham's testimony. She remembers her husband telling about buying three bloody hides from Jester.

EXPECTED EASY TASKS.

Allies Didn't Think Chinese Would Resist at Tien Tsin.

Berlin, July 19.—A report has been forwarded by Count von Ussedom, captain of the German second class cruiser Bertha, of the capture of the native city of Tien-Tsin by the allied forces. The report says scarcely any resistance was expected when the Americans, British and Japanese finally stormed the walled native city on the afternoon of the 14th. The fighting is still in progress on the east side of the town, where the Russians were trying to seize the Chinese camp.

On the morning of the 15th Russian flags were floating from the Chinese camp and citadel.

Democrats Use Guns.

Cookeville, Tenn., July 19.—During the deliberations of the democratic senatorial convention of the tenth district today delegates Lit Cleek and W. O. Crawford, the latter a trustee of Overton county, quarreled. Cleek, it is alleged, was advancing on Crawford with a knife when the latter opened fire with a revolver, killing Cleek.

RECOGNIZES WAR.

That is Why Germany Refused Chinese Minister the Telegraph.

Berlin, July 20—The Berliner Post this evening contains an article, evidently inspired, giving the views of the German foreign office, regarding the withdrawal from the Chinese minister in Berlin of the right to use the telegraph for secret messages. The article admits stop is unprecedented, but declares it was rendered necessary by the "abnormal relations between Germany and China."

"The regular Chinese troops" the article says, "are in the field against the German troops. It also remains unknown whether the government from whom the Chinese minister was accredited still exists. Since the status in China is not absolutely clear, and since the news given out by the Chinese minister has not always been confirmed by facts, it is impossible to permit him to communicate freely with his government under the fiction that there is no war.'"

The article goes on to insinuate that the German government had expected the Chinese minister to take the initiative and show the foreign office all despatches as evidence of his good faith and adds: "The German government has given fresh evidence of its frank, above board policy and might have secured the correspondence through bribery, which it disdained to do.

It is a matter of honor for the Chinese minister to respond to the local attitude of Germany toward him with proof of equal loyalty on his part. The step taken is an appeal to his moral sense."

Considerable apprehension is expressed by the German press that the Chinese fleet is preparing to attack the German transports upon their arrival, but this anxiety is not shared by the foreign office. With reference to the proposed prohibition of shipment of arms into China, the foreign office says the matter has been left to the admirals, who are exercising due watchfulness. The foreign office does not believe the statement telegraphed to an American paper that the foreign legations are safe and bombproofs.

It is now settled the Chino expeditionary corps will sail in ten steamers from Bremerhaven between July 27 and August 3.

HASTENS TO CHINA.

W. W. Rockhill Goes as Special Commissioner to Investigate.

Washington, July 19.—W. W. Rockhill, director of the bureau of American republics, has been appointed a special commissioner to go to China, to investigate and report upon the situation.

Rockhill will ascertain the extent of the responsibility of the Chinese government, if any, for the existing disturbances and otherwise furnish the administration with information upon which the case of the United States against China for indemnity and reparation will be based.

Aside from the above appointment nothing important developed at the cabinet meeting today regarding the Chinese situation. The president leaves tonight for Canton, but will be ready to return here at a moment's notice.

For some reason the officials did not care to have it known that Rockhill had been selected for this responsible duty. Within a week he will have a final conference with the president and Secretary Hay and then will leave for China. He will probably go to Vancouver and from there take the Japanese line steamer for Yokohama, proceeding thence to Shanghai. Not until he arrives at Shanghai will Rockhill undertake to outline his further course. His position is a peculiar one. He will be actually an ambassador in power and so in scope his functions will be akin to President Cleveland's paramount commissioner to Hawaii, Blount.

After a stay of two days in the city, during which he had several consultations with the cabinet on the Chinese situation, the president started back for Canton tonight, taking the 7:15 express on the Pennsylvania railroad. With him also went Secretary Cortelyou, Webb Hayes and William Harbour, the president's nephew.

HUMBERT'S FAREWELL.

Speaks Encouraging Words to China's Expeditionary Force.

Naples, July 19.—King Humbert reviewed the Chinese expeditionary corps today and afterward addressed officers and men. His majesty said: "You go to a distant region, where our flag has been outraged. You go there not for the purpose of conquest, but only for the defense of the sacred rights of man and violated humanity. In your mission you will have for companions soldiers of the most powerful nations in the world. Be good comrades with them. Try to hold aloft the prestige of the Italian army and the honor of the country."

Chaffee's Commission.

Washington, July 19—The commission of Brigadier General A. R. Chaffee, as Major general in command of the Chinese expeditionary force, was made out at the war department this morning and sent to the white house for the president's signature. A cable notice of the appointment was sent to Nagasaki, Japan, where it will meet Chaffee on his arrival there.

Buy Pine Lands.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., July 19—The Calumet and Hecla mining company has bought all the pine lands owned by the Shell Drake Lumber company, in Chippewa and Luce counties for $650,000 cash. The deal includes the mill plant and docks at Shell Drake.

BAD FOR POWERS

Testimony Puts the Kentucky Official in Unfavorable Light.

WITNESS CULTON ON STAND

Gives Additional Details o the Mountaineer Excursion.

ADMITS HE IS A FORGER

One Witness Says Powers Ordered Badges for the Mountain Crowd.

Georgetown, Ky., July 19.—The Powers case started off today with witness Culton on the stand.

Culton said he boarded the mountaineer excursion at Richmond. He said Charles Finley told him to go there and come down with the men as Powers was hotheaded. He was told to tell the men to announce on their arrival that they had come only to petition the legislature. Powers gave the witness the badges for the mountain men who remained at Frankfort so that in case of trouble they would distinguish their own men from the others. Culton was asked if he had not been indicted for forgery in Jackson county. He answered he was indicted for the technical offense of signing another man's name to a petition for the building of a new county house. The defense attempted to show an intimacy between Culton and the prosecution and that a discrimination was being made between Culton and other defendants.

Silas Jones, of Whiteley county, who went with the mountaineers to Frankfort and remained there till after the assassination, was the next witness. Jones was in the executive building when the shooting occurred. The shots sounded to him to come from the secretary of state's office. After the shooting Jones was arrested as a suspect, but was released, the grand jury failing to indict.

George G. Fetter, of the Louisville printing house, told of printing badges on Caleb Powers' order. Fetter was entering the state house yard when Goebel was shot. He could not tell where the first shot was fired from, but was positive the subsequent shots were fired inside the main hall way of the executive building.

MRS. R. W. CHILSON DEAD.

Passed Away After a Long Illness—Funeral Sunday.

Mrs. R. W. Chilson died at 11 o'clock last night at the home of her brother, Frank Hubbard on North Pine street, aged 46 years. Her death was due to a complication of diseases. She had been in frail health for years past and about two years ago submitted to a surgical operation in the hope of gaining relief but has since grown steadily worse.

She is survived by her husband, R. W. Chilson and one brother, at whose home her death occurred. Mrs. Chilson during her life had been a member of Saint Johns Episcopal church and had been very active in the affairs of that society. She had resided in Decatur for twenty-one years and was well known and highly esteemed.

The funeral services will be held some time Sunday but the hour has not yet been announced.

At Camp Bobriety.

Landy Martin returned last night from a visit at Camp Bobriety on the Tom Scroggin's farm south of Harristown. That is the name of the camp adopted by the Decatur crowd spending a few days at the pleasant spot on the Sangamon river. In the crowd is Captain Fletch Lawrence, Tom Scroggins, John Plattner, Ben Bachrach, Emery Ward, C. M. Borchers and several others. The crowd is having a splendid time and are catching lots of fish. Ben Bachrach has opened an apothecary's shop and is taking care of all of the members of the party who show any signs of indisposition. They took along plenty of snake bite antidote but fortunately none of the members of the party have had the misfortune to be bitten. The crowd will return to the city Sunday or Monday.

By Degrees.

Fred H. Beckmann is moving his store from his old stand on East Eldorado street to his new building on North Morgan street. He is still doing business on Eldorado street and will not abandon that place until Saturday night. In the meantime he is gradually moving some of the fixtures and all of his duplicated stock to his new quarters.

Another Chop.

The local mills have cut the price of corn to 35 and 37 cents. Rye has been boosted to 40 cents from 30. Oats remain at 20 and 22 and wheat at 75 cents.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, July 19.—The signal service prediction for Illinois is as follows: Local rains and cooler Friday. Saturday fair, except showers in southern portions; southerly, shifting to northwesterly winds.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

DR. J. S. APPLEMAN

The famous specialist, to visit our city personally, an excellent chance for the sick and suffering. FREE Consultation and examination at his private parlors at

BRUNSWICK HOTEL

Decatur, Ills.

MONDAY, AUGUST 6.

returning every four weeks,

Dr. Appleman

Formerly of New York, now permanently located in Chicago, is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, the oldest medical institution of its kind in America. He has made a special study of the diseases of men, now, throat and kidneys in one of the great Hospitals and Charity Hospitals New York City and the result of his experience are many phenomenal cures all over the state. He treats

Acute and Chronic Catarrh.

Ringing in ears, deafness, diseases of the eye, ear, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, urinary and bladder nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or fits.

Hemorrhoids (piles) cured without knife. No pain and no detention from work.

Young and Middle Aged Men

suffering from spermatorrhea and impotency, as the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects such as emissions, blotches, debility, nervousness, distrust, combination of these symptoms is sufficient to unsettle the mind, defective memory, and self distrust, which unfits the victim for business or marriage are treated in the most scientific manner and cured.

Blood and Skin Diseases

As syphilis, scrofula, stricture, gleet etc., cured.

Diseases of women, such as leucorrhea, painful menstruation, displacement of womb, bearing down pains, etc., relieved in a short time.

The doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases.

He undertakes no incurable diseases, but cures hundreds after others fail. Correspondence solicited. Address,

J. S. APPLEMAN, M. D
100 22d St., Suite 22
CHICAGO, ILL

PAY WHEN CURED.

DR. ARTHUR,

The Chicago Specialist,

visits the following hotel parlors every 18 days, where consultation is free, confidential and invited. The next dates are:

Monticello, Sackriter hotel Mon., Aug 6.
Decatur, Brunswick Hotel, Tues., Aug 7.
Taylorville, Antlers Hotel, Wed. Aug 8.
Clinton, McGill House, Aug 9.

DR. ARTHUR names and locates diseases and weaknesses without asking questions, and will guarantee a cure or NO PAY in all curable cases.

Specialties Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrh and associate diseases, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Emissions, Atrophy, Physical Decline, and all Wasting Nervous Troubles of the Genito Urinary Organs of Men.

If impossible to call, write for testimonials, question blank, etc., to

ARTHUR MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

P. O. Drawer No. 676. **Chicago, Ill**

A. M. DREW, M. D.

SPECIALIST ON

Rectal, Genito Urinary and all Chronic Diseases.

Piles Successfully Cured without detention from business.

FENTON Block
Over B. Stine Clothing House. Decatur, Ill

DR. C. C. MILLS,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Excellent Hospital and Surgical Facilities
Calls Day or Night.
Office and Hospital 355 East Main St
Both Phones.

Advertise in the Moweaqua Republican.

Sixth Year. Published Every Thursday.

An Excellent Advertising Medium

Is read by all the intelligent citizens of Moweaqua and surrounding country. Advertising Rates Reasonable.

Mrs. Wm. Whitworth, Pub.
Moweaqua, Ill.

The Academy of Northwestern University, Seventeen teachers, effectives graduates. Fits for any college. Twelve miles from Chicago Census teaches Lake Michigan. New and well equipped building. Fall term begins September 3d. Students from 27 states and six foreign countries. Rates low. Some peculiar advantages. Send for new illustrated catalogue.

HANNAH F. FISK, D.D., Principal, Evanston, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

GOES TO A REFUGE

Clara Pyle is Declared by a Jury to be a Dependent Person.

YOUNG IN YEARS, OLD IN SIN

She Knocked Down Her Mother and Then Danced on the Prostrate Form. Severely Injuring Her.

THE GIRL TELLS A DIFFERENT STORY

In the county court Tuesday a jury heard the evidence in the case of Clara Pyle, dependent, and found her guilty as charged. She was ordered committed to an asylum of refuge, where she will for a time at least be safe from the influences which she counts when unrestrained.

Clara is the girl who was severely beaten by her mother and step-father and much sympathy was aroused for her on that account.

In the trial yesterday W. H. Tyler was appointed to defend and J. H. Latham appeared for the state. The whereabouts of the girl's father are unknown. Her age is given as 14 years but she is large for her age and her experience entitles her to many times that number of years. Her mother says that the girl seeks the company of disreputable persons and has on a number of occasions remained out all night. One man went on the witness stand and told that he knew men who had been out all night with the child. The mother, according to her story, did not get much the best of the girl in administering beatings. The mother said that she had been knocked down by her daughter and that before she could get on her feet again the girl had jumped upon her and kicked and stamped her about the body until she had suffered dangerous injuries. When the mother attempted to correct the girl the latter used language that was positively revolting. All of this the girl denied and said that she went to visit neighbors who were kind to her and to escape the cruelty of her mother and step-father. The jury declared that she was guilty and recommended her confinement in a refuge.

Here's the Tickets.

Here are the national tickets of the different political parties:

Republican—McKinley and Roosevelt.
Democratic—Bryan and Stevenson.
Fusion-Populist—Bryan and Towne.
Prohibition—Woolley and Metcalf.
Middle-of-the Road Populists—Barker and Donnelly.
Silver Republicans—Bryan and Stevenson.
Socialist Labor—Harriman and Hayes.
Delcon Socialists—Malloney and Remmell.
United Christian—Swallow and Woolley.
Social Democracy of America—Debs and Harriman.

Very Wet.

Officer Meridith found him lying full length on the front stone walk in Central park at 1 o'clock Monday night with the rain pattering down on his face and making him as wet on the outside as he was within. He was escorted to the station and there gave his name as John Rogan and his vocation as farm hand from the vicinity of Niantic. He was given a dry cell and a chance to sober up before returning to his home.

Unnecessary Scare.

Secretary Egan of the state board of health is unable to account for the report from Chicago that there are 1250 cases of small pox in Illinois at this time. As a matter of fact there is less smallpox in Illinois now than at any time during the past nine months. The total number of cases now will not exceed 100.

Mrs. Ann Soto, whose son was the "Dan" of Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad," celebrated her 100th birthday in New York last week.

For burns, injuries, piles and skin diseases use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the original. Counterfeits may be offered. Use only DeWitt's. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

If Ignatius Donnelly has withdrawn the letter was in cipher, and nobody has been able to find the key.

Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises which heal rapidly, when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. Price 25 and 50 cents. At John E. King's and Swearingen's drug stores.

In literature what matches the cloak and sword drama is now called the "sword and plume" novel.

After many intricate experiments, scientists have discovered methods for obtaining all the natural digestants. These have been combined in the proportion found in the human body and united with substances that build up the digestive organs, making a compound called Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and allows all dyspeptics to eat plenty of nourishing food while the stomach troubles are being radically cured by the medicinal agents it contains. It is pleasant to take and will give quick relief. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

A New York man wants to celebrate Julius Caesar's birthday. Invitations will not be sent to the duke d' Arcos.

There is no longer an excuse for any one to endure the torture inflicted by piles when Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment will cure them, a remedy so moderate in price and so effective. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes 75 cents. John E. King's and Swearingen's drug stores.

The two-step is declining. Two violent for summer weather.

Children often cry not from pain but from hunger although fed abundantly. The trouble arises from inanition; their food is not assimilated but devoured by worms. A few doses of White's cream Vermifuge will destroy the worms when the children will begin to thrive at once. Price 25 cents. John E. King's and Swearingen's drug stores.

In Big Bend, Wis., the members of a Baptist church, who are mostly prohibitionists, have discarded wine in the communion service and use cold water.

If the stomach liver and bowels fail to perform their functions regularly and naturally the blood becomes contaminated with impurities and the whole system is in consequence unbilitated. Herbine is remarkable for its efficacy in curing the ailments of summer and the disorders prevalent during hot weather. Price 50 cents. John E. King's and Swearingen's drug stores.

Anthony Comstock last week seized 38 slot machines and 6,000 pictures that he did not like.

Herbine clears the complexion, gives buoyancy to the mind, cures headache, regulates the stomach and bowels, stimulates the liver, and is, in fact, a perfect guardian of the health. Price, 50 cents.—John E. King's and Swearingen's drug stores.

Forty-five Chicago couples began married life at St. Joseph Sunday.

LIVERITA the up-to-date Little Liver Pill 5c boxes contain 15 pills, 10c boxes contain 30 pills, 25c boxes contain 100 pills. Sold by Johnn E. King and A. J. Blaine, Decatur, Ill.

Lady Randolph Churchill's wedding dress is to be of blue chiffon, with lace, and a pale blue hat with black plumes.

Business men who lack the vim, snap and vigor they once had should use Herbine. It will purify the blood, strengthen and invigorate the system. Price, 50 cents. John E. King's and Swearingen's drugstores.

"Conventional black" on a hot day holds the heat.

To cure stomach troubles take Hoods' dyspepsia tablets before you eat. For sale by W. P. Neister drug and supply company and King's drug store.

Almost every country in the atlas now has a war of some degree on its hands.

There are no better pills made than DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Always prompt and certain. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

New York has the first hook and ladder truck ever equipped with rubber tires.

CASTORIA.
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Vincennes Sun is the oldest paper in Indiana, having been in existence since 1804, when that state was a part of the Northwestern Territory. Its columns contain the records of every presidential election since Jefferson.

One Minute Cough Cure, the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Try it. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

It took Sir Arthur Sullivan only 16 days to write and rehearse his first opera.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

More than 9,000,000,000 gallons of water was pumped from the lake for the use of Chicago last month.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are chama little pills for liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

Lowestoft, in Suffolk, was the first English place to have a lighthouse.

A gentleman recently cured of dyspepsia gave the following appropriate rendering of Burns' famous blessing: "Some have meat that can not eat, and some have none that want it; but we have meat and we can eat.—Kodol Dyspepsia cure be thanked." This preparation will digest what you can eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures indigestion and all stomach disorders. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

In seven of 12 short stories written lately the heroine married at 25.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Five hundred and sixty births were reported in Chicago last week. Half were boys and half were girls.

It has been demonstrated by experience that consumption can be prevented by the early use of One Minute Cough Cure. This is the favorite remedy for coughs, colds, croup, asthma, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Cures quickly. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

Barring dramas, the poems that have furnished most quotations in English are probably Gray's "Elegy," Burns' "Tam O'Shanter," and Coleridge's "The Ancient Mariner."

The law holds both maker and circulator of a counterfeit equally guilty. The dealer who sells you a dangerous counterfeit of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve risks your life to make a little larger profit. You can not trust him. DeWitt's is the only genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve, a well known cure for piles and all skin diseases. See that your dealer gives you DeWitt's Salve. J. E. King, H. W. Bell, F. W. Swearingen, N. L. Krone.

A MISTAKE MADE

The Pagoda is Not a Tool House But a Retreat for the Custodian.

MAY BE A NEW BOARD

Two New Commissioners to be Appointed and a Third is Still to be Ready to Resign Under Certain Conditions.

CHANGE MAY BE MADE IN A MONTH

The work on the pagoda in Central park has been stopped for several days past, owing, it is said, to the trouble in China, which has delayed some needed advices as to the further progress of the improvement. The fact leaked out yesterday that the papers and the public have unwittingly done the park commissioners a gross injustice. They have maintained all the time that the new twelve hundred dollar structure was for the park tools. The tools consist of a rake and a lawn mower and a hoe, and on a bargain Friday would be worth as much as 75 cents, and therefore the tax payer would have no right to kick if the new house did cost a few hundred times more than the price of the garden implements. But the house was never intended for tools. One of the commissioners in discussing the matter with a city official a few days ago said that no one was complaining about the house but the "infernal newspapers." He added that everyone knew that the assertion that the building was for tools was ridiculous and vouchsafed the information that it was to be a headquarters for the park custodian. It is proper that the public should be set right on this question. It is also proper that the park custodian should have a retreat where he can doze away the long summer hours when he grows weary of listening to the rippling waters of the fountain. Rippling water produces somnolence, and somnolence is a mighty unpleasant thing to have away from home. A man who gets an attack of it wants to sleep it off, and it would not be right for him to do that in the open air. The custodian works hard from any time that he cares to begin until he gets ready to quit putting in his time. Sometimes he chases a small boy off the grass, and other times he is compelled to rest his weary bones on a park settee along with the tax payer who provides his salary. This is neither fair to the settee nor the custodian, the ought to be provided with a couch of down within an artistic building. It would be asking too much of him to seek shelter in some building across the street, 100 feet away. The people will steel themselves to the necessity of allowing the tools to rust in the open air but they will doubtless rejoice to know that the consideration for the custodian has induced the expenditure of $1200 for a shelter for him.

There is liable to be a complete change in the board of park commissioners within the next month. As stated several days ago William Voorhies has resigned his place on the board. Although a member he never attended the sessions, being for a greater part of the time absent from the city. A member of the board will have to be appointed in his place. Another member will have to be appointed in the place of P. Loeb. Mayor Stadler was asked yesterday if he had selected any one for these places, but declined to discuss the matter at all. He said he would take care of the question when he came to it. An alderman who ought to know what he was talking about said that it was quite certain now that Mr. Loeb could not be confirmed in case he was reappointed and this same alderman said that he understood that Mr. Burrows, while perfectly willing to continue in the office with Mr. Loeb, as an associate, had announced that if Mr. Loeb should be retired that he would then hand in his resignation. In case this should all come to pass there will be an entire new board of park commissioners.

AN OLD LAND MARK.

Central Block at Last to be Beautified by a Handsome New Building.

Tuesday workmen began to tear down the old Stine building at the south end of Central block. In its place a handsome new three story structure of brick and stone will be erected. The work will be commenced on the new building as soon as the site is cleared away. The tearing down of the building will remove one of the old landmarks of the city but the people feel that they will be able to stand the loss. The public has for years been anxiously awaiting the time when a modern building would take its place.

The talk for years has been that the entire block would be rebuilt at the same time but the various owners were unable to get together on the proposition and Mr. Stine will therefore go it alone. The new improvement will extend north as far as the Dona building.

BRINTON REPEATS

That He Would Not Be Pleased With 16 to 1.

W. B. Brinton, formerly secretary of the democratic state central committee and now again a member of the committee, after four years of silence during which time he was lukewarm in his democracy if nothing else, was in Decatur yesterday. He was here on personal business but smiled in a knowing way when asked if he was once more in politics. Recently the Peoria Star quoted the ex-marshal as saying that he would have been much better pleased if the Kansas City platform had omitted the 16 to 1 plank. He admitted that was what he had said and added, "It would have been better too, if they had left out that plank. We would have had a show of winning. Maybe we can win anyhow. We'll try it."

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Some of the Things Accomplished at Peoria.

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Augustine and little daughter returned Thursday from Peoria where they have visited relatives since the close of the Epworth League convention which was the attraction around which their visit centered.

One of the notable things done in the convention was the appointment of a committee of five, one member from each of the four conferences and the president of the state association, to work for the success of the biennial convention which will be held in California next year. This committee will be known as the transportation committe and all details will be arranged and each conference thoroughly canvassed in the interest of "California, 1901."

One of the most important places of the Epworth League work and the one which attracted the most attention in the convention is the reading course. The new books are out for next year and are considered by everyone who has seen them as far superior to this year's books.

The fact that where last year people had to be coaxed to buy them, this year they are voluntarily giving orders, presages for them the popularity that is believed to be due them for their excellent features. Miss Vica Hutchinson of the Rock River conference was made secretary of the third vice president, and put in charge of the literary work.

EXTENSIVE EXPERIMENTS

Being Made With Illinois Soil at the University.

The agricultural department is conducting a piece of work this summer which will probably result very successfully for the university. Mr. Ward, one of the agricultural assistants, started in, several weeks ago, getting samples of Illinois soil for the use of the agricultural school experiments. Each county in the state, from Cairo to Galena, is to be visited before the summer is over and a sample of the earth shipped to the university. An elaborate system of experiments will probably be continued with this earth, and data obtained, which will be very valuable to the farmer in telling what variety of crops can be best grown at certain periods in various parts of the state.

OLD SCHOOL MATE.

D. L. Bunn and Minister Conger Attended Lombard University Together.

United States Consul Conger who is reported killed in China, is an old school friend of D. L. Bunn. Mr. Conger and his brother, the Rev. E. L. Conger of Pasadena, Cal., attended the Lombard university at Galesburg with Mr. Bunn and they were for a time very intimate friends. Mr. Bunn has kept up his acquaintance with the Rev. Mr. Conger but recently had lost track of the movements of the brother.

Candidates on Postal Cards.

A special from New York says: New fancy postal cards that are being extensively used in sending messages to foreign countries bear pictures of the national candidates of the two great parties. One set of cards have the pictures of McKinley and Roosevelt and the other of those of Bryan and Stevenson. Underneath the pictures are the words, "Hurrah for our next president." The latest design for postal cards, however is the picture of the disastrous fire at Hoboken. One of the steamers is burning at the dock, and there are pictures of the little tugs throwing water on the blazing boats. One noticeable picture is that of the steamer Santa burning, and at the bow is her commander, Captain Mirrow, who perished in her. A tug is seen throwing water on the steamer.

The Medical Society.

There will be a regular meeting of the Decatur Medical society, Thursday evening, July 26 in the Elks' club rooms. The program will be: "Medical Education of Today as Compared With Fifty Years Ago," Dr. W. J. Chenoweth.

"Infantile Diarrhoea," Dr. E. A. Morgan.

Deeds Recorded.

Samuel D. May to Hiram Johnson lots 3, 29 and 30 in block 1 and lots 1, 2, 29 and 30 in block 2 lot 3 and 10 feet off of the west side of lot 2 in block 8 all in Oaklawn addition and all of block 5 except five acres off of the south end of said block in Oaklawn addition to Decatur; $1.

Richard Jones to John Ryan lot 5 in block 3 in third Rolling Mill addition to Decatur; $800.

Easy Money.

The members of the board of review have easy money in sight this year. Their hardest work is waiting for the tax payer to come before them and register his kick. The tax payer, however, does not seem to be in a kicking mood now Tuesday the board had but one complaint and in ten days' session have had less than thirty.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local application as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, are the best.

Hot? Yes, Hot!

Hot Weather! Hot Bargains!

Cool Footwear! Cool Prices! No Profit!

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.

SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE

Oxfords and Summer Footwear Must Go. Sold at Wholesale Cost and Less.

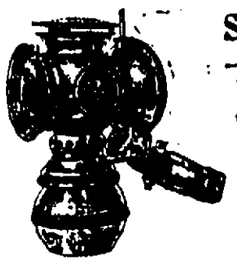
1-50—Women's Tan Vici Kid Oxfords, latest toe, inlaid vesting top, $2.50 grade, only	$1.75
L-261—Women's Tan Vici Oxfords, coin toe, mixed lot, nearly all sizes, high grade—$2.50 to $3.00—only	$1.50
36-17—Women's Tan Kid Vesting Top Oxfords, sewed soles, latest shape, $1.75 grade, only	$1.25
9-18—Women's Tan Front Elastic Gore Oxford, $1.50 grade, only	$1.25
25-1—Women's Tan or Black Boudoir Slippers, $1.25 grade, only	69c
1-23—Women's Tan Cloth Top, Hand Turn Shoes, $4.00 grade, only	$2.50
1-23—Women's Tan, cloth top, embroidered top shoes, $3.50 grade, only	$2.75
1-52—Women's Tan Kid Lace, inserted vesting top, $3 grade, only	$2.50
1-48—Women's Tan Kid Lace, kid top, $3 grade, only	$2.50
1-43—Women's Black Kid, black cloth top, lace, $3 grade, only	$2.50
13 13—Women's Black Cloth Top, lace, patent tip, $1.50 grade, only	$1.25
L-112 Women's Grain Buskins, heavy low cut shoes, all solid, wide, will stand the racket, $1.00 grade, only	79c
41-15—Women's Vici Kid Lace, latest toe, kid tip, $1.75 grade, only	$1.49
45-8—Women's Tan Goat Oxfords, tan tip, $1.75 grade only	79c
6-2—Misses' Dongola Button, patent tip, $1.25 grade, only	79c

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.,

148 E. Main St., Decatur, Ill.

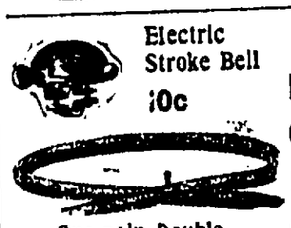
Brilliant Ideas.

Bring this ad with you and get the following low prices for This Week Only.



SOLAR GAS LAMP $1.85

Your choice of 50 pair **Handle Bars At 35c**



Electric Stroke Bell 10c

One pair Double Tube Tires $3.50

Bundy Gas Lamp $1.50

A Regular $30 Bicycle for this week only . . . $16.25

$40 Wagon for $28.50 This week only

$40 Wagon for $28.50 This week only

Our stock of Vehicles and Harness is very complete, and this is Bargain Week.

COME AND SEE US.

J. G. STARR & SON.

LINCOLN SQUARE.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE
JOHNSON'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
A Scientific, Unfailing and Permanent Cure only for Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all Stomach and Nerve Troubles.
Put up in tablet form, pleasant and easy to take, and affording immediate relief by enabling the stomach to furnish natural nourishment to the blood, Nerves and Muscles.
For Sale by All Druggists.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cu
Digests what you ea
It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Gas, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and other results of imperfect digestion.
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

FREEZING THE GU
is the safe and most painless method of extracting teeth.
Extracting, 25c
Medical and Surgical Dentistry. The best grade of dental work exclusively. Guaranteed. I have no inducements to offer in dental work but the best of dental, thorough workmanship and latest improved methods.
Best Teeth on Best Plate, improved, look like natural, none better at any price.
Cement, Composition, Porcelain or Bone Fillings.
Silver or White Metal fillings.
Teeth cleaned and polished.
Gold fillings (condensed).
Three kinds of Crowns, Bridgework.
Extracting free when teeth ordered. Consultation free.
Dr. J. Franklin Fri
Rooms—Suite 304 Powers Building. Fifth year in Decatur.

$8 BEST SET OF TEETH
SAME AS OTHER DENTISTS CHARGE $10 AND $15 DOLLARS FOR.
We use everything known to the profession for the comfort of our patients and at all times give them the best work for the least money.
AND PLATES REDUCED
Teeth Extracted Without Pain 25c.
Set of Teeth, Best Teeth, 22 Caret Gold crowns, Gold Fillings, Silver Fillings, Plate Repairs, Teeth Cleaned.
J. D. MOORE'S
Painless Dental Parlors
103 East Main St.

Free Homestead
in We Can
Hunters, farmers' sons, farmers burdened with taxes, mortgages, crushed soil and crop failures, free homesteads of 160 acres in Canadian West, the land of Hard Wheat, 25 to 35 bushels to the acre, cost railroad rates, special advantages to Prospectors. The best grain growing country in the world. Good markets, abundant fuel. The Mecca for those, who recently made the Western States prosperous. Speak of it as the home for settlers. The official report says: "To the small farmer and those from the Western Canada offers great inducements. It seems a long way north, the Canadian Pacific Railway line is far south of Edinburgh, Harvest Northern Minnesota, and the land of the rare crops." For maps and full information write to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to
C. J. BROUGHTON,
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Treate with you whether you continue using tobacco or quit. No To-Bacco Spit. You take the desire for tobacco, with all its injurious effects, gradually disappears, and you feel like eating, sleeping, working, perhaps the blood purer, the brain clearer, the body healthier, in fact, you feel manhood restored. No To-Bacco Spit. No Smoke. No Ashes. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail, 50c and $1. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Write for booklet. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.
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Yes, Hot!

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Cool Prices! No Profit!

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Wholesale Cost and

...$1.75
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COLE SHOE CO.,

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with you and get the fol-
rices for This Week Only.

SOLAR GAS LAMP $1.85

Your choice of 50 pair Handle Bars At 35c

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Bicycle for ly . . . $16.25

$40 Wagon for $28.50 This week only

of Vehicles and Harness is
and this is Bargain Week.

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IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE

DYSPEPSIA

Indigestion and Permanent Pem
indigestion and all Stomach

by All Druggists.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

what you eat.

is the food and aids
in building and recon-
structed digestive or-
est discovered digest-
No other preparation
can effectually.
Permanently cures
Dyspepsia, Heartburn
Sick Headache, Nausea,
Gastralgia, Cramps, and
all results of imperfect digestion
Bottles only 50 cents. Chicago.

PREVENTING THE GUMS

painless method in

Dentistry

25c

Dentistry and
specialty. Gas administered
Crowns, Bridges, Fillings and Plates
Work Guaranteed.

$8

50c up
50c up
$1 up
Bridgework, etc.
Teeth are or-

Dr. J. Franklin Fribley,

Over Powers Building,
Corner Main and Prairie Streets.

$8 BEST SET OF TEETH $8

SAME AT OTHER DENTISTS CHARGE $10 AND $15 DOLLARS FOR.

We do every thing known to the profession to the comfort of our patients and our prices give them the benefit of the least money.

NO PLATES REQUIRED

Teeth Extracted Without Pain 25c.

Set of Teeth	$3.00
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Painless Dental Parlors,
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Free Homesteads In Western Canada

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

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Chicago, Ill.

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Guaranteed to cure any case of tobacco habit, positively the
Sold and guaranteed by all druggists, 50c and $1.00.
Booklet mailed free. Address, Sterling Remedy Co.
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PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
Safe and always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Chichester Chemical Co. 1505 Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.

HE WILL NOT RUN

Away From a Nomination for States Attorney if Tendered Him.

SO MR. WEBBER DECLARES

T. F. Drew Says That Mr. Webber's Course Is Not Fair to Him—He is Still in the Race

AND WILL ASK A NOMINATION

In a recent interview A. G. Weber announced that he would not run from a democratic nomination for states attorney. He left the inference of course that he would again sacrifice himself for the good of the cause it called upon to do so. Mr. Weber has been sacrificed twice before and the business of making a quadrennial martyr of himself does not seem to leave a bad taste in his mouth. The indications are, however, that he will not be begged to take the place on the ticket, and that if he wants it he will have to hustle for the privilege of being beaten in the fall. This is owing to the fact that a couple of active young democratic lawyers are not waiting to be begged to take the place on the ticket but are begging for it. There has been some talk among the democrats recently of forcing the nomination on James Whitley, who publicly announced some time ago that he would not have it. In regard to being forced Jim says that he will not make the race under any condition, although feeling grateful to those friends whose anxiety to get him on the ticket seems to be their predominating desire. T. F. Drew and C. M. Borchers are the two young lawyers who are willing to make the race.

DREW TALKS.

In speaking of his candidacy yesterday Attorney Drew said: "Yes, I am still a candidate and will be a candidate before the convention for the nomination. I want my friends to understand the position in which I am placed. Had Mr. Webber told me at the beginning of the campaign that he was going to be a candidate for the nomination I would not have allowed my name to have been used in that connection at all. But when he made the statement to the public last March saying that he was not a candidate and would not accept the nomination under any conditions, I thought that the way was clear for me. I told Mr. Webber that if he was going to be a candidate I did not want to make the race against him but that if he was out of it and that his decision was final in the matter that I would be a candidate. Mr. Webber assured me that he would not be in the race, saying that he had spent $2500 in politics in Macon county and that he was done with it.

I then began a canvass for the nomination and have been assured of the support of many of the leading democrats. When Charles Borchers came into the race Mr. Webber went so far as to suggest to me that Borchers and myself combine our forces in an effort to defeat Whitley. A few days ago Webber came to my office and asked me what I thought of my chances for election. I replied that I did not know what my chances were but that I was a candidate for the nomination and would make the best canvass possible. Webber then said that at the time he had assured me that he would not be a candidate that he had no intention of allowing his name to be used, but since that time he had been besought by his friends and such pressure was being brought to bear that he might reconsider his determination. He said that he was not now a candidate but that he might be. It will be an injustice to me for Webber to allow the use of his name at the present time after assuring me that he would not be a candidate. You can say for me that I am in the race and that my name will come before the convention July 28 as a candidate for states attorney."

STONED A TRAIN.

Hoodlum's at Stonington Endanger the Passengers.

As Wabash train No. 50, due here at 9:05, neared Stonington last night, some one threw a big rock through the window of the rear coach. The rock shattered the glass and continued its course across the car to the opposite window facing and fell to the floor. Ben Walters, of this city, was sitting close to the window and received a piece of the shattered glass in his ear but was not injured. Another passenger was sitting close to the window and was slightly cut in the face with a piece of the broken glass. What object the miscreant had in throwing the projectile at the car is unknown but the Wabash authorities will find out and punish the individual, also or he may be.

Was It a Miracle?

The marvelous cure of Mrs. Rena J. Stout of consumption has created intense excitement in Caumack, Ind," writes Marion Stuart, a leading druggist of Muncie, Ind. She only weighed 90 pounds when her doctor in Yorktown said she must soon die. Then she began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and gained 37 pounds in weight and was completely cured." It has cured thousands of hopeless cases, and is positively guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents. J. E. King, C. F. Shilling and N. L. Krone.

Met Death in the Fire.

Chicago, July 17.—Thomas D. Cahill, western representative of the Cosmopolitan magazine, was killed in a fire that destroyed the Vehmeyer broommorn warehouse last night. The body was found in the ruins today. Cahill was sleeping in that portion of the boarding house which was caught by the blaze and fell into the ruins of the warehouse.

DEATH RECORD.

George Veech of Oakley—Daniel Fielding Dead at Jacksonville.

At his home near Oakley Tuesday morning occurred the death of George Veech, one of the oldest settlers in that township. He was 70 years and 6 months old and had lived in this county 68 years.

The deceased was born in Kenucky and came to Illinois with his parents when he was only two years old. In March 1861, he married Louisa Keckel, who with seven children survives him. The children are John L., Clement, Hayden Veech of Long Creek, Mrs. H. S. Clarkson of Cerro Gordo, Otis H. Veech of Oakley and Augustus and George L. Veech who live at home. He is also survived by his brother, A. J. Veech of Sangamon and two sisters, Martha and Mary Fisher living near Sangamon. The funeral will occur this forenoon at the family residence. The burial will be at Greenwood.

FIELDING.

Daniel M. Fielding died at the asylum in Jacksonville Monday night aged 68 years. The deceased had been a contractor for a number of years in Decatur and was widely known. His mental trouble was supposed to be due to overwork one day recently when the heat was excessive. In addition to his wife he is survived by his nephew, George Bell and niece, Miss Lizzie Bell of Peoria. The funeral will be this afternoon, the services being at the family residence on East Williams street at 3 o'clock. The interment will be at Brush college.

THE GOEBEL LAW.

Declared by Kentucky Republicans to be the Issue.

Louisville, Ky., July 17—The republican state convention nominated for governor John W. Yerkes of Danville and adopted a platform declaring the issue of the election to be the Goebel election law, and adjourned within three hours. The feature of the speeches was the tributes paid to what the democratic party had done in the past, though they unsparingly denounced the present democratic state administration and democratic legislature, thus indicating a purpose to welcome into the republican party all the democrats who are opposed to the Goebel election law.

There is no nomination made except for governor, as this year's election is an extraordinary one to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Goebel.

LI HUNG TO HONG KONG.

Receives an Edict Appointing Him Viceroy of Chili.

Washington, July 17.—The state department has bulletined the following: "The secretary of state has received a despatch from Consul McWade, of Canton, saying Li Hung Chang has sailed today for Hong Kong. He received an edict last night appointing him viceroy of Chili and commanding his immediate presence there. Fears are entertained at Canton that his absence may give occasion for a disturbance of the peace. French gunboats have arrived at Canton.

Deaths of the Day.

Dubuque, Iowa, July 17.—Henry L. Stout, the millionaire lumberman, and a pioneer of the northwest, died today, aged 86.

Kansas City, July 17.—Former mayor, Col. Milton J. Payne, died today, aged 71.

Leadville, Colo., July 17.—Judge A. W. Stone died today of cancer of the throat, aged 74.

Davenport, Iowa, July 17.—John B. Phelps, a prominent lumberman, died today of apoplexy attributed to worry over the fate of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Woodward, who was a guest of Minister Conger at the American legation in Pekin.

Tampa, Fla., July 18.—Gen. W. P. Hazen, uncle of Brigadier General Hazen, Mrs. George Dewey's first husband, died at Thonotosassa last night, after an illness of several weeks, aged 81.

Mother Superior.

At Alton Mother Lucy of the Ursuline convent at Decatur has been elected to the position of Mother Superior of the order to succeed Mother Thoresa who served in that position twenty years and then resigned. Mother Lucy and the Sisters of the Decatur convent have been in retreat at Alton for nearly two weeks. The Sisters will return to Decatur the latter part of the week and then the successor of Mother Lucy at Decatur will be known.

The Appetite of a Goat.

Is envied by all whose stomach and Liver are out of order. But such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular healthy habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c at J. E. King's, C. F. Shilling's and N. L. Krone's drug stores.

Sails for Nagaski.

San Francisco, Cal., July 17.—The United States army transport Sumner, bearing a detachment of troops, surgeons and hospital assistants, sailed today for Nagaski, where it is believed further orders will be received directing the vessel to proceed to Taku, China.

Wedded in Chicago.

Walter S. Carr formerly of Argenta, but now practicing law in Chicago, was married to Miss Mary Conway Adams on Saturday, July 14. The couple will be at home after September 15 at Ellis avenue and Thirty-sixth street, Chicago.

Sec. Wilson Called Back.

Burlington, Iowa, July 17.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson who came to attend the funeral of Senator Gear, received an urgent telegram from President McKinley to come to Washington. Wilson left at 3:40 this afternoon.

Good Wheat.

The wheat yield in Logan county is reported to be a good one. The minimum reported up to date is 15 bushels and the maximum 35 bushels.

DOESN'T RUSH IN

The Committee Reports Nearly $30,000 Subscribed for Industrial School.

WILL CONTINUE SOLICITING

Three Families Closely Related Have Agreed to Give One-Sixth of the Total Demand.

IT IS EASY TO FIND OBJECTIONS

The Industrial school committee held a meeting at the office of W. O. Quitap last evening. There were present, W. O. Outten, E. A. Guyman, Theron Powers, Harry Shlaudeman, D. S. Shellenberger, George A. Stadler, Bernard Bradley and T. T. Roberts.

It was reported that $30,000 has been subscribed toward the $100,000 that is required by James Millikin as a condition to his gift of $200,000. This sum has been subscribed in various amounts ranging from $10,000 to $500. The members of three families which are closely related have subscribed $16,500, one-sixth of the entire amount.

Each member of the committee was given a list of names of the men he should visit and while some of the members were very successful in getting desirable amounts others did not succeed in getting anything more than promises. The committee found that a number of persons who are able to give to the fund had other uses for their money and various excuses and objections were made. Some objected to the giving on the grounds that the school was to be controlled by the Cumberland Presbyterian church and some raised other objections. One member of the committee was particularly successful, securing over $2200 on his list.

Those who have not yet secured definite promises are not discouraged by any means and will go on with their work until they are satisfied that they have done the very best that is possible in inducing the persons on their list to contribute. The feeling among the members of the committee however was unanimous that in order to succeed in raising the $100,000 every man must do the very best that he possibly can.

The committee decided to make another effort and meet again one week later to report. In the meantime they are ready to receive subscriptions of any amount.

RACING AT DAVENPORT.

Cool Weather and Muddy Track for Opening Day.

Davenport, Iowa, July 17—The opening day of the Great Western circuit races was cloudy and cool, and the track was muddy near the pole. The summaries:

Three-year-old trot, $2500—The Medium won in straight heats; Susie J. R. F., second; Phippen, third. Best time, 2:22½.

2:40 trot, $500—Johnnie Miller, won; Gamio, second; Joymaker, third. Best time, 2:17½.

2:25 trot, $500—Cantrolto, won; Constenaro, third. Best time, 2:17.

Lecture at A. M. E. Church.

G. F. Ritchings, author and lecturer, delivered an interesting lecture at the A. M. E. church on Spring avenue last night which was listened to by a fair sized audience. Mr. Ritchings is a colored man and his lectures are devoted to showing what the race is doing for itself and what other people are doing for it. The subject was "Evidences of Progress Among the Colored People." It was illustrated with stereopticon views. The speaker told of a number of prominent colored men and mentioned one who had donated $100,000 for the erection of a home for old folks. He also spoke of William Porter, a colored undertaker and embalmer, of Cincinnati, who has become wealthy in the business. Mr. Porter is a cousin of Hue Singleton, of this city.

Mr. Ritchings will deliver his lecture at the Baptist church on Spring avenue this evening and on the following night will speak at the First M. E. church.

Band Tournament.

Manager Mont Pentwell, of the Goodman band, chief whooper up of the band tournament, has commenced his tournament campaign. The date of the event is August 19. Manager Pentwell is busy securing promises from bands in various sections that they will come and take part in the day of music. Alrendy Springfield, Danville, Champaign, Terre Haute and Monticello have agreed to come. Invitations have been extended to the Pekin bands and to all of the bands in the small towns near Decatur. The expectation is that the attendance will be larger than last year and that event was counted a winner.

In Honor of Guests.

Miss Bertha Gray entertained a party of friends last night at her home on North Water street, in honor of Misses Goltra and Allinson, of Bloomington. Miss Allinson is a teacher in the Wesleyan college and Miss Goltra is a graduate of the school. Both are talented musicians and the affair last night was in the nature of an informal musicale. About 20 guests were present. During the evening light refreshments, consisting of cream and cake, were served. The decorations were red and white.

Bought a House.

V. T. O'Donald, the Wabash claim agent who recently moved to Decatur from Springfield, has purchased the B. F. Bobo residence on Powers Lane and expects to get settled there within a short time.

The only art Store for pictures, frames and guilding, is Meicher's, 3rd door South of postoffice, Decatur, Ill.

CLAIMS DAMAGES.

Samuel Keim Says His Garden Was Hurt $200 Worth.

Samuel Keim filed a suit against the city of Decatur yesterday for $200 damage alleged to have been done to his garden and chickens at his home on South Colfax street. The damage was the result of the city obstructing a water course. The hearing of the case was set for next Monday by Justice O'Mara.

A peculiar suit was tried before Justice O. W. Smith Monday evening. The title of the suit was E. Neil vs. Elmer Atterberry and Howard Hyley. According to the evidence it seems that Hyley while in the city one day last week told Fred Mathias that Atterberry who lived near Boody had a stack of hay that he could buy by going out after it the next day. Mathias was acting as the agent of Neil and with him they went out to the Atterberry farm the following day and found that the hay had been sold. They demanded reimbursement for the loss of time in making the trip. The court heard the evidence and then dismissed the proceedig on the grounds that it was a case where the defendants had been acting in good faith and that no malice was intended. Hyley thought he was doing a favor to both Mathias and Atterberry and instead made trouble for both of them.

Morell Wilson and Kate Record who were arrested on the charge of disturbing the peace were dismissed by Justice Smith yesterday as the arrest grew out of a neighborhood row for which all of the parties were sorry after it was over.

August Hackot who is charged with breaking open a Wabash car and stealing therefrom was arraigned before Justice Hardy yesterday and hearing set for Wednesday at 2 o'clock.

MORPHINE FIEND

Who Has in a Marked Degree One Never Failing Symptom.

The statement is always made by those who have studied the characteristics of morphine fiends that an utter disregard for the truth is one of the characteristics that never fail to appear.

On Main street last night Officer Fenton noticed a woman staggering as though she was under the influence of liquor. He took her to the police headquarters and there the discovery was made that she was an opium fiend. The woman said that her name was May Burne and that her home is in Indianapolis. According to her story she came to Decatur Monday night for the first time. She is 20 years old and her father is a wealthy man in the Hoosier capital and she could not live at home because of a tyrannical step-mother. That story would have been all right if she had stopped there and talked no more. But she continued to talk. She had a little money and said that she wanted to leave the city, going to Argenta. Officer Dunnigan accompanied her to the depot and on the way down she pointed out a number of men whom she called by name and displayed a familiarity with Decatur subjects which seemed to contradict the story that she had been in Decatur only 24 hours. The woman said that she became addicted to the use of opium in taking it to allay pain during a long illness. When she was asked if the habit had such a firm hold that it could not be broken she replied: "Oh, no, I could quit if I had to but you know I don't have to quit."

ENGINE ARRIVES.

Traction Company Wants Generators—Two of Them in Sight.

Mention was made in the Herald several weeks ago that by reason of a small company selling out to the General Electric company the Decatur Traction company had not been able to get generators for a new power house. The General Electric company refused to fill the contracts of the company which had been absorbed. The Traction company will in all probability purchase two Westinghouse generators which were in use a few months at Anderson, Ind., but which will be set aside for larger machines. The Traction company's expert examined these machines and found that they were practically as good as new. They are the same size the company had contracted for. W. L. Shellabarger was in Chicago yesterday to look after the purchase of these machines.

The first of the new engines for the power station arrived in Decatur yesterday. The power house work is now up to the placing of the engine and generators.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by J. E. King, C. F. Shilling and N. L. Krone, druggists.

The Oats.

C. H. Faith and Sherman Neiman from the vicinity of Warrensburg were in the city yesterday and state in reference to the damage to the crops that the rain and wind had not done as much damage in that part of the country as had been reported. The oats are but slightly damaged and if there is no more rain most of the oats will be all right. The corn is not damaged to speak of but is becoming wet enough and should there be more windstorms that the corn will suffer.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth of La Grange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For ulcers, wounds, piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by J. E. King and C. F. Shilling.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE BLUEGRASS CARRIAGE SHOP.

Tire Setting Cold and tire not removed from the wheel.

No Bolts Taken Out.

IT SHINES FOR ALL.

No heating and burning rims, no "dishing" and springing wheels, but shrunk cold to the rims by pressure. Nothing new, no venture, but the same process that has been used in all wheel factories for 20 years past. As we have heretofore set tires by heating and by hand in Decatur, does not argue cold shrinking or machine setting a venture. But the object is to do it quicker and then absolutely perfect and a

Guarantee

all the time or money refunded.

I am working this cold setting machine every day in Decatur with success and satisfaction to the customers in every case. It is the first one and only one here now. I put on the first rubber tires ever put on in a Decatur shop; now several shops put them on at home. So with the cold tire setting machine. In a short while other shops will adopt this more speedy and common sense method in self defense. Just one trial and the skeptic is a convert.

Bluegrass Carriage Shop
Kramer's Old Stand. 260 E. Main

Are You Going to PAINT? If So,
Why not use the Best?
It costs as much for labor to use poor paint as it does the best.
Remember we guarantee results, which is better than a guarantee on paint only. It makes no difference whom your painter may be I will guarantee you a first class job if you use
Devoe & Reynolds'
READY PREPARED PAINTS
C. M. Barnett,
Successor to C. L. GRINWOLD & CO. 161 E. Main St.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by John E. King and A. L. Shilling at Decatur, Ill.

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Established Oct. 6, 1890.

Weekly Republican.

Established August 1, 1868.

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A Substantial Discount.

To all subscribers old or new who pay will arrange to the Semi-Weekly Herald and one year in advance a discount of 20 per cent will be made. It is intended very soon to adopt the pay in advance system and this is the way it is to induce every one to pay what is due. The subscription price of the Semi-Weekly is $1.00 per year. Look at the label on the paper, and from that date the amount can be easily computed. Deduct 1.5 from the amount due and send the remainder. Bear in mind that this offer includes payment of one year in advance. Remit by money order or draft to the Herald, Decatur, Ill. Don't delay, but act at once.

The people who mind the country move are not for Bryan.

Messrs. Aldrich and Bryan have not yet referred to Prince Tuan as a George Washington.

This will be a patriotic campaign with practically all the patriots voting for McKinley and honesty.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, has concluded that it is time to return to the republican party. He favors expansion, protection and the flag, and the term of Teller comes to that his boat.

It has not been stated whether the democratic candidate for nomination for state's attorney who advised Drew and Borchers to combine and beat Whitley believes in the democratic or the executive.

The McKinley administration has committed the United States to opposition to the division of China and from present appearances the work powers will ultimately accept the policy outlined by this country.

The democratic campaigners should contend that the Filipinos, under the declaration of Independence, are entitled to the kind of government they want and that Aguinaldo and the powers have no business interfering with them.

The chief difficulty with the Bryanites is that they are so taxed so diligently in trying to make it appear that liberty and license are synonymous as they have been in trying to make it appear that a 50-cent dollar and a 100-cent dollar would circulate at a parity.

Scratch the back of Adlai E. Stevenson and you will find an 1873 greenbacker and a democrat who opposed Lincoln and the war for the suppression of the rebellion on the ground that the constitution was being violated and government by the people was imperiled by Lincoln.

Mayor Harrison's attempt to force the presence of Bryan at the national encampment of the G. A. R. at Chicago, if successful, will do Bryan no good. Grand Army men have little use for an officer who goes with a regiment to the front then resigns and leaves the regiment and returns home while the men are compelled to serve their time.

The trouble with such statesmen as Bryan, if he were president, would be trimming his official acts to make votes for his party instead of being moved by patriotic motives and the good of the nation. He has no opinion as to the Chinese affair. McKinley, though a candidate, has an opinion and that is to do the right thing for the honor of the government and the peace of the world. If Bryan were president and a candidate for re-election he would be as destitute of an opinion as he is now.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS.

The following from the American Economist tells the story:

"The decision must be made, as it was made in 1896, between national honor and national dishonor, between ruin and safety. There is but one issue, and it is sharp and clear. We have full confidence that the American people will decide this question as they decided it four years ago.

"For what he is and believes and for what he would do Bryan deserves and will encounter a terrible defeat.

"For his record and his achievements, for the qualities of character that make him an eminently safe president, for the prosperity of the nation, for its continued maintenance of the position it has taken among the nations of the earth during his administration, Mr. McKinley deserves and will receive a vote of renewed confidence and "reelection to the office he has well administered."—From the New York Times (democratic) July 6, 1900.

Those statements define the position of the leading democratic newspaper of New York and of the United States with regard to the questions involved in the presidential campaign of 1900. Certainly, no anti republican journal has exceeded the Times in vigorous and able treatment of broad national questions. None has more effectively taken issue with certain republican principles and policies, notably the principle and policy of protection to American labor and industry. In view therefore of its previous attitude the determination of the Times to oppose Bryan and advocate the re-election of President McKinley acquires a special significance. It appeals with great force to a reading constituency largely made up of democrats of independent tendencies—democrats who are in business or who work for wages and who accordingly will adopt the course which the Times has adopted and will choose for prosperity safety and honor as against ruin recklessness and dishonor. They will support and vote for the re-election of William McKinley as president of the United States.

In opposing the popocrat nominee on the ground of national honor national safety and national prosperity the New York Times finds itself in excellent company. A large number of democratic newspapers of marked character and influence have already indicated a similar decision. The press despatches of July 8 as printed in the New York Herald of July 9 embody a notable list of journalistic deserters from the Kansas City platform and ticket.

The Boston Herald which leads the democratic press of New England in circulation and influence announces its intention to support McKinley.

The Philadelphia Record, foremost among the journals of that city in circulation, and the only outright democratic daily in the Pennsylvania metropolis, refuses to support Bryan, because "he is not a democrat, but a populist."

The Observer of Charlotte, N. C., always democratic hitherto, announces that it will not support Bryan because "he is not a fit man for president, in charge of the craft he would run it upon the rocks." Of the several democratic dailies published in Baltimore not one has yet shown a decisive inclination to support Bryan.

The Galveston-Dallas News, the leading democratic daily of Texas, exhibits a tendency to bolt Bryan.

The leading independent or anti Goebel paper of Kentucky, the Lexington Herald will oppose Bryan, and it is said to be certain that a majority of the anti Goebel democratic papers of that state will oppose the national democratic ticket.

The Denver Republican, which supported Bryan four years ago, is now a supporter of the national republican ticket and the Denver Times repudiates Bryan as a false prophet and openly derides the claims of democrats to the electoral vote of Colorado.

The St. Paul Globe, for many years the leading democratic newspaper of the northwest, denounces the Kansas City platform as "A Crime Repeated," and the Times of Minneapolis, also democratic, seems inclined to assume a similar attitude.

The Post of Worcester, Mass., hitherto democratic, condemns the Kansas City platform and predicts the defeat of Bryan and of several democratic congressmen.

Thus, in one day's news reports, we find the geography of the United States pretty thoroughly spotted with democratic bolters and dissenters among the important newspapers of the country. It looks like business—the business of level headed democrats who, whether employers or wage earners, see nothing but menace and mischief in this year's democracy, and who, caring most for national security, national prestige, national honor and national prosperity, will support the ticket that stands for the best and not the worst.

Premiums for Tenants.

The farmers of Cass county have a new move on foot. The land owners in that county propose to raise money. It is alleged, among themselves sufficient to give premiums amounting in all to $250 for the best tenants in the county and to provide an additional sum sufficient to enable judges to determine who are entitled to these prizes. The matter is of special interest in Illinois, where quite a large proportion of the land is owned by one set of men and farmed by another, and the object is to put a premium on good farming and thus encourage the men who farm other men's land to improve their method in every possible way both to the advantage of the land owners and the land workers.

No Birds to Give Away.

The department of agriculture at Washington has issued regulations for the proper execution of the Lacey law for the protection and importation of birds. A circular containing the regulations has been published. It explains that the department merely purposes to supplement and not to hamper or replace the work hitherto done by the state commissions and organizations. Attention is called to the fact that while the act provides for the purchase and distribution of birds, no appropriation is made for that purpose. The department, therefore, has no quail, pheasants or other game birds for distribution. Instructions in detail are given as to what is prohibited by the act.

Deeds Recorded.

J. C. Hostetler to Eliza J. Brewster the north half of lot 4 in block 2 in North addition to Decatur; $6.95.

Melissa M. Schutt to Charles O. Wilson lot 11 in block 2 in Bellevieb Place, $450.

THE UP AND DOWN

Writing Now Taught in the Schools is Already in Disfavor.

GOING BACK TO OLD SYSTEM

Speed Not Possible With the Vertical Style and Business Men Don't Like It Because It Lacks Individuality.

WHAT SUPT. GASTMAN SAYS

Several years ago the old fashioned slant style of writing was shelved by the board of education and the vertical used to replace it. The children who had been taught to make graceful curves and loops everywhere on letters that bowed politely to the right were told to make their letters stand up like little soldiers. The boys especially liked the change, for they were not particularly given to flourishes. Day by day the new system developed the new handwriting and now just as most of the children are settled in the vertical groove, comes the rumor of another system.

One reason for adopting the vertical was hygienic. It was claimed that under the old system pupils got into awkward positions, and that curvature of the spine, impairment of vision and other physical ills came from the habit. The vertical system permitted those who practiced it to sit upright in a natural position, but it is much slower than the old style.

The vertical method resembles somewhat the angular English hand, but it is less pronounced, and its letters are smaller and wider. The old writing had a slant of 38 degrees from the vertical and 52 degrees from the horizontal. Its letters were all narrow and high, these spaces being permitted for the highest letters, the same below the line for the sublime letters. The vertical, besides avoiding the slant altogether, is wider and the letters much lower than the slant. It is claimed by the advocates of the vertical that children learn to write more easily and more quickly, and that it is more regular and beautiful in appearance. Its opponents assert that the speed is much less than in the slant, that there is always a tendency to backhand in it, also that there is less opportunity for individuality in it.

In New York a new system of penmanship has been on trial for four months, and the results are announced as unusually successful. The new method is described as a compromise in which it is sought to retain the good points of both the vertical and the slant. It retains the broad letters and moderate height of the vertical style, but is started from twenty to twenty-five degrees from the vertical.

This new writing, it is claimed, will enable the writer to develop a running hand, which is always more rapid than any other.

The legibility formerly supposed to be due to the shape and breadth of the letters in the vertical style more than to their uprightness, it is claimed, can be retained in the new system. Some teachers have declared that the vertical is tiring to the eye, and that the essential difference between the N and U and W and M, for instance, are not distinct enough in the vertical.

The users of the new system just introduced in New York schools are advised not to insist upon the exact angle, as freedom is the greatest result for which the new system aims. In Somerville, Mass., a number of experiments and investigations were made to test the relative merits of the two systems. In a trial to decide the matter of speed it was found that students using the vertical system wrote an average of from eight to twelve words per minute, while those following the slant were able to average twenty seven words per minute. It would appear, therefore, that the speed of the slant method was more than twice that of the vertical. Some of the reasons given by business men for not employing boys writing the vertical hand are not only lack of speed but lack of individuality. One man's ledger would be in the style of writing just like another's ledger. Business men preferred writers whose penmanship was distinctive. This desire on the part of business men was the principal reason for the change made in New York schools.

VERTICAL SYSTEM IN DECATUR.

Said Superintendent Gastman yesterday: "The vertical handwriting was adopted in the Decatur schools some three or four years ago. I never have seen any advantage in this system of writing except in its legibility but I do think that in this one point it is superior to the old slant form. As to its hygienic value, that is all tosh. I can see how a child sitting in a strained and unnatural position for two or three hours at a time could be injured but the children are not kept at writing long enough each day to make any position they might take extremely dangerous. The vertical system is more legible and more easily read and that is all that can be said for it. I have tested it by taking papers from five different grades in the city schools and looking them over carefully to see if I could read the writing. In the five grades there were probably 150 papers and out of this number I found only two that could not be read without trouble. I have never tested the old slant system in this way but do not think it would have showed the same satisfactory results.

"There is no doubt but that a great deal that is said about the advantages and disadvantages of certain systems of writing is simply talk. Every child has some individuality in holding his pen and very few grown people follow the system they are taught in the schools. They very soon invent one for themselves and use it all the rest of their lives. So to my mind the system that is most legible is the system that should be used."

The art institute has been given the St. Gaudens Columbian medal.

FRANK SMITH KILLED.

Chicago Papers and Police Believe the Decatur Man Was Accidentally Killed.

Mention was made in the Herald of the fact that Frank Smith, formerly of Decatur, had killed a man in Chicago during a quarrel and had then escaped, although the facts in the case seemed to indicate that he had acted in self-defense. The Chicago Tribune of Thursday says:

"Retributive justice is believed to have followed fast on the footsteps of Frank Smith, who shot and killed John Barnum, an insurance agent, in front of the White Palace saloon in West Madison street last Sunday night. A mangled body believed to be his was found near the Desplaines river along the railroad tracks on Monday morning. It was taken to the Cook county morgue. Friends of Smith who saw the clothes believe it was his body.

After he had killed Barnum Smith was seen going west on an elevated train. People who knew him think they saw him dodging about the tracks west of the city at midnight. It is thought he boarded a freight train in an attempt to escape and fell beneath the wheels and was ground to death only a little while after Barnum died in the county hospital.

"Smith's friends had been making every effort to discover where he had gone as they believed a coroner's jury would have acquitted him. Several witnesses declare Smith shot in self-defense. They say the two men had quarreled over the possession of a chair in front of the White Palace saloon. Barnum picked up the chair and rushed at Smith who dodged and finally drew a revolver and shot Barnum.

Smith went to the nearest elevated railroad station and boarded a west bound train. Several people saw him in the railroad yards west of the city but here all trace was lost. Some of his friends say the clothing on the body found on Monday morning was like that worn by Smith when he was at the White Palace.

The body at the morgue was disfigured so badly it could not be identified except by the clothing.

Smith's friends believe that if he were alive he would have returned long ago as they say sober reflection would have convinced him that was the wisest course.

"Smith's relatives and friends aided by the police have made the most complete search for the missing man but without success."

TRUCE DECLARED.

Women Bury the Hatchet and Pay the Costs—Justice Courts.

James Morse appeared before Justice of the Peace Prevost yesterday and swore out a warrant charging Mrs. John Burns with assaulting a little daughter of Morse's. The hearing of the case was set for 1 o'clock July 24.

The case of Jeannette Chasnitski vs. Minnie Vaught, who is charged with assault, which was set for a hearing before Justice Prevost, was settled today with a trial by the parties agreeing not to prosecute. They paid the costs and were glad to get off that easy after each of the parties in the controversy had sworn out warrants.

Frank Benjamin, who was charged with attempting to beat a board bill by Doyle Cox, appeared before Justice Prevost yesterday and settled the claim and that was the end of the case.

A weary tramp who had been picked up by the police the night previous, was arraigned before Justice Prevost yesterday and got 30 days on the charge of vagrancy.

Joseph M. Fairchild, who was arrested for attempting to pass a forged check for $110 at the Millikin bank, was arraigned before Justice Hardy yesterday and waived examination. He was held under $500 bonds to await the action of the grand jury. He could not give bond and went back to jail.

The cases from Short street in which there were charges and counter charges for using profane language in which women by the names of Harkelroad, Williams, Mullen and Silage were complainants and defendants were set for a hearing before Justice O'Mara yesterday but were continued to Monday.

The Bowman and Garrett assault cases will come up for trial before Justice Hane this morning. These are the cases which grew out of an argument over the location of a line fence dividing the parties.

AWNINGS SUGGESTED.

A Philanthropic Scheme Offered for the Protection of the Park Custodian.

Since the fact has come to light that the pagoda in Central park is not a tool house but a retreat for the custodian of the beauty spot the tax payers have realized that in the past we have been inconsiderate of the welfare of the man who looks after the park. The people are willing to make amends, however, for their lack of thoughtfulness in the past. One citizen expresses the belief that the park commissioners should now put awnings on the trees and provide a movable awning to go with the rake and the lawn mower so that under no circumstances would the custodian be exposed to the danger of getting sunburned.

The wall around the pagoda has not yet been removed. The treasure is still shut out from the gaze of a vulgar and unappreciative public. When it comes time to expose the aesthetic walls of the little retreat it might be apropos to have an unveiling. The Sons are willing to take charge of the exercises.

Scarlet Fever.

There is an epidemic of scarlet fever at the town of Oconer which promises to spread over the vicinity as nearly all the children of the town have been exposed. At present there are seven ill with the disease which first appeared in the family of Mrs. Wilson whose little daughter took it immediately after returning from a visit at Crawley, La. Nearly all the children of the town were in to welcome the little girl home and were consequently exposed before the fever was far enough along to be recognizable. So far all the cases are of a mild form.

The Kentucky court of appeals has decided that dogs disturbed while eating, may bite without legal consequence.

GRAIN STEADIER

Markets Opened Weak and Nervous But Firmed Up at Close.

WHEAT SHOWED SMALL GAIN

Break at Liverpool and Crop News Responsible for the Weakness—Corn Also Shows Weakness.

WORLD'S MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

Chicago, July 19—Wheat—There was moderate speculative trade, the market ruling decidedly weak at the start, followed by a much steadier tone, the final figures showing a gain of ¾ to 1c. Quite a few stop loss orders were executed at the start. The break at Liverpool, favorable weather and crop reports were mainly responsible for the lower opening. Paris was off 1½ to 2, Liverpool ¾ to 1 for futures, London was 1¼ lower. At the decline local professionals bought freely and also the seaboard. The advices from the spring wheat belt were bullish, no doubt again becoming a factor. The northwest was credited with being on both sides of the market. The late rally was due to the shorts evening up. The Chinese situation is no doubt causing uneasiness.

Corn—Not a large trade, nervous, covering a 1⅛c range with a gain of ¼ to ⅜c. The lower start caused quite a few stoploss orders to be executed. Lower cables and crop reports caused the weakness at the start. The offerings were not heavy and the bull leaders were buying. The floor traders manifested more confidence than for some days.

Oat lots were good, the demand offerings moderate, and the feeling easier at closing which was firm but a cent lower.

Oats—Moderately active. Prices declined ¼ to ⅜c on general liquidation, introduced by the break of other grains. Good buying by shippers and shorts, and the northwest advance in wheat and corn carried prices to the close of yesterday where they held until the last. There was a smaller range than of late. A better cash demand existed.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, July 19—Flour—Quiet.

Wheat—Weak at the start and steadier at the close, ¾ to 1c gain. Fair trade. No. 2 red, 76⅝ to 77⅛; No. 3 red, 75 to 76½; No. 2 hard, 73½; No. 3 white, 76½; September opened 75 to 75¼; highest 77⅛; lowest 75; closed 77⅛.

Corn—Nervous and small trade, closing ¼ to ⅜c gain. No. 2, 38⅝ to 38¾; No. 3, 38⅝ to 38⅝. No. 3 yellow, 38⅝ to 39⅛; No. 4, 38⅝. September opened, 37½; to 38; highest, 39; lowest, 37½; closed, 38⅞ to 39.

Oats—Moderately active, closing ¼ lower; No. 3 white, 24⅝ to 26¼; No. 3, 24 to 24¾; No. 2 white, 26¼; No. 3, 24; No. 3 white, 26¼ to 26⅝.

Rye, 54½; barley, 40 to 47; timothy, October, 3.22½ to $3.27½; flax $1.70 to $1.80; clover $9 to $9.50.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—July $11.50; September $11.65.
Lard—July $6.62; September, $6.67.
Ribs—July $6.70; September $6.72.

PRODUCE.

Chicago, July 19—Butter firm; creameries 15 to 19; dairies 14 to 17.

Eggs—Firm 11.

POULTRY.

Poultry dull; turkeys 6 to 7; chickens 8½ to 14.

HOW PRICES FLUCTUATED

The following is the range and close of yesterday's grain and provision markets:

	Open	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'y
WHEAT—					
July	71½	75⅝	71¼	75⅝	74⅞
Aug	71⅝@71¾	76⅛	74⅞	76⅛	75⅛
Sept.	72⅝@75¼	77⅛	75⅛	77⅛A	75⅛@75⅛A
CORN—					
July	37½	38⅝	37⅝	38⅝	38⅛
Aug.	37⅝@37¾	38¾	37⅝B	38⅛B	38⅛A
Sept.	37⅝@37⅞	39	37⅝B	38⅞@39	39⅛@38⅛B
OATS—					
July	23	23	22⅝	22⅞	23⅛A
Aug.	23@23⅛	23	22⅝	23	22
Sept.	23⅛@23	23⅛	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
PORK—					
Sept.	11.57½@11.67½		11.57½	11.65	11.70
LARD—					
Sept.	6.70	6.70	6.65	6.67½	6.70
RIBS—					
Sept.	6.75	6.75	6.70	6.72½	6.77½

Chicago, July 19—The following were the receipts and shipments today:

	Receipts.	Ship.
Flour	22,000	13,000.
Wheat	70,000.	139,000.
Corn	294,000.	238,000.
Oats	128,000.	143,000.

WHEAT AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, July 19—Wheat—Strong; September 76¼ to 76⅝; December 77 to 77½. Cash, No. 1 northern 1½ over September; No. 2 northern sold at 1c to 1½c under No. 1.

GRAIN AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, July 19—Wheat—Spot dull, No. 1 northern spring 6s, 3d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 3s, 11d; do old 3s, 11½d.

THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 19—Wheat—Receipts 11,000; exports 13,000. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 84c f. o. b. afloat No. 2 red 81⅝ elevator. Options closed strong on active demand from shorts at ⅞c to 1c net advance. September 81⅝.

Corn—Receipts 164,000; exports 973,000. Spot firm; No. 2, 46c f. o. b. afloat and elevator. Options closed quite strong at ⅞c net advance; September 44⅛.

Oats—Receipts 88,000; exports 7000. Spot weaker; No. 2, 26; No. 2 white 29½ to 30; track mixed western 28c to 29; track white western and state 29 to 34½. Options closed dull but steady.

GRAIN AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, July 19—Wheat—Cash, 73½; September, 74⅝.

Corn—Cash, 39; September, 37½.

Oats—Cash, 23½; September 22½ to 22⅝.

GRAIN AT PEORIA.

Peoria, July 19—Corn lower; No. 3, 38⅝.

Oats—Inactive; No. 2 white, 25¼ to 25½.

LIVE STOCK PRICES.

Chicago, July 19—Cattle receipts, 7000, market lower. Beeves, $4.60 to $5.70; cows, $3 to $4.75; Texans, $3.25 to $4.15; stockers, $3.25 to $4.65.

Hogs—Receipts 21,000; market steady, shade higher; mixed, $4.95 to $5.25; heavy, $4.95 to $5.25; light, $4.95 to $5.25.

Sheep—Receipts 20,000; market steady to 15 lower; $3 to $4.40; lambs 25 lower, $4 to $4.60.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, July 19—Cattle—Receipts 2000. Market steady. Native steers $4.30 to $5.40; stockers and feeders, $3.40 to $4.75; cows and heifers, $2 to $4.75; Texas steers $3.55 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts 4000. Market shade higher. Range $5 to $5.25.

Decatur Markets.

Wholesale Prices.

Butter, ready sale—			
Country, per lb	$.15	@	.12
Packing stock	.11	@	.....
Creamery	.22	@	.....
Eggs, per dozen	...	@	.9
Lemons, 300 size	5.00	@	5.50
Bananas, stalks, per bunch	1.25	@	2.00
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	.07	@	.08
Peanuts, raw, per lb	.05	@	.06½
(These prices are paid by grocers.)			
Butter, per lb	.8	@	.15
Eggs, per dozen	.08	@	.09
Lard, per lb	.....	@	.6¾
GRAIN.			
Wheat, No. 2	.75	@	.....
Corn, white	.37	@	.....
Corn, yellow	.38	@	.....
Oats, white	.....	@	.23
Oats, mixed	.20	@	.....
Rye	.40	@	.....
BUTCHER STOCK			
Hogs, per 100	4.25	@	4.90
Shipping cattle	4.00	@	5.00
Cows	3.00	@	3.50
Heifers	3.00	@	4.00
Butcher steers	3.50	@	4.25
Calves	4.00	@	5.00
Sheep	3.00	@	
Lambs	4.00	@	
POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT.			
Hens, per lb	.06	@	.8
Springs	.10	@	.12
Cocks	.03	@	.....
Ducks	.01	@	.....
Turkeys	.05	@	.06
Geese	.03	@	.....
Eggs	.08	@	.....
HAY AND STRAW.			
Baled hay—			
Timothy, new	$11.50	@	.....
Mixed	10.50	@	11.00
Straw	.....	@	5.00
Retail Prices.			
GRAIN			
Oats	.33	@	.....
Corn	.50	@	.....
BALED HAY AND STRAW			
Timothy, per cwt	.60	@	.65
Clover, per cwt	.....	@	.40
Straw per bale	.30	@	.....

COE IS DEAD.

Former Police Officer Dies Near Dennison Texas.

P. H. Coe formerly a police officer in Decatur died at the home of George Burch near Dennison, Texas, on Sunday, July 15. Several days ago mention was made of the fact that Coe was critically ill and that his death must soon occur. He was suffering with consumption. It was because of that disease and the belief that a change of climate would benefit him that he went to Texas.

Coe was a policeman on the Decatur force during the administration of D. O. Moffit. Previous to that time he had been a motorman on the street car line. He was not a robust man and the exposure he suffered on the street car and as a policeman aggravated the seeds of consumption which had already been sown. When he first went to Texas he seemed to be greatly benefited by the change and after two years came back to Decatur. He soon discovered that he could not stand this climate and returned to Texas but he never recovered from the effects of his visit here.

Coe was about 31 years old and was not married. His father and mother formerly lived near Macon and he has a brother living in Danville. By those who knew the man intimately and had an opportunity to learn and appreciate his good qualities, he was well liked. He was sober and industrious. He had a great pride in himself and was careful never to do anything that he felt would in any way reflect upon his character. It was that pride and his determination to rise in the world, to prosper and be independent that to the unthinking repelled rather than attracted but that was only one of the number of good qualities of the man. Those who knew him will regret to learn of his death.

Broken Leg Killed Him.

Oscar Corley died at his home near Mowaqua a few days ago. About four weeks ago Corley was hurt in a runaway in Decatur. He was thrown from his wagon and his leg broken. Blood poisoning set in and caused his death. He was 30 years old and leaves a wife and two children.

From Camp.

Charles M. Borchers returned yesterday from a week's outing spent in camp at the Scroggins farm, twelve miles northwest of the city. He brought with him a string of cat fish and reports the sport good and the other members of the camping party, of whom there are several well and having a huge time.

Comes to Decatur.

J. W. Montgomery, formerly of Macon, recently has been graduated from the law school at Ann Arbor, Mich., and has come to Decatur to locate and practice his profession. He has rented the Mayfield property on Powers lane and will bring his family to Decatur.

An Addition.

Miss F. J. Webber has let the contract for an addition to be built to the business block occupied by the Bushway Extract company on North Water street. The addition will be 40x40 feet and will be built of brick. Henry Amman has the contract for the brick work.

Recorder Hensel of West Hoboken says a father has the right to curse his son.

Ladies' Drum Corps.

The ladies of the Alcibuler Drum corps met at the courhouse last night and elected officers. Miss Rose Kuder was elected captain and Miss Lulu Simpson secretary. A committee was appointed to select costumes and order drums. The democrats expect to make this the banner drum corps of the country and these young ladies, who have rendered their time, talent and services to the aid of the party, should have the universal support and assistance of the democrats of the county. The members of the drum corps are Anna O'Boyle, Ella O'Boyle, Jennie Williams, Lulu Parks, Mattie Driesbel, Rose Kuder, Lulu Simpson, Bertha and Daisy Nicodemus.—Taylorville Breeze.

In a Vault.

The family of the late A. C. Stevens arrived from Des Moines, Iowa, on Thursday afternoon, bringing the ashes of the body of the deceased, which were carried in a small can wrapped about with the American flag. The family consisting of Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Stevens and the wife, Mrs. A. C. Stevens, were met at the station by the undertaker and several friends in carriages and the ashes were taken to Greenwood and placed in the Bullard vault. The G. A. R. acted as an escort and conducted the usual service at the vault.

A Country Supper.

A party of young ladies of this city, composed of Lena Ott, Bessie Reinstorf, Kate Hattle and Lydia Dueschline, drove out to the country home of August Ott, near Elwin, and spent the night. A sumptuous country supper was served.

FARMS

For sale in Harrison and Monona counties Iowa. These counties join and are both bordered by the Missouri river, Harrison county being only 20 miles from Council Bluffs and Omaha.

120 acres 4 miles from railway station 100 acres fine high bottom land which is in cultivation. Good house and cheap outbuildings. Price $3210 per acre, $1500 cash.

160 acres 4 miles from market, nice gently rolling land 130 acres in cultivation, balance wild meadow. Good buildings. Price $35 per acre, $1500 cash.

240 acres 3½ miles from market, all fine bottom land. One set of good buildings and one set of fair buildings. Price $37.50 per acre, $3000 cash. Will divide this farm and sell 80, 120 or 160 with one set of buildings to suit purchaser.

80 acres 4 miles from market, all fine level land, no waste, and on which is 3 sets of buildings. Price $45 per acre, ½ cash.

Our staple crops are Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Clover, Timothy, all the Vegetables, and Fruit. Write me, stating the kind of a farm you want. I have farms for sale on very easy terms.

S. C. DIGGLE, Woodbine, Iowa.

FARMERS COLUMN

MONEY—We do a general loan business.

And are prepared to make loans at reasonable rates. Open evenings. All papers executed in our office. Pegram & Co., Citizen's bank building.—July 17-w1t

THE MAGNETIC AND MENTAL SCIENCE METHOD of healing is the rational and natural method of effecting a permanent cure. I have every reason to say so; it cured me of consumption. After my recovery I took a full course in this science. Whatever your ailment. Come it costs nothing for consultation. Hours 10 a. m. to 12, 2 to 8 p. m. Mrs. R. Nahrgang, 852 W. Wood.—17-July w2

FOR SALE—One fine slightly used piano, one handsome Shetland pony, and three general purpose horses. All for sale at a bargain. S. M. Lotz—July 17-w2w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Estate of L. E. Cross, Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of L. E. Cross late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the August term on the first Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 16th day of June A. D. 1900. Erastus Cross, Administrator.—June 19-w3w.

WANTED—Vehicle painting. Get your carriage or buggy repainted in the latest style with the best of material by J. L. English, the carriage painter, corner Main and Church street. All work guaranteed.—12-June wtf

WANTED—Everybody to know that you can get the same meal for 15c that you pay 25 up town at Myer's restaurant, 241 N. Water St. R. T. Myers. 6-June wtf

FOR SALE—A 12-horse power high grade improved multipolar electric motor. The machine is as good as new and will be sold at a bargain. Call on or address The Herald, Decatur, Ill.—April 13-wtf

MONEY to Loan $ ANY good Security $ $ MONEY to Loan.

Why not reduce your rate of interest? We offer special inducements this week in the way of rates. Partial payments can be made at any time. We also can save you money if you wish to borrow on household goods, buggies, horses, cows, grain, or on any kind of good collateral. Can handle good notes. Don't renew your old loan or contract for a new one without first seeing us. We loan for the interest. No exorbitant rates. Geo. W. Herbert, 137 North Water St.—22-wtd

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Estate of Bennet A. Burrous, deceased. The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Bennett A. Burrous, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the September term, on the first Monday in September next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 12th day of July, 1900.
THOMAS E. MAYES, Administrator.
OUTTEN & ROBY, Attorneys.July-13-w6t

POWERS

The Situation in C
By Absence
th

RUSSIA REFUSES

To Hand Over Taku-Tsin
Send a Man-of-War
guising Fact that Ch

JAPAN IS HOLDING

Berlin, July 18—Admiral Von [illegible], commander of the German [illegible], in his account of the fight [illegible] Tsin the 14th, says: "Wh[illegible] was captured 26 guns fo[illegible] hands of the allies."

The German commander sa[illegible] Regular railway communication [illegible] Taku and Tien Tsin will be ope[illegible] the 18th. It was decided today [illegible] senior officer on the station abou[illegible] military control of the line until [illegible] be handed over to the ordinary [illegible]. The British admiral wi[illegible] to hand over at once. The Ru[illegible] seized the line, and now occupy [illegible]

London, July 19.—While the [illegible] accumulates daily that China [illegible] preparing a formidable military [illegible] tion in anticipation of the pre[illegible] fict, and that the area of the re[illegible] continually extending, that [illegible] among allies, which is necessar[illegible] such a grave situation, is still d[illegible] lacking. The Russians have re[illegible] mind Seymour's request to hand [illegible] restored Taku-Tsin railway to th[illegible] company, and it is rumored that [illegible] purposes taking a serious in[illegible] step, namely, to patrol the Yang[illegible] with a man-of-war. Such a st[illegible] greatly resented by England.

Still more alarming news has [illegible] veyed to the Daily Express fro[illegible] to the effect that the apparent [illegible] of Germany and Russia to co[illegible] Japanese commander for an a[illegible] has led the Japanese governmen[illegible] the forwarding of the divisio[illegible] mobilized.

The Standard, in an alarmist [illegible] says: "It is useless any long[illegible] from ourselves the fact that [illegible] declared

WAR ON CIVILIZATI[illegible]

and has plunged into the con[illegible] wild frenzy. It is equally fu[illegible] cuss whether hostilities are be[illegible] by the Chinese government, i[illegible] it is evident that an admini[illegible] some kind exists in directing [illegible] foreign movement.

Unless unmistakable evidence [illegible] ing the Pekin government i[illegible] forthcoming, the powers sh[illegible] China as a belligerent state [illegible] cordingly.

A similar tone of comment [illegible] other morning papers. All a[illegible] course of Count von Buelow, [illegible] foreign secretary, in stopping [illegible] grams from the Chinese legat[illegible] lin, and all urge the other po[illegible] low Germany's example.

The Russian general staff de[illegible] port that the Chinese have ca[illegible] gorestchensk, capital of the [illegible] Amur, and it is reported [illegible] that the Russians have taken [illegible]

STILL FIGHTING

A special despatch from T[illegible] tributes the number of kille[illegible] tured in the native city as fol[illegible] sians, 100; Japanese, 75; [illegible] Americans, 37.

The correspondent who se[illegible] sorts that thousands of Chine[illegible] est and that the fighting was a[illegible] when his despatch was sent [illegible] parts of Tien-Tsin.

With reference to the rumo[illegible] peans were seen working the [illegible] at Tien-Tsin, the Standard [illegible] eight Russian military inste[illegible] forcibly detained by the [illegible] were compelled to work the g[illegible] these escaped and reached [illegible] lines with his hands bound.

A special correspondent [illegible] Express at Tien-Tsin centra[illegible] did work and perfect equi[illegible] Japanese with the inadequa[illegible] the British, German and A[illegible] tingents, which were terrib[illegible] the most obvious necessaries

BOXER PROCLAMA[illegible]

has made its appearance in [illegible] declares that Kwan, the wa[illegible] the blood of the foreigners a[illegible] ten plagues if the Boxers' t[illegible] followed and spread.

The governors of province[illegible] Hu Pi and Ho and have now [illegible] Prince Tuan and are marc[illegible] with armies to Pekin.

The German relief colu[illegible] the interior of the province [illegible] to endeavor to rescue a p[illegible] sionaries, German, Americ[illegible] lish, has returned withou[illegible] tained any tidings of thei[illegible] and it is feared that all hav[illegible]

A special commission [illegible] Petersburg daily to arrang[illegible] spatch of troops to the far [illegible]

It is announced from [illegible] Gen. Nieh has been killed, [illegible] confirmation of the rum[illegible] Tsin.

The consuls at Shanghai [illegible] regard the viceroy of Kan[illegible] authority so far as the co[illegible] nue is concerned. When [illegible] informed of this attitude [illegible] Taylor, statistical secreta[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Ladies' Drum Corps.

The ladies of the Alschuler Drum corps met at the courthouse last night and elected officers. Miss Rose Kader was elected captain and Miss Lulu Simpson secretary. A committee was appointed to select costumes and order drums. The democrats expect to make this the banner drum corps of the country and those young ladies, who have rendered their time, talent and services to the cause of the party, should have the unanimous support and assistance of the democrats of the county. The members of the drum corps are Anna O'Boyle, Ella O'Boyle, Minnie Williams, Lulu Parks, Martha Prosser, Rose Kader, Lulu Simpson, Bertha and Daisy Nicodemus. Taylorville Breeze.

In a Vault.

The family of the late A. C. Stevens arrived from Des Moines, Iowa, on Thursday evening bringing the ashes of the late deceased, which were carried in a small urn wrapped about with the American flag. The family consisting of Dr. and Mrs. L. L. Stevens and the wife, Mrs. A. C. Stevens, were met at the station by the undertaker and several friends in carriages and the ashes were taken to Greenwood and placed in the Bullard vault. The G. A. R. acted as an escort and conducted the usual services at the vault.

A Country Supper.

A party of young ladies of this city, composed of Lena Ott, Bessie Heinstorf, Kate Hartge and Lydia Dorschlitz, drove out to the country home of August Ott, near Elwin, and spent the night. A sumptuous country supper was served.

FARMS

For sale in Harrison and Moultrie counties Iowa. These counties join and are both located by the Missouri river. Harrison county being only 20 miles from Council Bluffs on the west.

120 acres 4 miles from railway station. 100 acres fine high bottom land which is in a high state of cultivation, good house and other outbuildings. Price $3250 per acre, $1500 cash.

80 acres 1½ miles from market, all fine bottom land. One set of good buildings and one set of fair buildings. Price $37.50 per acre, $2000 cash. Will divide this farm and sell 40, 120 or 160 with one set of buildings to suit purchaser.

80 acres 4 miles from market, all fine level land, no waste, and on which is a set of buildings. Price $45 per acre, cash.

Our staple crops are Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Clover, Timothy, all the Vegetables, and Fruit. Write me, stating the kind of a farm you want. I have farms for sale on very easy terms.

S. C. DIGGLE, Woodbine, Iowa.

FARMERS COLUMN

MONEY—We do a general loan business.

And are prepared to make loans at reasonable rates. Open evenings. All papers executed in our office. Pegram & Co., Citizen's bank building.—July 17 wtf

THE MAGNETIC AND MENTAL SCIENCE METHOD of healing is the rational and natural method of effecting a permanent cure. I have every reason to say so; it cured me of consumption. After my recovery I took a full course in this science. Whether your ailment. Call it cures nothing for consultation. Hours 10 a. m. to 12, 2 to 4 p. m. Mrs. R. Nahrgang, 852 W. Wood 17-July w2

FOR SALE One fine slightly used phaeton, one handsome Shetland pony, and three general purpose horses. All for sale at a bargain. S. M. Lutz July 17 w2w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of [illegible] The undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of [illegible] late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the September term, on the first Monday in September next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 9th day of June A. D. 1900. [illegible] Administrator. James [illegible] w4w

WANTED Vehicle painting. Get your carriage or buggy repainted in the latest style with the best of material by J. L. English, the carriage painter, corner Main and Church street. All work guaranteed. 12-June wtf

WANTED—Everybody to know that you can get the same meal for 15c that you pay 25c up town at Myer's restaurant. 451 N. Water St. S. T. Myers. 6-June wtf

FOR SALE—A 12-horse power high grade improved Imp. 60 polar electric motor. The machine is as good as new and will be sold at a bargain. Call on or address The Herald, Decatur, Ill.—April 18-wtf

MONEY	$	ANY	$	MONEY
to	$	good	$	to
Loan	$	Security	$	Loan

Why not reduce your rate of interest? We offer special inducements this week in the way of rates. Partial payments can be made at any time. We also can save you money if you wish to borrow on household goods, buggies, horses, cows, grain, or on any kind of good collateral. Can handle good notes. Don't renew your old loan or contract for a new one without first seeing us. We loan for the interest. No exorbitant rates. Geo. W. Ehrhart, 137 North Water St.—22-wtd

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THOMAS E. MAYES, Administrator.
OUTTEN & ROBY, Attorneys.July-13- w-3t

POWERS WILL CLASH

The Situation in China Is Complicated Now By Absence of Harmony Among the Allies.

RUSSIA REFUSES SEYMOUR'S REQUEST

To Hand Over Taku-Tsin Railroad---Germany Threatens to Send a Man-of-War---England Will Resent---No Disguising Fact that China Is at War with the World.

JAPAN IS HOLDING BACK HER MOBILIZED TROOPS

London, July 18.—Admiral Von Bendemann, commander of the German squadron, in account of the fighting at Tien Tsin, the 14th, says: "When the allies captured 26 guns fell into the hands of the allies."

The German commander says about every communication between Pekin and Tien Tsin will be opened on July 15.

It was decided today that the control of the station should have control of the line until it could be given over to the ordinary authorities. The British admiral wished it to be given over at once. The Russians refused to do this, and now occupy it."

London, July 19. While the evidence grows daily that China has been organizing a formidable military organization in anticipation of the present conflict that the area of the rebellion is rapidly extending, that harmony among the allies, which is necessary to meet the new situation, is still deplorably lacking. The Russians have refused Admiral Seymour's request to hand over the Taku Tsin railway to the English company, and it is rumored that Germany proposes taking a serious independent step, namely, to patrol the Yangtze Kiang with a man-of-war. Such a step will be strongly resented by England.

A more alarming news has been received by the Daily Express from Tokio, to the effect that the apparent reluctance of Germany and Russia to consent to a supreme commander for an army corps has induced the Japanese government to delay the dispatch of the division already ordered.

The Standard, in an alarmist editorial, says: "It is useless any longer to hide from ourselves the fact that China has declared war against the civilized powers.

WAR ON CIVILIZATION

It has plunged into the conflict with a fanaticism. It is equally futile to disguise whether hostilities are being waged by the Chinese government, inasmuch as it is evident that an administration of such extent is directing the anti-foreign movement.

There is unmistakable evidence excepting the Pekin government is prompted; therefore, the powers should treat China as a belligerent state and act accordingly.

A similar tone of comment is taken by the morning papers. All applaud the action of Count von Bulow, the German foreign secretary, in stopping cipher telegrams from the Chinese legation in Berlin, and urge the other powers to follow the German example.

The Russian general staff denies the report that the Chinese have captured Hailar, capital of the province of Amur, and it is reported from Irkutsk that the Russians have taken Aigun.

STILL FIGHTING.

A special dispatch from Tien-Tsin places the number of killed and captured in the native city as follows: Russians, 1[illegible]; Japanese, 75; British, 10; American, 7.

The correspondent who sends this adds that thousands of Chinese were killed and that the fighting was still going on when his dispatch was sent, in various parts of Tien Tsin.

With reference to the rumors that European women were working the Chinese gun at Tien Tsin, the Standard learns that eight Russian military instructors were forcibly detained by the Chinese, and were compelled to work the guns. One of these escaped and reached the Russian lines with his hands bound.

A special correspondent to the Daily Express at Tien Tsin contrasts the splendid morale and perfect equipment of the Japanese with the inadequate supplies of the British, German and American contingents, which were terribly lacking in the most obvious necessaries. The first

POWER PROCLAMATION

has made its appearance in Shanghai. It declares that Kwan, the war god, desires the blood of the foreigners and threatens the plagues if the Boxers' tenets are not followed and spread.

The governors of provinces of Hu Nan, Hu Pi and Ho and have now openly joined Prince Tuan and are marching overland with stores to Pekin.

The German relief column, sent into the interior of the province of Shan Tung has failed to rescue a party of 30 missionaries, German, American and English, has returned without having obtained any tidings of their whereabouts; and it is feared that all have been slain.

A special commission is sitting at St. Petersburg daily to arrange for the dispatch of troops to the far east.

It is announced from Shanghai that Sir Nich has been killed, but there is no confirmation of the rumor from Tien-Tsin.

The consuls at Shanghai have agreed to recognize the viceroy of Kaokin as the chief authority so far as the collection of revenue is concerned. When the viceroy was informed of this attitude he appointed Taylor, statistical secretary of customs, to be inspector of customs ad interim in succession to Sir Robert Hurt.

NINTH LOST HEAVILY.

Two Hundred and Fifteen of the Regiment Killed or Wounded.

Tien-Tsin, July 18, 7 p. m., via Che-Foo, July 16, Shanghai, July 18.—(Copyrighted by the Associated Press.)—The battle which began with an attack by 7000 allied forces upon the walls of the city at 2 o'clock this afternoon continued all day, two battalions of the 9th infantry participating. It is reported that 215 of this command were killed or wounded, including ten or fifteen officers. Col. E. H. Liscom was killed, Majors Jesse M. Lee, James Reagan, Captains Charles R. Noyes and Andrew Brewster, Edwin V. Bookmiller, First Lieutenants William K. Naylor, Louis B. Lawton, Harold Hammond and Ira C. Waldron were wounded.

Among the United States marines casualties numbered 10. Captain Austin R. Davis was killed, Captain William B. Lemley and First Lieutenants Henry Leonard, and Smedley D. Butler were wounded.

The American contingent, after lying in shallow, hastily dug trenches, full of water, facing the south wall of the city, and suffering for want of water and food, besides being short of ammunition, were ordered by General Dorward to retire under cover of darkness.

The Russians were outside the east wall while the Japanese, British and French were close to the west wall, with the Chinese trying to flank them. The walls were badly battered by the shells. The attack will be renewed in the morning.

The total losses of the allied forces is estimated at 800.

A messenger has arrived here who left Pekin July 1. Foreigners at that time were all in the British legation. The Chinese troops were beginning to bombard the legations from the streets. The legations had been under rifle fire for a week previously. In that time four foreigners had been killed and 13 wounded. The marines had unsuccessfully attempted to capture a gun on the wall commanding the legation. The foreigners were supplied with an abundance of provisions.

ALLAY RUSSIAN SUSPICIONS.

Russia, Germany and France Agree on Action in China.

Berlin, July 18.—From two sources, quite distinct, the Associated Press today has ascertained that Count von Bulow has fully succeeded in allaying the suspicions Russia aroused by Emperor William's recent speeches and other facts and that an entente regarding the future action in China has been reached by Russia, Germany and France.

The foreign secretary convinced Russia that Germany would in no wise interfere with Russia's plans in Manchuria, northern China, as well as Korea and that Germany harbors no desire of territorial aggrandizement. Russia, on her part, agrees not to interfere with Germany's trade in Russia's sphere of influence in China after order has been reestablished.

The first result of this understanding has been the issuance of strict orders by the Russian censorship to omit henceforth all hostile press criticism regarding Germany's action in China.

The Berliner Tageblatt's correspondent at St. Petersburg declares it cannot be doubted that Russia is preparing for a separate campaign against Pekin via north by land. He adds that Russia does not believe the allied campaign from Tien-Tsin will be successful or in time.

The latest series of Chinese attempts to gloss over the ugly facts in China, which have been undertaken in Washington, London and St. Petersburg, and by Li Hung Chang at Canton, are regarded here as a revival of Chinese cunning campaign lies for the purpose of provoking discord among the powers and retarding and weakening the joint campaign. The Chinese minister, Lu Hu Hunn, has not yet presented to the foreign office a copy of the document presented by his colleagues in Washington, London and Paris. Since he has been forbidden by Count von Buelow to send any more cipher telegrams, he has not ventured out of the Chinese legation. Acting upon his advice the majority of the Chinese residents of Germany have left the country during the last two days. The impression in official circles here is that the situation is growing steadily worse and that the anti-foreign movement in China is spreading. It is believed that Li Hung Chang is playing false.

IMPLICATES LI HUNG.

He Is Accused of Having Sought Secret Alliance With Japan.

London, July 18—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express asserts that he has ascertained from an unimpeachable source that when the question of an alliance between China and Japan was under consideration last autumn the empress dowager sent commissioners to Tokio with secret proposals to the mikado.

"These proposals," says the correspondent, "contemplated a conclusion of a secret treaty having the object of destroying all European and American influence in both China and Japan, the wholesale massacre of foreigners and a division of the whole of eastern Asia from Burmah to Siberia between China and Japan. The special commissioner took a code, prepared by Li Hung Chang and Shong for the secret communications between the empress dowager and the mikado. The Japanese emperor utterly declined to entertain the proposition.

THE POWERS CASE.

Witnesses Claim Accused Hired the Mountain Men.

Georgetown, Ky., July 18—In the Powers murder conspiracy case today John A. Black of Barbourville, banker and a republican of prominence, said Powers came to him in January to advise as to the propriety of the mountain organization which Powers was getting up. Black, continuing said: "I saw Powers later again and remonstrated against the formation of the mob. Powers told me it was being formed with the approval of Gov. Taylor, Chas. Finley and other republican leaders at Frankfort. Chas. Finley also came to me and endeavored to get me to cooperate with them. I protested bitterly. A check from Chas. Finley to the L. & N. railroad for $1000 for transportation of the men to Frankfort was produced by Black.

W. H. Culton, who himself is under indictment as an accessory was called as a witness and was instructed by the court that he might or might not testify and if he did so he was not required to tell anything that would tend to criminate himself. He said he was testifying of his own free will. The witness said that he attended a conference at Frankfort in January at which Powers and others were present and the matter of bringing up the mountain men to the state capital was discussed.

Hump Howard, Frank Cecil and other mountain men, promised to bring crowds bringing from 50 to 200 men from each of the counties represented. Those in the meeting were to take charge of the men of their respective counties and to bring them to Frankfort armed. Powers said that when the men arrived at Frankfort they would give the democratic legislators 30 minutes in which to settle the contests, "And if they did not settle in that time they would kill every one of them."

Culton said Henry Youtsey came to him and told him he had found a way Goebel could be killed and no one could find out who did it. Youtsey said it could be done from the secretary of state's office. He showed some steel bullets. Witness told Youtsey such a thing should not be done. Ex-Gov. Bradley told the witness he had heard Goebel was to be killed and said it must not be done. The witness saw Youtsey again and the latter said the idea had been abandoned. Culton said Powers distributed money among the various captains who were to bring the mountaineers to Frankfort.

The witness said Taylor sent word to Powers he would pay the expenses of the men. The court adjourned with Coulton on the stand.

WORLD ENDEAVOR MEETING.

One Worker Suggests Father Clark for President.

London, July 18.—Fully 50,000 people attended today's meeting of the world's convention of the Christian Endeavor society, the special feature of the program being the delivery of messages from the churches. Dr. Parker, of the City Temple, urged the Americans to nominate Rev. Francis E. Clark and Rev. Charles M. Sheldon for the highest offices in the United States as Christian men should be at the head of things.

Ambassador Choate and the Archdeacon of London sent sympathetic messages. The afternoon meeting was devoted to national rallies, which were characterized by intense enthusiasm. Immense crowds were in attendance and made the grounds almost impassable and a water famine, added to the intense heat, caused many women to faint. Revs. Waddell, of Iowa; Spencer, of New Jersey; Strayer, of Baltimore; Mason, of California; McCall, of Massachusetts; Mrs. Clarke and Bishop Walters were the principal speakers.

Two meetings were devoted to the "Roll Call of the Nations," and closed the proceedings this evening. Sheffield was selected as the meeting place in 1901 and Manchester in 1902.

Idaho Republicans.

Boise, Idaho, July 18.—The republican state convention today nominated the following ticket:

For congress, John T. Morrison; supreme court, Edgar C. Steele; governor, D. W. Standred; lieutenant governor, A. A. Crane; secretary of state, M. Petrie; state auditor, Harry J. Syms; attorney general, George E. Gray; superintendent of public instruction, Miss Jessie Riley; mine inspector, N. Robert Bull.

The platform adopted reaffirms allegiance to the Philadelphia platform and endorses McKinley's administration, including his policy in reference to China. A general labor plank was inserted but it contained no reference to the Coeur D'Alene troubles.

Refuge With Prince Ching.

Brussels, July 18—The Belgium consul at Hong Kong telegraphs that Li Hung Chang passed through that city today on his way north. Before his departure the viceroy had a long interview with the governor of Hong Kong. The secretary of the legation at Shanghai telegraphs today that according to Chinese information the foreigners in Pekin have taken refuge in the palace of Prince Ching.

Oregon Naval Reserves.

Portland, July 18—Adjutant-General Gantenbein, of the Oregon national guard, has been advised by the navy department that the cruiser Philadelphia has been ordered from Puget Sound to Astoria, to take on board the Oregon naval reserves for a cruise.

FORMS VAST ARMY

Prince Tuan Mobilizing Nearly One Million Men to Fight the Allies.

LEGATIONS SAFE JULY 9TH

Russians Realize That They Have a Serious Condition to Meet.

REMEY REVISES HIS LIST

Omits Names of Several Reported Wounded and Adds Others.

Washington, July 18.—The state department has received a dispatch from Consul General Fowler, at Che-Foo, saying that the governor of Shan Tung wires that his courier left Pekin on July 9. The legations were still holding out.

NEARLY A MILLION.

Chinese Organized to Expel Foreigners From Amur.

St. Petersburg, July 18.—A dispatch from Che-Foo says: Prince Tuan has mobilized 950,000 men, divided into different corps. The northern corps has been ordered to expel foreigners from Amur. The Pekin army, which is divided into four corps, is the first to begin operations from Amur.

The Pekin army is divided into four corps, the first of which is to operate against Mukden and occupy the roads between Pekin and Shan-Hai-Kuan; the second is to concentrate at Tien-Tsin, and the third at Pekin, from whence a column numbering 40,000, will be sent to Wei-Hai-We and Tsin Tau, while the fourth corps will concentrate at Nankin.

There are 23,000 Japanese troops in China.

The Chinese fleet is concentrating in the China Sea, and hostilities are expected.

A dispatch from Nankin announces that Prince Tuan has ordered a great military movement, owing to the appearance of the Japanese in China.

The viceroy of Nankin has informed the foreign consuls there that he cannot be answerable for events in Chau-Sin, Ning-Po and Chu-Chau. The foreigners are fleeing to Shanghai. The position is alarming.

Sixteen foreigners have arrived at Nankin from Ning-Po, where the houses of foreigners have been burned and missionaries horribly maltreated.

The rebellion has taken hold of Southern China. The foreigner at Chu-Chau and In-Chau, have been attacked and are fleeing, panic-stricken.

VICEROY GIVES IT UP.

Admits He Can't Repress the Rebellion in Ho-Nan.

Paris, July 18.—The French consul at Hankow telegraphs, under date of July 13, that the viceroy admits that he is doubtful of his ability to arrest the rebellion in Ho-Nan. The despatch adds that a caravan of English and American engineers and missionaries from Shen-Si was attacked near Siang-Yiang. A number were wounded, but it was hoped the caravan would shortly reach Hankow.

The consul at Shanghai telegraphs, under date of July 9, that the governor of Tche-Kiang, on the vigorous demand of the consul, had taken energetic measures to repress disorders. A second telegram, dated July 13, announces troubles in the province of Ho-Nan. Missionaries had been attacked in the province of Tche-Kiang and Manchuria, and numbers of missionaries were imperiled

REMEY'S REVISED LIST.

Officers Reported Wounded Now Believed to be Unhurt.

Washington, July 18.—The following despatch has been receive at the navy department:

Che-Foo, July 18.—Bureau of Navigation, Washington: Latest reports do not indicate that army officers, Major Lee, Captain Brewster, Lieutenants Naylor, Hammond and Waldron are wounded.

Capt. C. G. Long, marine corps, wounded; Second Lieutenant F. R. Lang, army, wounded.

An aide has gone to Tien-Tsin to get accurate information. Remey.

Second Lieutenant Frank R. Lang, reported wounded in the fighting at Tien-Tsin by Admiral Remey, served during the Spanish war as sergeant major and as second lieutenant in the 1st Maine volunteer infantry and was appointed second lieutenant in the regular army April 10, 1899.

Capt. Charles G. Long of the marine corps, reported wounded, entered the marine corps July 1, 1891, having been appointed from Massachusetts. He had been on duty at Cavite, P. I., since April 8, 1899, until ordered to China.

Daily Bombarded.

Washington, July 18.—The Japanese legation has received the following despatch from the minister of foreign affairs at Tokio:

"Baron Nishi (Japanese minister at Pekin) letter of June 29, was received at Tien-Tsin July 12. The letter was brought by a messenger. It says the legations are daily bombarded. Ammunition is running short. Danger of massacre is imminent. Prompt relief is earnestly desired. The messenger says that the foreign ministers considered it impossible to procure provisions after July 1.

THE JAPS LOSS

Was Greatest of Any Nation Engaged in Fighting.

London, July 18—In the house of commons today parliamentary Secretary Brodrick, read a despatch from Admiral Seymour, dated Taku, the 15th giving an account of the capture of the native city of Tien Tsin by the allied forces. According to the despatch on the morning of the 14th the Japanese blew up the gate and entered the city, the others following.

On the right the Russian captured the battery on the bank of the Liu Tai canal, consisting of 12 small guns. The other troops were all engaged on the left. About 8000 in all were engaged and over 700 were killed and wounded.

The Japanese were the heaviest losers. The British had 20 killed and 93 wounded. The Chinese troops fled, but in what direction is not known.

Japs Disembarking.

London, July 18.—A special despatch from Shanghai, dated today, says the disembarkation of 15,000 Japanese troops is proceeding at Taku.

THE UPRISING IN AMUR.

Russian Advices are to the Effect That It is Serious.

St. Petersburg, July 18.—Reports have been received by the Russian general of staff from the Amur district, showing the Chinese have made serious preparations there and are now concentrated on the railway line from Aigun to Sagalien.

AVAILABLE FIGHTING FORCE.

Washington, D. C., July 18.—The adjutant general's office has issued its annual statement of the organized militia force of the United States. The grand total organized militiamen of the several states and territories at last report was 106,339. Those unorganized but available for military duty aggregate 10,343,152. The figures are given by states, among them being:

STATE.	ORGANIZED.	UNORGANIZED.
Illinois	8,400	750,000
Iowa	2,444	281,793
Michigan	2,005	260,000
Nebraska	1,810	111,925
Wisconsin	2,745	373,661

The Russian general, Gribovski, after reconnoitering the district, returned to Blagovotchensk, the capital of the province of Amur, Monday.

Other official reports confirm the serious news of the stoppage of work on the Manchurian railway, owing to the Chinese attacks, especially at Charbin, where an attack by 400 Chinese was repulsed July 9.

Charbin is in a critical state, being cut off from the west, south and the north. Russian troops have been sent from different points to protect the railway. The Chinese, however, are still working on the eastern section of the line which gives hope that energetic measures may succeed in restoring order.

In the opinion of the general staff the chief command of the allied forces at Tsin-Tsin will eventually devolve upon the Russian Vice-Admiral Alexieff in conjunction with the Japanese commander-in-chief.

Reported Safe July 13th.

Brussels July 18—The Belgian minister of foreign affairs, M. de Favereau has received a telegram from the Belgian legation at Paris, saying Chinese minister Yu Keng has received an official telegram announcing that the foreign ministers at Pekin were safe July 13.

The advices received by Yu Keng are, presumably are identical with those received Tuesday by the Chinese minister in Washington, under date of July 13, the Chinese calendar corresponding to our July 9.

EASTMAN DISCHARGED.

No Case Against Harvard Professor Charged With Murder.

Cambridge, Mass. July 18—In the hearing of Charles R. Eastman, a Harvard instructor charged with the murder of Richard H. Grogan Jr. July 4 today Judge Almy ordered the discharge of the prisoner stating he could find no reason for holding Eastman. Eastman claimed the shooting was accidental. Witnesses testified that Grogan before he died accused Eastman of the murder.

Democratic Notification.

Chicago, July 18—Secretary Walsh of the national democratic committee at the request of James T. Richardson, gave the following official notice today to the press. The notification meeting to notify presidential and vice presidential candidates named by the Kansas City convention will be held at Indianapolis August 8. All members of the two notification committees are requested to meet at the Grand hotel, Indianapolis, on the morning of that day.

Deaths of the Day.

Elmira, July 18—Captain Charles F. Roe, U. S. A., retired, died today, aged 70.

Morrisonville, Ill., July 18.—S. B. Harrison, a wealthy land holder, died suddenly today of cholera morbus, aged 69.

Philadelphia Sails.

Seattle, July 18—The cruiser Philadelphia sailed today from the Bremertown naval station under secret orders presumably for China. The departure was a complete surprise.

FOR THIRD PARTY

Convention Called to Meet at at Indianapolis on July 25th.

BOTH M'KINLEY AND BRYAN

Are Denounced And a Platform Prospectus is Issued.

LARGELY ANTI-IMPERIALIST

Dissenters in General Who Can't Find a Ticket to Suit Now Have a Chance.

New York, July 18—In response to a call issued a few days ago a number of gold democrats and anti-imperialists met in this city tonight and discussed methods to bring a third party ticket before the public. An address was adopted assailing President McKinley for his Philippine policy and his "scandalous appointments" to federal offices characterizing Governor Roosevelt as the "frank embodiment of militarylsm" declaring the republican party stands for all forms of special privileges. Bryan, the address says, is also as objectionable as President McKinley. The address asks independents to unite in support of candidates upon some such platform as follows

Return to the political doctrines of the declaration of independence and constitution; recognition that not only Cuba and the Philippines, but Porto Rico and Hawaii are independent, genuine monetary reform civil service reform; abolition of special privilege whether of tariff or any other origin. Speeches were made by Dr. Everett of Massachusetts and George G. Ripley of Minneapolis, and others.

The chair was authorized to appoint a committee to issue an invitation to supporters of the third ticket movement to meet at Indianapolis July 25, and take steps to place such a ticket in the field.

ILLINOIS MAN WINS.

Isaac M. Hamilton Elected President of Republican League.

St. Paul, July 18.—Upon reassembling today of the national league of republican clubs the reports of the committees on credentials and rules and resolutions were unanimously adopted. The resolutions congratulated the people upon the happy and prosperous condition of the country; declared anew allegiance to the principles of the republican party, endorsed the platform adopted at Philadelphia; declared entire approval of the administration of McKinley.

The report of the revision committee, which was adopted, provides for a vice president at large and a system of honorary membership as an additional financial measure.

The time and place for the next convention was left with the executive committee.

A message from President McKinley was read expressing regret at his inability to be present, and sending congratulations on the success of the league. A resolution of regret and sympathy for the death of Senator Dear of Iowa was adopted by a rising vote. Election of officers resulted:

President—Isaac M. Hamilton, Illinois.
Vice President at Large—Luther Mott, Oswego, N. J.
Secretary—D. H. Stone, Kentucky.
Treasurer—J. R. Wiggins, Pennsylvania.

A committee consisting of a member from each state and territory was appointed to wait upon McKinley and pledge him the support of the league.

The convention adjourned sine die.

Finished Fisher.

Bentonville, Ark., July 18—George Fisher who killed Sheriff Garrett at Southwest City was located in a corn field by the sheriff's posse and his body was riddled with bullets, while he was resisting arrest.

Peace Reigns.

Minneapolis, July 18.—The Times tonight received the following from Solay, Minn.: The Indians were opposed to building a school house and the matter looked serious for a few days. Everything is now amicably settled."

Gold From Alaska.

Vancouver, B. C., July 18—The steamer Cutch arrived today from Skagway bringing $300,000 in gold dust besides a large amount of drafts. The principal news from Dawson is that dozen cases of smallpox have broken out there.

Richards is Nutty.

Fon du Lac, July 18—Dr. Chauncey Richards, opened fire this evening upon the proprietor of a Chinese laundry, Sun Wuh, calling him a murderer, and a Boxer. The Chinaman received a scalp wound. Richards was arrested.

Rich Find.

Pretoria, July 18—K. M. A. Wolmarans, of the Transvaal executive council has been arrested at his house within the British lines near Ventersdorp. Bar gold worth £6000 and a quantity of arms were found concealed in the house.

Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink GRAIN-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.

A FEW REASONS

Given by Roosevelt Why the Republicans Deserve Support.

PARTY BROUGHT PROSPERITY

And Would Save the Country From Democratic Chaos and Misery.

I. M. HAMILTON PRESIDENT

Illinois Man at Head of National Republican League.

Milwaukee, July 18—Governor Roosevelt arrived here this forenoon on his homeward journey to New York. He will return without delay.

The governor stated to the Associated Press that he expected to begin his campaign about September 10, but the place of his opening speech he has not yet determined.

The vice presidential candidate was greeted by a crowd of about 3000. He was introduced by Senator Quarles and was cheered most enthusiastically. When quiet was restored he said in part:

"This is a campaign which has to do only at the outset of the twentieth century whether we are to stride forward with the steps of a giant on the path which has been set out for us or whether we are to shrink backward. You remember four years ago our opponents prophesied that we cannot be prosperous if we don't have 16 to 1 silver.

PROPHECY UNFULFILLED.

Has the prophecy turned out a lie? Don't trust them, they prophesied misery, if we won, we won and prosperity followed. Now if we should put them into power you would see such chaos of black misery and distress in the country as in its century and a quarter of life it has never seen. I ask the support of all men far sighted enough to see where the material increase of the country lies and not willing to see the business welfare of the country submerged in a tide of disaster, I ask the support of all honest citizens and business men who disbelieved in anarchy, I ask for their support in the name of decency, civic honesty, and liberty that comes only with order and I ask the support furthermore of all brave men who know the greatness of the nation, as of the individual, comes only through effort. Stand with us as we make this nation take her place in the fore front of the nations of mankind."

After paying a high tribute to soldiers of the civil war the governor concluded.

THE IRON AND BLOOD.

"Thank God the iron and blood of our forefathers who followed Grant and Lincoln still exists in this generation. May we show ourselves not unworthy of the men who fought from '61 to '65 and let us do our duty at home and abroad and uphold McKinley in the greatest political contest which has come upon this country since the close of the civil war."

The train bearing Roosevelt made short stops at Portage and Watertown, where several hundred people greeted him.

RED HOT DOWN EAST.

Many Deaths and Prostrations Due to Heat.

Philadelphia, July 18—The excessive heat today caused eight deaths and 40 prostrations. The mercury reached 98.

Pittsburg, July 18—Two deaths and a number of prostrations were reported today as a result of heat.

New York, July 18—The hot weather today caused or contributed toward the death of more than seven persons in this city. Many more were stricken and many are in hospitals. The official record was 14. Late tonight relief arrived.

Because you have tooth trouble you need not despair. We have hope to extend to you.

An Examination

takes but little time,

Costs You Nothing

but enables us to assure you of what can be done to put your Teeth in Good Condition and keep them so.

We give a written guarantee with all work for ten years. Our prices are the lowest, and our work inferior to none.

Gold Crowns ..$3.50 Gold Fill..75c up
Porcelain " .. 3.50 Silver " ..50c up
Painless Extracting 25c
FULL SET BEST TEETH $4
Gold Crowns and Fillings put on when ordered.

At the UNION PAINLESS DENTAL PARLORS.
705, 707, 709 MILLIKIN BLDG. Decatur, Ill
Lady Attendant.
Take Elevator to Seventh Floor.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A COMPLETE VICTORY

But it Was Secured By Allied Forces at Tien Tsin After Fierce Fight in Which Heavy Loss Was Sustained.

CASUALTIES NUMBER EIGHT HUNDRED

The Walls Breached and All the Forts Taken—The Foreign Force is Now in Possession—Chinese Guns Captured—War Declared Against Russia.

ADMIRAL REMEY TELLS OF IT IN A CABLEGRAM

Washington, July 12.—Admiral Remey this morning cabled the navy department that the city and forts of Tien Tsin are in the hands of the allies. His list of killed and wounded is somewhat fuller than yesterday's report, but still not entirely complete. It is as follows:

Chee Foo, July 12.—Before leaving to get wounded from Tien Tsin either in hospital at Taku or aboard Bohner. Commander Merry's story is as follows, following casualties apparently returned:

Marines—Capt. Davis killed; Capt. Lemley, Lieuts. Butler and Leonard are wounded.

Army—Col. Liscum killed; Major Bourns and Lee, Capts. Sayre, Brewster and Bookmiller; Lieuts. Taylor, Lawton, Hammond and Walton wounded. Total killed and wounded, two hundred.

Russia is said to have suffered heavily. Our total loss reported 112. About 40 were marines but number believed to be exaggerated.

Have officer on shore especially to get authentic number of names, which will be promptly telegraphed.

Admiral Seymour returned to fleet; officer ashore is Admiral Alexeiff at Tien Tsin.

Remey.

This bulletin was received at the navy department early this morning and was copied for distribution about 9 o'clock. Before it was given out it was decided to make some change in the copy, the nature of which was not disclosed, and the above copy only was given to the public.

MONGRELS ROUTED.

Allied Forces Take Tien Tsin But Suffer Heavy Loss.

London, July 17, 12:15 p. m.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing under date of July 17, says: "The allied troops stormed the attack upon the Chinese walled city of Tien Tsin on the morning of July 14 and succeeded in breaching the walls and capturing all the forts.

"The Chinese were completely routed and the allies took possession of the municipality and its defences.

"The casualties of the allies in the engagement of Thursday, Friday and Saturday were about 800 killed or wounded. The casualties were great among the Russians and Japanese."

The guns of the native old Imperial Camp, to the native city, causing many large conflagrations and finally silence the majority of the enemy's guns simultaneously. Then 1500 Russians assisted by small parties of Germans and Frenchmen assaulted and captured eight guns that were in position on the railway embankment and the fort the magazine of which the French subsequently blew up.

A body of Japanese, British, Japanese and Austrian troops then made a sortie and attacked the west arsenal, which the Chinese had reoccupied. After three hours of the hardest fighting yet experienced, the Chinese fled.

When the arsenal had been evacuated by the Chinese, the Americans, French, Japanese and Welsh Fusiliers advanced toward the native city and joined with the other attacking forces. The Japanese infantry and a mounted battery advanced to the foot of the walls, supported by the Americans and French. Despite several attacks, the allies were only able to hold the position gained outside the walls preparatory to renewing the assault in the morning.

The casualties sustained by the allies were exceedingly heavy, especially those to the Americans, French and Japanese.

Several explosions in the native city were caused by the bombardment.

The Chinese appear to have exhausted their supply of smokeless powder as they are now using black powder.

Tien Tsin, Friday, July 14.—In today's continued attack upon the native city over 10 guns been added the Chinese positions. The fighting was most determined and the allies' losses were heavy.

Eight Chinese guns were captured and the Chinese were driven out of the west arsenal after a fierce cannonade. A strong mixed force is now close to the walls and it is expected that an assault will be made tomorrow.

ADDITIONAL CASUALTIES.

Six More Officers Who Fell in Fighting at Tien Tsin.

Washington, D. C., July 17.—In the list of casualties forwarded in Admiral Remey's cablegram today are the following six officers not mentioned in yesterday's advices:

Major Lee, a native of Indiana. He entered the volunteer service in 1861 and served throughout the civil war, rising to the rank of captain. He held a volunteer commission as colonel of the 10th United States infantry during the Spanish war.

Captain Brewster, is a native of New Jersey. He was commissioned captain and assistant quartermaster during the Spanish war and was promoted to captain in the regular establishment in 1899.

Lieutenant Lawton, a native of Iowa, appointed to the military academy from New York. He was promoted to first lieutenant in 1898.

Lieutenant Hammond, a native of Illinois. He was commissioned first lieutenant in 1899.

Lieutenant Naylor, a native of Illinois. He served as second lieutenant in the 14th Minnesota infantry during the war with Spain. He was promoted to first lieutenant in the regular army in 1899.

Lieutenant Waldron, a native of West Virginia.

WAR WITH RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg Correspondent Says The Declaration Has Been Made.

London, July 17.—The Daily Mail publishes a sensational despatch from St. Petersburg which asserts there is no doubt that China has declared war against Russia.

"The Russian press," says the correspondent, "is restricted to the publication of official details, and the publication of many despatches from the front have been prohibited. I heard, however, from a reliable source that the Chinese troops and the Boxers seized the Russian transport vessel laden with munitions near Aigun, (on Amur river) about eighteen miles from the Russian frontier; killing almost the entire Russian escort. They next suddenly attacked and bombarded the town of Blagoveschesk, the capital of the Amur government on the Amur river. The garrison held out bravely but finally were overwhelmed. Nearly all perished and the town was burned."

MANCHURIA DISTURBANCE.

Is Not Regarded as Serious by the London Press.

London, July 18.—The news of the Manchuria disturbances are not regarded as justifying the serious view attributed to the Daily Mail's advices. The Amur boundary territory is between eastern Siberia and Manchuria. The district has been the scene of local disturbances for a long time, owing to the provocative conduct of the Cossacks toward the 27,000 Chinese employed in the construction of the Russo-Manchurian railway.

Several serious collisions have occurred between the Cossacks and the Chinese troops. One happened several weeks ago, when two Russian officers and 16 men were killed. The extension of the Boxer movement to Manchuria has resulted in no great destruction of the railway, compelling Russians to withdraw their officials. The Chinese tried to stop the Russian steamer Michael, carrying ammunition, and the steamer Selenga, with the Russian frontier commissioner on board, from passing up the Amur river at Aigun. They fired on the steamers, wounding an officer and a few men, but the steamers reached Blagoveschensk. The local Chinese commander at Aigun seems to have sent the Russians a sort of ultimatum to quit Manchuria.

The Chinese, according to the Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent, have thrown up fortifications and placed 40 guns at a point 12 miles from Aigun, to dispute the progress of the Russians. Official Russian advices leave the impression that Blagoveschensk is still in Russian hands, the Russian losses during the bombardment being only three killed and five wounded.

The Amur military district was mobilized a fortnight ago on a war footing and it is believed that the Russian forces there are 50,000 men and 112 guns. The governor-general has now ordered the troops on the frontier to form a cordon. Russian papers demand retribution for the Chinese audacity in Manchuria but they hold to the view that Russia must persevere in her resolution to avoid war. The Chinese minister in St. Petersburg has disavowed the events in Manchuria, on behalf of his government and has promised to make serious representations to Pekin regarding the consequences that will follow if the hostilities there do not cease.

There is little further news from China this morning. The attack upon the native city of Tien-Tsin was followed up so swiftly that the Chinese never had time to reorganize, and, once their lines were broken, retreat was so rapid that it soon became a rout.

Li Hung Chang has already left Canton. This causes the utmost anxiety for the safety of the Europeans there, as there are only two gunboats, one British and one American, at Canton, pending the arrival of the French gunboat.

Destroy Valuable Goods.

London, July 18.—The Moscow correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Leading firms here have learned that their tea and silk warehouses at Kalgan, province of Chi Li, (near the great wall) have been plundered and burned by the Chinese rioters and troops, and goods worth seventy million taels have been destroyed.

A VERDANT YOUTH

Tries to Pass a Forged Check at Millikin Bank and Gets Caught.

NEW POLICE ALARM USED

Gives the Wrong Number Just Like a Telephone Girl Would.

FORGER ARRESTED AND CONFESSES

Joseph M. Fairchild, a farm hand as green as the corn that he has been plowing, walked into the Millikin National bank yesterday noon with a forged check on which he expected to realize $110. The only realizing that he did was about twenty minutes later when he realized that he was in jail. The check he offered was written with a lead pencil in a cramped well known farmer living near Forsyth and bore the name of Lewis Bassler, and a patron of the bank. When the payout was presented to Paying Teller Will Hammer, he saw at a glance that it was a forgery. He wanted to be certain, however, before he made a move, and turning to Fairchild, he said: "Who gave you this check?"

"Mrs. Bassler," was the answer.

It was made payable to the bearer, but the teller threw it back to Fairchild and remarked, "You'll have to endorse it."

"I can't write," answered Fairchild.

"Well, that will be all right, I guess," said the teller, "just wait a moment."

Mr. Hammer went through the bank room and told Ed Hanes to lock the rear door and Bert Ober to go to the front door and prevent escape that way. In the meantime he pressed the button of the new burglar alarm which connects with the police headquarters, but got the wrong number just as if he had called by 'phone. Then he picked up a bunch of checks that had been given by Mr. Bassler and the first one he looked at was made payable to Fairchild and on the back of it found it to be properly endorsed. The handwriting of Mr. Bassler also confirmed Mr. Hammer's belief that the check just offered was a forgery. While waiting for an officer to arrive he went back to the counter and under one pretext or another kept Fairchild there.

THE WRONG NUMBER.

The system of bells for police officers was only recently introduced in this city and the call from the bank was the first since its introduction. Officer Amos Imboden was at headquarters and the indicator pointed to the number bell by another business house. The paying teller at the bank began to get nervous over the delay in the arrival of the officer and took another turn at the call button. This time it worked all right and Officer Henry Kossluck responded and placed Fairchild under arrest. When the verdant forger was shown the check which had previously been endorsed and asked why he had said that he could not write he replied that he had said that he could not write very well.

A POOR JOB.

The forgery was not a good job at all, although it was near enough to Mr. Bassler's style of writing to have fooled anyone but an expert. The signature was "Lewis Bassler," whereas Mr. Bassler always signs his name Lewis D. Bassler. Had Fairchilds known of the small chance that he had to ever get away after presenting the check, let alone ever getting any money on the paper, he probably would never have made the attempt. The paying tellers in the banks are so familiar with the handwriting of the regular patrons as they are with their own. Nine times out of ten they can detect a forgery that the victim himself would not be positive about. Going to Paying Teller Hammer with such a paper was just about the same thing as going over and giving himself up to the officers.

FAIRCHILDS WAS BROKE.

Fairchilds said that he was broke and wanted money. He confessed that he forged the check at a store in Forsyth on Tuesday night and then came to the city and spent the night in a hotel. He claimed that his home was in Kentucky and he was very anxious that his father should not hear of his disgrace. He said that he expected to go to the penitentiary.

Fairchild is the young man who recently complained to the police that he had been robbed in a saloon on Franklin street by a woman. At that time the officers discovered that Fairchilds was the victim of a detective agency. He had the regulation tin star and when he was not engaged in earning $20 a month following a plow he put his time in, detecting crimes and working for big rewards. Fairchilds is 18 years of age.

LI HUNG DENIES IT.

Insists That There Has Been No Massacre at Pekin.

Paris, July 17.—The French consul at Shanghai telegraphs under date of July 13, that Tao Tai of Shanghai had communicated to him a despatch from the governor of Shantung, stating that the foreign legations at Pekin was again attacked the 7th, by the troops, under Gen. Tgiug, (Tung) and after a sortie by the European detachment, that all hope of saving the foreigners seemed to be lost. A second telegram from the consul, dated the 16th, says Li Hung Chang denies the news relating to the massacres in Pekin.

Going in Business.

I. H. Snyder, who has for 19 years been a traveling salesman, eight years of which he has been with Jobst, Bethard & Co., of Peoria, has decided to retire from the road. He recently purchased a business at Mt. Pulaski and will go there about the first of the week to take charge of the same.

HIGH FIRE WALL

Will Separate Lyon Lumber Yard and Standard Oil Co. Tanks.

DISTRUSTFUL OF NEIGHBORS

Each Thinks the Other is a Dangerous Neighbor and by Mutual Agreement Precautions Are Taken.

TO LESSEN POSSIBILITY OF FIRES

The manager of the local branch of the Standard Oil company and the proprietors of the Lyon lumber yard and planing mill look with distrust one upon the other. The management of the Standard Oil company does not regard the big tanks filled with oil as especially dangerous, but does think that a lumber yard and planing mill is not a good thing to be up against in time of fire.

The owners of the lumber yard and planing mill have no fear on their own account, but they easily see the danger that might come from a fire in the yard of the Standard Oil company and would be just as well satisfied if the oil station was in some other place.

But the managers of the two institutions, instead of saying unpleasant things and getting into a mess about the matter, have sensibly come to a conclusion which will remove very largely the possibility of a fire in one institution endangering the other. These places are on Cerro Gordo street and extend from Broadway west about 500 feet. That extent of property is practically evenly divided between the two plants which extend from Cerro Gordo street to the Wabash right of way. Until the present time there has been an ordinary board fence to mark the dividing line. Now preparations are being made to build on the line from Cerro Gordo street north two feet to the railroad a brick wall one foot thick and 21 feet high. The work of clearing the line for the brick work will be finished today or tomorrow. Both the oil plant and the lumber yard are known to insurance companies as hazardous risk and the owners of the plants recognize that fact and wish to lessen the danger. On the line the oil company, until quite recently, had a stable, a frame affair. They have abandoned that and now the company teams are stabled in a brick structure. The frame barn of the oil company was moved away from that site yesterday. The lumber company barn has been sold and today the work of moving it will be commenced. The lumber company has constructed a brick stable on the alley east of Broadway between Eldorado and Cerro Gordo streets.

The fire wall which these companies propose to erect will be the largest single expanse of unbroken wall in the city. There will be upwards of 70,000 brick used in the construction.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Stella May Says That Her Husband Threatened to Kill Her.

In the circuit court Wednesday Stella May filed a petition asking for a divorce from her husband, Dr. Edward S. May. The couple were married on July 4, 1898, and lived together until March 29, 1900, when they separated. The cause of the separation, according to the plea of the wife, was that her husband had made an assault upon her and attempted to shoot her. This attempt she declares would have been successful but for the interference of her father and some friends. She asks that she may be permitted to resume her maiden name, Stella Durning.

Deeds Recorded.

Josiah M. Clokey to George M. Lindsey lot 3 and the west half of lot 2 in block 12 in East Park Boulevards; $1275.

Henry H. Walker to George O. Dutton a lot in Mt. Zion, $1000.

Wm. K. Stonebraker to Fannie Kepler lot 4 in block 13 in Maroa; $650.

A. F. Hopkins et al, trustee, to Sarah H. Bottrell, lot 4 in block 3 in village of Wheatland; $200.

Thomas Bottrell to Trustees Boody Circuit U. B. church lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in block 3 in Boody; $700.

Father Ryan's Funeral.

Father Murphy returned yesterday morning from Jacksonville, where he attended the funeral of Rev. Father D. J. Ryan, who for 24 years was priest of the diocese of Alton. There was a large number of the clergy from the central part of the state present. Dean Crow, of Jacksonville, Ill., preached the funeral sermon.

With the Ninth.

John Thomas, who was formerly a resident of this city, is supposed to be with the 9th regiment now fighting in China. He was a member of that regiment when it was in the Philippines and it was first ordered from the island to the flowery kingdom.

Decatur Circuit Camp Meeting.

All members of the camp meeting committee are requested to meet at Millikin's bank on Saturday, July 21, at 2:30 p. m. The business is important; let every member be present. A. L. Plowman, pastor.

Buried at Waynesville.

The burial of Miss Eva Friafronk, the young woman killed by an Illinois Central train Monday occurred at Waynesville Wednesday afternoon. The services were largely attended.

Kicked.

Samuel Dillehunt, living near Boody, is confined to his home suffering with a few broken ribs, the result of a kick from a horse a few days ago.

Oom Paul has shaved off his whiskers and has had his hair cut.

NO MORE TROUBLE

When the Macon County Telephone Co's. New Switch Board Arrives.

IS FIXED FOR 1200 'PHONES

All of the Contrivances Which Make Trouble Impossible in Telephone Connection, Will Be on This Board.

WILL BE INSTALLED IN OCTOBER

The Macon County Telephone company has placed an order for a new switch board and when it is in position all of the troubles which now come to the average telephone subscriber will have disappeared from the map of the Macon company. That at least is a part of the blessings which the company is expected to derive from the new investment.

The new board has been ordered from the Sterling company at Lafayette, Ind., and it will have all of the latest Cook patents. The telephone men say that such a description to men of technical knowledge is all sufficient and explains to them that the board will be the highest order, strictly up to date switch board known to the commercial world.

All of the patent protections against lightning or other foreign currents are in the equipment. There is an automatic transfer which enables the operators at different sections of the board to give almost instantaneous service. This is especially appreciated by the operators.

There is on this board what is known as the "hang up" shutter. When subscribers on two different sections of the board are connected for a conversation it sometimes happens that only one of the plugs is withdrawn and then the subscriber whose line is still on the board can not rouse the exchange. Perhaps you have sometimes noticed that after a conversation with one subscriber you could not immediately ring off and get another subscriber. That's because you were "hung up." This new device known as the hung up shutter will not permit that thing to happen. If one line is disconnected after a conversation is ended on the other is registered at the hung up shutter and the operator can not fail to hear you.

The board will have a night bell, which if it is not forever cut out, will never permit an operator to sleep. The newspaper offices and the police headquarters will enter a petition asking that this bell be made arbitrary so that it cannot be cut out.

Manager Burke says that ninety per cent of the complaints which are registered at the exchange of the Macon County Company are due to defective switchboard. This new board he says will remove practically all of the causes for complaint.

The board has been purchased for October delivery and represents an investment of $6000 and will accommodate 1200 phones.

GOOD WEATHER FOR HARVEST

Yield of Wheat Promises to Average Up Well.

The past week has been excellent for harvesting purposes, and advantage has been taken of it to push this work rapidly. Good rains have fallen in the northern district and parts of the central district, but they have not materially interfered with farm work. The week has generally been dry in the south, while rain is badly needed in the northwestern part of the central, and in the southwestern part of the northern district. Oats harvest is well advanced and the crop has been harvested in excellent condition. A splendid yield is generally anticipated. In a few localities there has been injury from rust. Wheat is being threshed. A fair average yield is reported. In some localities the yield is very heavy and in others very light. Corn continues to make a very rapid growth and the prospects are fine. A few correspondents report injury either by hail, chinch bugs or dry weather. Broom corn is reported doing well, except in Clark county. Haying has progressed very rapidly and is almost finished. The crop has generally been put up in fine condition and the yield averages fair. A few correspondents say the fields were very weedy. Pastures are generally good but in some places rain is needed. Potatoes and gardens continue to do well, but in a few localities potatoes are rotting or are affected by blight. Fruit prospects are generally good. Blackberries are plentiful and early peaches are ripening. Many discouraging reports relative to the apple crop are received. They continue to drop badly in many localities, while in others the quality of the fruit is poor. It is generally believed, however, that, if dropping were to cease soon, a fair crop could be ripened.

ODD ACCIDENT.

Lineman Dinger Escapes Death by an Inch or Two.

At the residence of Dr. S. R. May at Mt. Zion Wednesday Lineman Frank Dinger of one of the county telephone lines had a close call. Dinger had been using his hatchet when on the top of a high pole and when he had finished, instead of placing it in his belt, stuck it into the pole. Then he descended to the ground. Just as he reached the earth, the hatchet, shaken from its place, fell. It barely missed Dinger's head and buried the blade in his left shoulder. Fortunately Dr. May was at home and dressed the wound and stopped the hemorrhage.

His Poverty.

His poverty got Frank Benjamin into jail. Last night he was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Wilkinson on a charge of beating a board bill. D. Cox was the complainant.

ENTERTAINED ROOSEVELT.

Was Senator Hanna's Guest in Chicago on Wednesday.

Chicago, July 18.—Governor Roosevelt, accompanied by Col. Nutting of Davenport and George R. Peck of Chicago, arrived at 1 o'clock today from St. Paul. Senator Hanna entertained the governor at the Chicago club for luncheon. National Committeemen Payne of Wisconsin; Kerens of Missouri and Sewart of Illinois, were also in the party.

The governor spent the remainder of the afternoon in his apartments and left over the Lake Shore for New York at 5.

Street Preaching.

Presiding Elder Horace Reed visited Niantic on Tuesday, returning home on Wednesday morning. Mr. Reed went to Niantic expecting to preach in the church on Tuesday evening but, finding that most of the people were on the streets, he adjusted his plans to meet the exigencies of the situation and, climbing on a dry goods box on one of the street corners, he preached in the open air, attracting people from all parts of the little town by his rather out of the ordinary method of securing a good sized congregation. On Wednesday morning Mr. Reed preached at the church at 7:30.

Mentions Mr. Warfield.

William Curtis in his special letter to the Record on Wednesday speaks of the leading citizens of the city of Quincy and in this connection he makes mention of William S. Warfield, president of the State Savings and Loan and Trust company. Mr. Curtis says that Mr. Warfield gave the city its street railway system and was instrumental in securing the location of the soldiers' home at that place. Mr. Warfield is the father of Mrs. H. W. Raffner and visited his daughter during her residence here.

Shot a Man.

Frank Smith who was formerly employed at Brenneman's saloon in this city shot and killed John Barnum an insurance agent in a Madison street saloon in Chicago last Sunday night. Smith ran away at once and has not been found by the police but it is said that the coroner's jury would have acquitted him on the grounds of self defense had he stayed. The men quarreled over who should occupy a favorite chair in front of the saloon.

A Boy's Trick.

A party of boys, about 40 in number strung up the dummy of a Chinaman at the corner of East Prairie and Merchant streets on Tuesday night. The figure looked very much like one of the Boxers as they have been represented to us in the pictures and attracted a great deal of attention. About 10 o'clock in the forenoon yesterday the police had a boy cut the figure down.

Good Promise.

Peter Ford of Maroa was in Decatur yesterday. He says that the oats were not so badly injured as had been supposed. He says that the oats are saved without any loss and the only thing is a trifling added expense in cutting them. Mr. Ford declares that the corn crop is made and that if the weather remains reasonably cool for a day or two there will be no more rain needed for that grain.

Returned Home.

Will Rawley of Monticello was in Decatur on Tuesday evening to find his 11 year old son, Cass, who started to Dakota to join the Kennard circus performers, whose home is in Monticello. The boy came to Decatur in the evening. He started out with one dollar and did not seriously object to returning home.

Rev. Black's Son Dead.

Friends of Rev. D. P. Black, formerly of Decatur, but of recent years a Methodist revivalist, will regret to learn of the death of his eldest son, Elliot Black, which occurred on Sunday last at Minier. The young man formerly lived here with his parents and had many acquaintances. He was a practicing dentist.

Good Yield.

John McKinley, who lives near Forsyth, has sold some of his wheat to the Shellabarger mills. The grain weighed 62 pounds to the bushels and the yield was 25 bushels to the acre.

In 1810 public balls and masquerades were prohibited in New York. The general impression is that the law has been dead for some time.

When a man gets his picture taken full length with his hands in his pockets and a thoughtful look on his face, it's a sign that he is almost happy.

Former Governor W. S. Taylor of Kentucky will stump the state of Indiana during the fall.

Perhaps a petition signed by a few thousand lovers of real poetry would be powerful enough to bring Alfred Austin out with another collection of the right articles.

Mrs. Frances A. Meyer of West Pullman says she knows nothing about politics, but that she wants to be governer.

A visitor to the Paris exposition who wants to eat in a hurry and who says: "Jesuis pressé" to the waiter as well as he can may get what he orders quicker.

From 1702 to 1807 more than 3,500,000 Africans were taken from their country as slaves.

Miss Lillian Hall of Winfield, Kansas, has been appointed by Gov. Stanley as coroner of Cowley county. She is said to be the first woman in America to hold that office.

Col. E. H. Liscum commander of the ninth infantry, killed in action, fought in four wars.

Even in New York it is admitted that "New York speaks the worst English of any important English speaking city in the world."

Richard Croker says 80 per cent of the American people is governed by the other 20 per cent. The percentage in New York is 99 to 1 and Mr. Croker is the 1.

LOVINGTON.

Miss Etna and Mary Stivers have returned from Forsyth.

Rev. Jas. Bicknell and family of Danville are spending their vacation with his father, Julius Bicknell and family.

Rev. W. F. Stevenson was called to Cisco Thursday to preach a funeral sermon.

On Saturday evening Mrs. W. A. Smith was knocked down by a horse and broke her hip. She was carried to the house by friends and neighbors and the fracture reduced but owing to her age it is feared that she will never fully recover. Mrs. Smith is 71 years old.

Mrs. S. P. Drake and son Jacob and J. Will Foster are visiting in Terre Haute this week.

Miss Ethel Funston of St. Louis visited her grandmother, Mrs. Mahala Funston this week.

Mrs. E. F. Wood and children and Miss Lelia Foster returned from Columbus, O., Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Woods of Tuscola were the guests of J. M. Woods and family over Sunday.

Miss Anna Drummond returned to her home in Sullivan Monday.

J. M. Shepherd was in Chicago this week on business.

Rev. McKenzie of Chicago came Thursday to visit his uncle, C. B. Byner and family.

Mrs. Coffman and little son of Mattoon are the guests of Mrs. W. A. Smith and family since Wednesday.

W. I. McMullin and wife, Mrs. S. W. Muthland and Mrs. McCravey visited O. Bowman and family at Humbolt Sunday.

Frank Wallace of Decatur visited friends here Monday. July 14.

BEMENT.

Dean Conway is home from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Siderts and son Ray are visiting in Indianapolis.

Miss Nellie Tracy, of Hammond, is the guest of Miss Annie Joy.

Mr. and Mrs. Corser visited relatives in Monticello Sunday.

Uncle Ed Davis went to Springfield on business.

Mrs. Lou Taylor, of Milmine, was a Bement guest Friday.

Mrs. Loveless and Mrs. Howard were Voorhies visitors Friday.

Miss Houser, of Lincoln, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Adam Stadler, of this city.

Mrs. William Parker and daughter, Miss Alice, have returned from Peoria.

Fred Clark, of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of his brothers of this city.

Cloyd Sterling, of Red Wing, Dakota, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Thomas Dunn.

Mrs. Fred Quick and daughters, Merle and Marion, of Havana, and Miss Goldie Quick, of Decatur, visited relatives in our city last week.

Mrs. S. S. Vrooman is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Buchanan, of Urbana.

Mrs. James Caton and sons, Reynold and Harry, of Washington, D. C., are visiting their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. L. Body.

Fathers Hawley and Lontz departed for Detroit, Mich., Sunday, for a week's vacation. July 17.

STONINGTON.

Miss Irene Brooks returned to her home in Taylorville after a visit with Maud Shaw.

Miss Mae Baldwin, of Springfield, is the guest of Miss Ada Drake.

Arthur Hiller, of St. Louis, is visiting his brother, A. Hiller.

Ernest Blanchard, of Palmer, spent Sunday with friends here.

O. C. Clements returned from Chicago Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Dwyer is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. B. Leahy, at Pleasant Plains.

Mrs. George Gebhart, of Chandlerville, is the guest of her sons, J. H. and George Gebhart.

The Misses Emma Engle and Maud Corzine are attending the Epworth League convention at Peoria.

Mrs. Cora Collins has gone to Chicago, where she will reside.

Miss Jessie Schantz is visiting friends in Decatur.

Frank Burt has returned to Venice. July 14.

PIERSON.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Erhardt is very low of spinal disease.

A memorial service will be held at the Baptist church Thursday night in memory of Rev. J. L. Parker who died last week at his home in Vesay Park of quick consumption. Rev. Parker was formerly pastor of the church here and was greatly loved and respected by the entire community and many hearts were saddened by the news of his death.

Born July 13 to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Messer a son.

Mrs. J. T. Graham left Tuesday for Iowa to visit Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Graham.

The lawn social held at the parsonage Friday evening was a decided success. The proceeds, $690 were sent to foreign missions.

BLUE MOUND.

Francis M. Stewart, late private in Co. K, 122 Ill. infantry war of the rebellion, died at his residence, St. Mary's street Saturday afternoon. The funeral service was held at the C. P. church at 2 o'clock p. m. Monday conducted by Rev. W. L. Bankson at the conclusion of which the remains were conveyed to Waltz cemetery and interred in conformity with the Masonic ritual.

Major Jenks, a former resident of Blue Mound but who is now making his home with his son, Ben, of the Cicero gas works, Chicago, called on friends here. July 17.

FORSYTH.

The Decatur Merchants' team failed to show up on the diamond Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Good returned Sunday evening from a few days visit at Owaneco.

Burrel Malone of Wapella spent a few days in the village visiting friends.

R. L. Alvin visited at V. W. Benton's Sunday. July 17.

MT. AUBURN.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Foster have a very sick child.

The prohibitionists of Mt. Auburn and vicinity will give a picnic at Goodrich's grove Saturday, August 18.

The Salvation Army in Baltimore has ordered a salvage brigade. Everything that can be sold after cleaning will be collected from houses.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee.

ABLE STATE TICKE

Brief Sketches of Illinois Rep lican Candidates.

Been Records Possessed by Judge R ard Yates and His Colleagues—P Leaders Who Have Earned Their ors—Will Be Triumphantly Electe November.

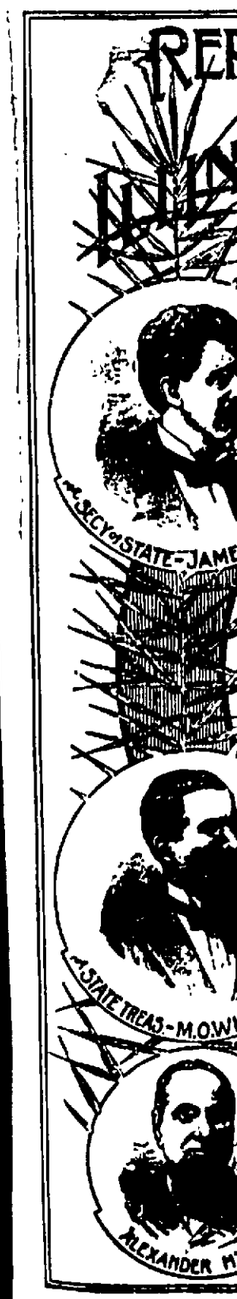
RICHARD YATES,

Candidate for Governor.

Richard Yates, the Republican ca for governor of the State of Ill born, was born at Jacksonville, Nov. 12 1860, less than one month a his illustrious father, Richard Y Illinois received a majority of votes of the people of Illinois, and three months prior to his inau from the position which he so fill and won for him the title of Iron War Governor." His pa were Kentuckians by birth, whil grandparents were natives of Vir He was married in 1888 to Helen W Worth, who was born in Jackson 1868. Her parents were bor grandfather, General Wadsworth, participated in the w 1812, and her great grandfather w soldier of the Revolution. They two daughters, Catherine, aged Ruth Dorothy, four years of age.

Richard Yates entered Wi academy, the preparatory depart of Illinois college, in 1873, the ye his father's death, and entered th in the college proper in 1876, graduati 1880 in class orator. In 1884 he gr law from the law departme Michigan university at Ann and the same year was admitt the bar in Michigan and Illinoi practice in the United States circuit and supreme court From the time he came of a 1880 he was active in the publ of the community. He has b Mason, Odd Fellow, Knight of Py Modern Woodmen, for five year a member of Company I in the regiment of the Illinois Na Guard, and for two years wa editor of the Jacksonville Journal. At the age of thirte became a member of the Me Episcopal church, and was a de to the last general conferenc recently in Chicago. He has a been interested in the work Young Men's Christian Assoc and in 1887 was vice president Jacksonville association, at time William Jennings Bryan president of the same.

As early as 1881 Mr. Yates de his first Fourth of July orati his first memorial address, and subsequent year he has spo each of the anniversaries at point in Illinois, and has, dur intervening nineteen years, been the speakers at a great many t of the Grand Army of the Re In all of the state and nation campaigns since 1881, Mr. Yates h one of the speakers regularly command of the Republican



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LOVINGTON.

Miss Etta and Mary Stivers have returned from Forsyth.

Mrs. Jas. H. Knell and family of Decatur are spending their vacation with Mr. Charles, Julius Bicknell and family.

Rev. W. L. Stevenson was called to Clinton Monday to preach a funeral sermon.

Last Sunday evening Mrs. W. A. Smith fell down by a horse and broke a wagon. She was carried to the house by [illegible] and neighbors and the fracture is very painfully recover. Mrs. [illegible] aged.

Rev. S. P. Dixon and son Jacob and J. W. [illegible] are visiting in Terre Haute [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] of St. Louis visited [illegible] Mrs. Mahala Funston [illegible].

[illegible] Wood and children and [illegible] returned from Columbus [illegible].

Mrs. Mrs. W. H. Woods of Tuscola [illegible] M. Woods and family [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible] returned to her [illegible] Monday.

[illegible] in Chicago this week.

Rev. Mr. [illegible] of Chicago came Thursday [illegible] C. H. Byner and family.

Mrs. [illegible] son of Mattoon [illegible] Mr. W. A. Smith and family.

[illegible] Mrs. S. W. [illegible] visited O. [illegible] at Hazelnut Sunday.

[illegible] Decatur visited friends here Sunday.

July 11.

BEMENT.

Iona Conway is home from Chicago.

[illegible] Sidwell and son Ray are visiting in Champaign.

Mr. [illegible] Hammond, is the guest of her father, [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible] visited relatives in Monticello Sunday.

[illegible] to Springfield on [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible] Pittsburg, was a visitor Friday.

[illegible] and Mrs. Howard were [illegible].

Miss [illegible], is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Adam [illegible] of this city.

Mrs. William Fraser and daughter, Miss Alice, have returned from Peoria.

Fred Cross, of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of his father [illegible].

[illegible] Strong of Red Wing, Dakota, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Thomas Dunn.

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Born July 13 to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Meyer a son.

Mrs. J. T. Graham left Tuesday for Iowa to visit Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Graham.

The lawn social held at the parsonage Friday evening was a decided success. The proceeds, $6.00 were sent to foreign missions.

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ABLE STATE TICKET.

Sketches of Illinois Republican Candidates.

[illegible] Possessed by Judge Richard [illegible] His Colleagues—Party [illegible] Have Earned Their Honors—Triumphantly Elected In [illegible].

RICHARD YATES,

Candidate for Governor.

[illegible] Republican candidate [illegible] of the State of Illinois [illegible] Jacksonville, Ills., [illegible] than one month after [illegible] Richard Yates, [illegible] a majority of the [illegible] of Illinois, and less [illegible] prior to his inauguration [illegible] which he so ably [illegible] from the title of "The Governor." His parents [illegible] both, while his [illegible] were natives of Virginia, [illegible] 1788 to Helen Wads[illegible] born in Jacksonville [illegible] parents were born in [illegible] other, General John [illegible] served in the war of [illegible] grandfather was a [illegible] Revolution. They have [illegible] Catherine, aged eight, [illegible] four years of age.

[illegible] entered Whipple [illegible] preparatory department [illegible] in 1873, the year of [illegible] and entered Illinois [illegible] in 1876, graduating in [illegible]. In 1884 he graduated [illegible] the law department of [illegible] at Ann Arbor, [illegible] was admitted to [illegible] and Illinois and [illegible] to practice in the United [illegible] and supreme courts [illegible].

[illegible] he came of age, he [illegible] in the public life [illegible] county. He has been a [illegible] Knights of Pythias, [illegible] for five years was [illegible] company I in the First [illegible] of the Illinois National [illegible] two years was city [illegible] the Jacksonville Daily [illegible]. At the age of thirteen he [illegible] member of the Methodist [illegible] church and was a delegate [illegible] general conference, held [illegible] Chicago. He has always [illegible] in the work of the [illegible] Christian Association, [illegible] president of the [illegible] Union, at which [illegible] Bryan was [illegible].

[illegible] Mr. Yates delivered [illegible] of July oration and [illegible] here, and every [illegible] has been spoken on [illegible] the anniversaries at some [illegible] and has during the [illegible] been one of [illegible] of the Republic, [illegible] state and national campaigns. Since 1880 Mr. Yates has been [illegible] regularly at the [illegible] of the Republican state central committee, and in 1896 was sent by the national committee into Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Ohio and Kentucky. It is, however, as an organizer, rather than an orator, that his friends claim he excels, as was manifested by the preliminary campaign which resulted in his nomination as a candidate for governor at Peoria.

Mr. Yates was city attorney at Jacksonville from 1885 to 1891. In 1892 he was the Republican candidate for representative-at-large, but in the Democratic landslide of that year was defeated although he received a larger vote in Illinois than President Harrison. In 1894 he was elected to the office of county judge of Morgan county, and in 1897 resigned to take the position of United States collector of internal revenue under appointment of President McKinley.

Judge Yates has a personal acquaintance throughout Illinois which is excelled by very few public men, probably by none other than Senators Cullom and Mason and Governors Tanner and Fifer. In his nearly twenty years of campaigning and speaking he has visited every county in the state, nearly all of them more than once. During his term as county judge he was called to Chicago by County Judge Carter and held a branch of the county court of Cook county for nearly one year, which tended to augment his already large acquaintance and bring him more directly in contact with the people of the metropolis, making him thoroughly conversant with the needs of the great city as well as that of the state at large.

Richard Yates was so intimately associated with the events of the war of the rebellion and reconstruction, that so far as actual acquaintance with American politics is concerned, he is the equivalent of a man of at least fifty. He saw the agony of the war time from the home side. He remembers the return of the regiments in 1865, visits to Washington and Richmond in 1866, to Fortress Monroe in 1867, when Jefferson Davis was in confinement there. A boy of eight he witnessed every day the impeachment trial of Andrew Johnson in 1868, and from that date to this he has been a close student and active participant in politics. His effort has been to thoroughly acquaint himself with all political conditions, and his life work a preparation for political activity and public service.

WILLIAM A. NORTHCOTT,

Candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

William A. Northcott, lieutenant governor and president of the senate, was born in Murfreesboro, Tenn. When the war between the states commenced, his father, General R. S. Northcott, was forced to leave his home on account of his Union sympathies. He went to West Virginia, where he accepted a commission as colonel, and served throughout the war, nine months of the time as an inmate of Libby prison.

William A. Northcott received his education in the public schools, and at the United States Naval Academy, at Annapolis. He taught school, meantime reading law, and was admitted to practice his profession in 1877 continuing practice after his removal to Greenville, Bond county, Ills., in 1879. The next year President Hayes appointed him supervisor of the census for the Seventh Illinois district. In 1882 he was elected state's attorney for Bond county by a majority of 252; was reelected in 1884 by a majority of 383, and was for the third consecutive time reelected in 1888 by a majority of 513. In 1890 President Harrison appointed him a member of the board of visitors to the United States Naval academy, and he delivered the oration to the graduates.

In November, 1890, Governor Northcott was elected head consul of the Modern Woodmen of America, a fraternal insurance society, which has a membership of over 500,000—over 100,000 of that number being in Illinois. Two years ago the record stood at 230,000 and 70,000. The figures indicate a wonderful increase, attributable to an intelligent and energetic management of the society. Governor Northcott has been elected three times in succession to the office of head consul, and now fills that office.

In June, 1896, he was nominated for lieutenant governor by the Republican state convention, and at the election following received a majority of over 137,000 votes over M. C. Crawford, Democrat-Populist, a fusion candidate.

March 31, 1880, Governor Northcott married the daughter of State Senator Dresser. Mrs. Northcott died in about a year, leaving a son, Nathaniel Dresser Northcott. His present wife was Miss Ada Stoutzenberg, of Marine, Ills., and they have one daughter.

As a presiding officer in the senate Governor Northcott has not an enemy, Democrat or Republican. He has proven one of the ablest and most popular presiding officers that ever sat in the chair at the head of a legislative body in Illinois. Precedents of the past which denied the minority their common rights have been disregarded, and his decisions have been equally just to political friend and foe.

At the Peoria (1900) convention he was renominated by acclamation.

JAMES A. ROSE,

Candidate for Secretary of State.

James A. Rose, the incumbent of the office of secretary of state of Illinois, was born Oct. 13, 1850, and has spent his entire life in Illinois, having been raised in Golconda, the county seat of Pope county, his present home. Opportunities for education in the higher branches were not many to the youth of southern Illinois, and Mr. Rose was forced to content himself with a common school education in Pope county, followed by one term in the State Normal university. Early thrown upon his own resources, he began teaching at the age of 17 in a country school in his own county. Four years thereafter, when he had barely attained his majority, he was elected principal of the graded schools of his home town, Golconda.

The next year, when he was 22, he was chosen superintendent of schools for Pope county, as a Republican, and was reelected at the end of his term, serving eight years. In the meantime he studied for the bar and before the close of his term he was admitted to practice, and before the close of his term as superintendent of schools he was petitioned to become a candidate for state's attorney of Pope county, which he did, resigning his office as superintendent, and being elected state's attorney without opposition. To this office he was renominated and reelected, and at the close of his second term declined to be a candidate for reelection.

In 1889 Governor Fifer appointed Mr. Rose one of the trustees of the Pontiac Reformatory for Boys, serving not quite one year, when he was complimented with an advance, being appointed commissioner for the southern Illinois penitentiary at Chester, which he retained until the advent of the Democrats in 1893.

Early in 1896 Mr. Rose was solicited by a host of friends throughout the state to become a candidate for secretary of state, and yielding to them he was nominated. He entered upon the work of the campaign with vigor and spoke in nearly every county for the Republican ticket, and was elected over the fusion candidate by a majority of 137,611.

July 14, 1874, Mr. Rose married Miss Elizabeth Young, of Golconda. He is a communicant with the Presbyterian church and a Mason of high degree.

Mr. Rose has always been a Republican and without an exception his time and his purse have been at the disposal of the leaders of his party during campaigns.

In every office he has filled he has given to its duties and responsibilities the close personal attention demanded of any business rightly conducted.

MOSES O. WILLIAMSON,

Candidate for State Treasurer.

Moses O. Williamson, the Republican candidate for state treasurer, was born on the Atlantic ocean, July 14, 1850, and is the son of William and Margaret Williamson, natives of Sweden. It was during their ocean voyage to America that he was born. They came directly to Illinois and settled in Sparta township, Knox county. His father died in 1854, and his mother in 1886. Of their family of six children, all grew to manhood and womanhood.

Until 12 years of age Moses remained on the farm, and then for two years worked on a neighbor's farm. He next engaged himself to Olson & Gray, Watauga, to learn the harness trade. At the end of four years he bought out Mr. Gray, and in 1879 bought out Mr. Olson. He thus made his way from mere boyhood.

A Republican in political belief, he early manifested an interest in politics and in 1884 was so prominent and influential that he was chosen secretary of the Republican county central committee. He was elected county treasurer in 1888 and county clerk in 1890, 1894-1898. He never shirked a political duty. It is an interesting fact that he was town clerk of his town for eighteen years, and that he served his village as clerk, a member of the board of trustees, and justice of the peace. In every office he has held from town to county clerk his career has been honorable and irreproachable.

Mr. Williamson was secretary of the county Republican committee from 1884 to 1892 and was elected chairman of the Republican county central committee in 1892. In this capacity he has since served. He was one of the organizers of the Swedish-American Republican League of Illinois and was its president in 1897. In the campaign of 1896, he was one of a committee of five, associated with the Republican state central committee, having charge of the Swedish part of that campaign in this state.

In his religious belief Mr. Williamson is a Congregationalist. His private life is exemplary. His personality is congenial. To efficiency in the discharge of his official duties, he adds a courtesy that wins warm friendships. Married Oct. 18, 1871, to Miss Mary Driggs, he has two children, Ada and Nellie, the former just graduated from Knox college. In his home city, Galesburg, where he is best known, no man stands higher or is more deservedly popular.

JAMES SKILES M'CULLOUGH,

Candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts.

Hon. James Skiles McCullough, the Republican candidate for auditor of public accounts, was born in Mercersburg, Franklin county, Pa., and when he was a mere boy he traveled all the way from his early home to Urbana, Ills., in slow wagons, in company with his parents, who came west to try their fortunes in a new country. They settled on a farm within a few miles of Urbana, and there he grew up to the stature of a man, but not to a man of years, by the time the war of the rebellion broke out.

He enlisted in company G, Seventy-sixth Illinois infantry, and began his military service in March, 1862. He was but a mere sprig of a youth at that time, but he stood the hardships of the service like a true soldier, and tramped all over the south, till April 9, 1865, when in the charge on old Fort Blakely, Ala., his left arm was shot off not far from the shoulder. He was picked up on the field for dead, and recovered only after long and careful nursing.

Some time after his return from the army he went to the old military school at Fulton to take a course of study, and while there, in 1868, he was appointed deputy county clerk of Champaign county, which office he held up to 1873, when he was elected to the office of county clerk, a position he continued to fill, by reelections, until he resigned the office to take the position of state auditor, as a result of the election of 1896.

Mr. McCullough was always a most successful officer, and a still more successful candidate. Never, in all the twenty-four years in which he held the county clerkship of Champaign county, did he fail to lead his ticket in an election. He has a happy faculty of performing the duties of a public office in such a manner as to advance the public interest and at the same time to secure the support of the politicians and the general public as well. No man could be of more equal and unruffled temper, and he performs his work as if he were simply amusing himself. The effect of this habit on his physical personality is to leave him looking like a man of not over 45. He is an exceedingly companionable man, and has a delightful home and family in Urbana, where, to meet his friends and while away an evening with them, is the greatest delight of his life.

HOWLAND J. HAMLIN,

Candidate for Attorney General.

Howland J. Hamlin was born in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., on the 13th day of July, 1850. He was educated in the district schools and at Lawrenceburg academy, and finished his education at the State Normal university at Potsdam, N. Y. In 1870 he came to Illinois and was engaged in teaching in the public schools in Shelby and Moultrie counties for some time, afterwards becoming superintendent of public schools of Warsaw, Ills. He read law with Judge Anthony Thornton, ex-judge of the supreme court of Illinois, and George R. Wendling; was admitted to practice in 1875, and at once entered into partnership with his old preceptors, Judge Thornton and George R. Wendling, which partnership continued until Mr. Wendling retired from the firm and entered the lecture field, the firm then becoming Thornton & Hamlin, which continued for several years, until Judge Thornton removed to Decatur, when Mr. Hamlin became the head of the present firm of Hamlin & Kelley.

Mr. Hamlin has been one of the most prominent lawyers in central Illinois. He has actively engaged in the practice of his profession in nearly all of the counties in central and southern Illinois, in addition to extensive practice in Chicago, which has given him an acquaintance with gentlemen of his profession, who recognize him as one of the most successful lawyers at the bar in this state. He is known to be a man of the highest integrity, and his reputation as a lawyer is without blemish.

Mr. Hamlin has for a long time been prominent in Republican politics, and for several years served as a member of the state central committee. In 1896 he was a delegate to the St. Louis convention, which nominated President McKinley. Recognized as one of the strongest debaters in the state, as chairman of the Republican state convention of 1898, he sounded the keynote of the campaign in no uncertain tones, which added greatly to his reputation as a speaker and will make him a man much sought after during the pending campaign.

ALEXANDER M'LEAN,

Candidate for University Trustee.

Alexander McLean, nominated for a third term of six years as one of the trustees of this State university, of which board he is now president, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, September 21, 1833. When 12 or 13 years of age he came to America with his father's family and settled on raw prairie land near Macomb, McDonough county, Ills. For a number of years he spent the time farming in summer and quarrying rock in the winter. His education was gained at the common schools. Was deputy circuit clerk from 1853 to 1865. Then spent seven or eight years connected with a large "western land" firm, at Wall street, New York, first as clerk, afterwards owning a partnership interest. Returning to Macomb he was four successive terms elected mayor of the city. He also served as president of the city board of education a number of years. In 1876 he was presidential elector for his congressional district, and was chosen messenger to carry the vote of Illinois to Washington. This was the year in which Hayes defeated Tilden by only one electoral vote, and for months the position of elector was anything but pleasant, so high was the excitement wrought up by the narrow margin of majority. Mr. McLean is a member of every degree in Masonry, including the thirty-third. He has been at the top of Odd Fellowship for forty years; belongs to the Knights of Pythias; is grand receiver of the A. O. U. W., and has been for twenty years; has almost as long been grand secretary of the I. O. M. A., and is also grand treasurer of the order of Select Knights of America. His wife, who was Miss M. J. Randolph, died a few years ago. He has a family of seven sons, all but one (who is in school) grown and in active business. He takes great interest in the university of Champaign, having been a member of the board of trustees since 1875—a number of years through appointment by the governor. He cast his first presidential vote for John C. Fremont, and has voted for every Republican nominee for that office since.

MRS. CARRIE T. ALEXANDER,

Candidate for University Trustee.

Now that women are successfully taking part in so many branches of business, one is not surprised to meet them in all sorts of occupations for which, until within very recent years, the sternor sex alone were considered competent; but the management of a street railway with its arduous duties and its perplexities, would hardly seem to be a tempting field for a woman to enter. Yet the Citizens' Street railway of Belleville, Ills., was entirely directed by a woman who bought all the feed, engaged and discharged employes, and personally superintended each department. The lady in question is Mrs. Carrie Thomas Alexander, who assumed those duties in 1888 upon the death of her husband, who had been the principal owner and builder of the road. For more than two years she carried on the business in a thorough and successful way, being the first and only woman, so far as known, to actively engage in such work. She was obliged to give up the work on account of failing health, which had been shaken by close attendance upon her husband during his illness with consumption, and went to Europe to recuperate. Upon her return being of an active disposition and generous temperament, she easily fell into a channel that belongs to a busy life and has interested herself in both state and national organizations for women. For eight years and upwards she has been prominent in Woman's Relief Corps circles and work and in 1898 was elected state president of that order, which office she filled with satisfaction to her constituents, who complimented her work very highly.

For more than three years she was president of the Ladies' Aid society a non-sectarian charitable organization of Belleville. While serving in that capacity she planned and put into successful operation a scheme for giving work to the unemployed of both sexes. The men were put to work cleaning the streets and the women did sewing, knitting and the like, so that those who were the recipients of the charity fund would regard the amount received as wages and not as alms.

Mrs. Alexander is the daughter of the late Colonel John Thomas, of the Black Hawk war, one of the pioneers of this state and the Republican party. She was born and reared in Belleville and educated in the public schools after which she took a four years' course at Monticello seminary, where she graduated valedictorian of her class. Her mental characteristics are of the solid and practical rather than of the brilliant and showy kind. She is eminently feminine but has had extended practical experience. For two years she was a teacher in the public schools. She is serving as president for the fourth year in the local Woman's Relief Corps, where her executive ability is in evidence. She is district vice president of the Illinois Children's Home and Aid Society and worthy matron of the local chapter of the Eastern Star. She is a tactful woman and can adapt herself to any set or condition of circumstances. She makes a good speech and is equal to all demands which holding an office imposes, but she is at the same time a particularly graceful hostess.

For a number of years Mrs. Alexander has been actively engaged in politics, having served as district chairman on the woman's Republican committee. She is an ardent believer in the principles of the party and is fearless in expressing her views and opinions on matters of public interest.

SAMUEL A. BULLARD,

Candidate for University Trustee.

Samuel A. Bullard of Springfield, Ills., candidate on the Republican ticket for trustee of the University of Illinois, is an Illinoisan by birth. He is a native of Sangamon county, in which he now lives. He is of Kentucky stock, such as felt that Kentucky, a few decades before the civil war, was a good state to emigrate from. His grandfather, Reuben Bullard, in 1833, after reaching the conviction that slavery was wrong freed his slaves and took his family to Illinois. The sons were young men then and watched with the keenest interest the growth of the old slave-holding power. When the Republican party was organized and Abraham Lincoln became a leader in Illinois the Bullards became earnest advocates of Republican principles.

Samuel A. Bullard was born during the stirring times preceding the rebellion. He was 8 years old when the war commenced in 1861. He shared the anxieties of the family while an older brother and several cousins were in the south fighting with Grant and Sherman. In this manner he absorbed the Republican principles of freedom, progress and loyalty and has been an earnest advocate of Republican ideas ever since.

His early boyhood was spent on his father's farm. He attended the country district school a few months each winter till he had reached the limits of study there and in 1872 entered the University of Illinois. For lack of funds he taught school a year before finishing his college course and graduated in the course in architecture in the year 1878. In the following year he began the practice of architecture in Springfield and has since followed his profession in that city.

He has been quite successful in business and has designed many of the handsomest residences and finest business houses in his home city.

He was a representative man while attending the university and popular with both faculty and students. When in 1888, the alumni of the university desired to place one of their number on the board of trustees of the university they unanimously chose him to represent them. He was elected that year and at once took an active part in shaping the policies of the university which have since made it one of the foremost universities of the United States. He was returned in 1894, and is again a nominee for the trusteeship.

He has a pleasant home in Springfield. His immediate family consists of his wife, whom he learned to know in his college days, and four children, two of whom are boys.

Mr. Bullard is a member of several societies, one of which is the oldest and most cultured literary society of the city. He is one of its strongest members and was for several years distinguished as its president.

He and his family are members of the First Methodist church of the city.

Mr. Bullard takes a deep interest in educational matters; is a great student and reader, and keeps himself fully abreast of all scholastic advancement in our own and other countries.

His services for the university are pronounced invaluable by the friends of the university and it is hoped by them that his services will be secured for another term by his reelection this fall.

No Listless Republicans in Kansas.

A forecast of the election not at all favorable to the McKinley and Roosevelt ticket is being quoted from the New York Evening Post, which thinks the civil service reformers will not be as enthusiastic for McKinley as four years ago and that workingmen are disaffected. "National prosperity," says The Post, "is always considered a great advantage for the party in power. But plenty of people say that they hear a great deal about this thing but they cannot see that they are getting any of the prosperity."

Where are those people that cannot see that the country is prosperous and that they are getting any of the prosperity? We know what the conditions were four years ago, when the number of men clamoring for a day's work and unable to find it were not counted by the thousands but by the million. There is nobody now clamoring for work; although many are clamoring for an increase of wages, which is always a healthy sign. The chances are good that they will get the higher wages they demand, whereas four years ago their demand for work was ineffectual. If there is such a thing as prosperity, it exists today and the political foolishness which makes light of it or pretends to deny that it is universal in its extent ought not to receive a moment's consideration from the workingmen of the country.

The Capital is not informed as to New York, but we are in position to state that there are no listless voters in Kansas, excepting the men who were throwing their hats in the air for free and unlimited coinage of silver four years ago. At the close of the Chicago convention in 1896 the country was aflame with the silver sentiment. Republicans in Kansas looking back at that dark period well remember the alarm felt for the ticket in this state.

Compared with the feeling at that time there are listless voters all over the west, but they are the former ardent supporters of Mr. Bryan. The conditions are reversed. Republicans who at this date four years ago were worse than listless are today full of genuine enthusiasm for McKinley and Roosevelt and ready to make the fight of their lives for the ticket and the principles of Republicanism.—From the Topeka Daily Capital.

CRAZED THE JUROR.

HE HELD OUT FIFTEEN DAYS AGAINST A VERDICT OF MURDER.

The Awful Strain Dethroned His Reason, and In His Wild Delirium He Charged His Own Son With Having Committed the Crime.

An old lawyer was talking about juries that disagree, and he declared that persecution in a jury room is not rare and said that usually it is only a question of time when the obstinate juror is bullied into surrendering.

"One case that was decidedly dramatic, not to say tragic," he continued, "happened in Iowa about the time the war of the rebellion began. My father was the judge. He believed in juries doing the work they were selected to do, and rarely would he consent to a disagreement.

"This was a murder trial. The victim was a harmless German, who had saved up a few thousand dollars which he kept in gold coin under his bed. The accused man was a traveling watchmaker. Against him was arrayed an exceptionally strong case of circumstantial evidence.

"The prisoner's counsel did the best he could, but it was a foregone conclusion when the jury went out what the verdict would be. The foreman of the jury was the owner of the principal store in the town, a man of the name of Seth Varnum. It was late in the afternoon of the closing day of the trial when the jury started to deliberate upon its verdict.

"The spectators lingered in the courtroom, expecting to hear the verdict before supper time. It was in the summer, and the weather was intensely hot. Seth Varnum, all the jurors were farmers. They had their crops to attend to and were driven with work, so it was to their interest to conclude their task and get home as quickly as possible.

"The jury didn't come in that night or the next, or the third night either. Rumors of a 'hung' jury began to float through the town. Hot arguments went on in the jury room. My father denied a written request made by the jury for its dismissal. He maintained that the jurymen could and must agree on a verdict.

"Eight days passed, and it began to be said that Varnum was the man who was standing out for the acquittal of the prisoner. This was confirmed on the ninth day when the jurors appeared for breakfast. Three men, side by side, led the line, with the remaining jurors paired, all except Varnum. He walked alone in the rear, with down hanging head and drawn features. At that and subsequent meals the other jurors ignored him. They forced the sheriff to provide a separate table for him. Afterward we found out that Varnum strenuously insisted upon the innocence of the watchmaker.

"'I can't tell you why,' said he, 'but I am as certain that that man did not kill the German as I am of the existence of a supreme being.' And they could not budge him.

"All this time the weather continued hot. The nerves and health of the jurymen suffered under the strain. Varnum felt the racking most of all. He was an elderly man, and his son, a boy of 20, had started for the war the second day the jury was out. The judge refused to allow the father to bid the son farewell.

"On the tenth day the eleven jurymen who favored a verdict of guilty divided themselves into relays and commenced to attack Varnum by continual argument. While two argued with him the others slept. Day and night they kept it up, allowing the wretched man no sleep or respite from their abuse and scornful appeals.

"The end came upon the night of the fifteenth day. It was bright moonlight, and the grass plot about the courthouse was covered with people gazing up at the lighted windows of the jury room. Varnum sat by the casement, his head hidden in his hands. Over him stood two men. We could not hear their words, but their gestures told what they were doing.

"Suddenly Varnum leaped up and shrieked at the jurymen. His hands were raised above his head, and his gray hair hung about his shoulders. There was a commotion. Pretty soon the sheriff sped from the courthouse to the hotel and got my father out of bed. It was midnight, but there were 1,000 people jammed in the little courtroom. Varnum led in the jury. None of them looked squarely at him, but covert glances were darted at his face from under knitted brows.

"'Your honor,' began Varnum, 'this jury cannot agree. An event has taken place which makes it impossible.' Here the man's voice sank, and he swayed. An attendant eased him back in his seat. Varnum motioned to the man next to him to tell what he could not.

"'The reason, your honor, why we cannot agree,' said the juror, 'is because the foreman has just told us that the murderer of the German was his son.'

"There was a pandemonium in the courtroom. Varnum was taken home raving with brain fever. He had told the jurymen that his son had been surprised in the act of robbing the German and had killed him. Afterward he sought his father and confessed. Pride induced the old man to keep the secret and permit the suspicion to fall upon the watchmaker.

"When he was drawn on the jury, he dared not refuse to serve, but he determined to hold out for the man's acquittal.

"Before young Varnum could be arrested he was killed in one of the early battles of the war. Three years later the watchmaker was run over by a train near Washington and injured so badly that he died soon afterward. Before he died he wrote a letter to my father. In the letter he confessed that he had killed the German, and told where he had hidden the gold. He had not dared to return for it. When search was made, the gold was found.

"Old man Varnum was clearly insane when he fastened the crime upon his son. The ordeal of the jury room had wrecked his mind."—Philadelphia North American.

But He Was Not.

"George, dear"—

"Don't bother me, Laura. I am reading, and I'd rather read than talk just now."

An hour dragged its way into the dim misty past, and the voice of Mr. Ferguson was heard calling loudly:

"Laura, how much longer have I got to wait for dinner? It ought to have been ready an hour ago."

"I was, George," responded Mrs. Ferguson from the dining room. "That was what I went in to tell you, but you didn't want to hear me talk. We have all finished, and everything is cold, but you needn't wait another minute if you want your dinner."—London Tit-Bits.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ITS AN OLD STORY

Ed. Musselman, Aged 12 Years, Fell Beneath a Freight Train

UPON WHICH HE WAS PLAYING

His Right Foot Was Completely Crushed and the Left One Was Badly Injured.

THE BOY HAS HAD EXPERIENCES

Last evening [illegible] the Musselmans, a boy about 12 years [illegible] coming jumping on the [illegible] Transfer train [illegible] Central for the train [illegible] with the wheels and [illegible]

[illegible] account of the accident except the bare [illegible] facts. The boy had [illegible] of having [illegible]

[illegible] Charles Wiers, at the East Lincoln [illegible] arrived [illegible] the Central [illegible] street. The boy was placed [illegible] his legs and there Drs. Rogers and [illegible] were called to attend him. At that time he was suffering more than [illegible] bandages [illegible] The Misselmans [illegible] was taken and the boy was [illegible] St. Mary's hospital where he [illegible] upon

[illegible] Dr. W. J. Chenoweth, [illegible] W. C. Bowers operated [illegible] was completely [illegible] chance of [illegible] was an inch [illegible]

The [illegible] left foot had been [illegible] crushed but [illegible] escaped injury. That wound [illegible] expectation is that the foot will cause more trouble to heal [illegible] than the [illegible] of the other leg. The [illegible] stood the operation fairly well.

[illegible] Musselman [illegible] last week [illegible] St. Louis [illegible] While living in St. Louis [illegible] the month ago he and another companion were playing with a target rifle when it was accidentally discharged. The bullet struck young Musselman in the [illegible] at the time he was supposed to be totally blind. He has had [illegible] since then [illegible] although [illegible] cannot be removed from his body.

THE BIG PICNIC.

Grocers Preparing for the Comfort and Enjoyment of Friends.

Everything is now in readiness for the picnic of the [illegible] association and the members [illegible] to the grounds [illegible] at Fourth [illegible] The committee is trying to [illegible] in the parade and will spare no other expense or pains to make it a success.

[illegible] to settle a rivalry among the persons intending to go [illegible] the parade will [illegible] the members of the committee have offered a cash prize of $10 in gold for the best decorated float in the parade and $5 in silver for the best [illegible] entering in the parade. Nearly all of the members of the association have signified their intention of going into the parade and many of the other merchants are preparing floats on which they expect to win that $10.

One feature of the parade about which nothing has been said is the prize to be awarded to the best appearing farm team in the parade. This offer is open to all and the farmers who have been notified of the offer are coming in with their best looking teams.

The members of the parade committee are going to springs surprises on the public by making it convenient for all to get a good cool drink of ice water while the parade is in progress. It has always been a cause of complaint that people could not get to the drinking fountains in Central Park and on Lincoln square on big days and the grocers are going to provide a way so that the crowd will not have to depend entirely on the drinking fountains that day. Along the line of the parade will be twenty barrels of ice water provided with a bountiful supply of tin cups so that [illegible] will, no matter how large it should be, not have no difficulty in getting all the water they wants.

At Rivers park there will be a list of attractions which will be a continual surprise to those in attendance. Several new features have been added within the past two days and the program committee assures the public that the day will be public will a [illegible]

Going to Terre Haute.

The Decatur Wheelmen's club, or a good part of it, is going to Terre Haute Sunday to attend the Land festival to be held there under the auspices of the Terre Haute Land [illegible] The members of the club go over to be the guests of the Wabash Cycling club and that is enough to insure them a good time as the members of the Wabash Cycling club are of the opinion that nothing is too good for the members of the Decatur Wheelmen's club and have demonstrated several times in the past that their feelings are such. The members of the club have been assured by the railway officials that if they secured a party of 40 they would be given a special car for the trip and they feel confident of securing the necessary number. The wheelmen will take the Mandolin club along on the trip.

Killed by Lightning.

Dubuque, Iowa, July 19.—During a violent storm this evening lightning struck a shanty where a gang of section men had taken refuge, killing Frank Corke and William Fitzgerald and injuring seven others.

IN SECOND PLACE

Double Victory Over Terre Haute Puts Us Ahead of Bloomington.

DECATUR PUTS UP FAST BALL

Game Was Witnessed by a Big Crowd—Life Made Miserable for the Hottentots' Star Twirlers.

HARD HITTING IN BOTH GAMES

HOW THEY STAND

	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Decatur	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	875
Terre Haute	[illegible]	5	4	[illegible]
Bloomington	[illegible]	4	4	[illegible]
Peoria	[illegible]	2	5	111

In [illegible] account of how Decatur won its games from Terre Haute on Thursday and thereby landed in second place would be to write a story as long as the moral law and one that would be a little more tiresome. In the first place the speed of the Decatur team right now is such that the Hottentots were simply outclassed. The second half of the central league season finds the home team playing very fast ball. It is the kind of ball that would have landed us winner had it been played in the first half of the season. But to go back to Thursday's game. The first one began at 2:40 and ended at four later when eight innings had been played. The fans suggested to Captain Montgomery at the end of the seventh that he call the game off and begin another one but Monty announced that "I am no quitter," and the war went on. At the end of the eighth inning the plucky little captain of the visitor threw up his hands. Decatur had gathered in eight more runs and the Hottentot captain realized that he could not catch up with a fast mail train and he quit. In the eight innings that were played Decatur made 21 runs, while the visitors got but four, and they had to work like hands in a corn field to do that. Out of the 21 runs scored Decatur managed to earn four and that pretty near tells the story of the game.

Smith pitched for the visitors and he suffered a severe bombardment than the forts at Tien-Tsin. Everybody took a crack at him and nearly everybody on the team took three or four cracks. Batting averages were fattened to the point of rivalry. When the locals were not sending singles into left quarter the visitors were kindly making errors that assisted in piling up the runs. Mellon pitched for the local and after the first inning he managed to keep the hits so well scattered that they did not produce runs. His support in the field was almost perfect.

Decatur	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	3	—8
Terre Haute	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—4

THE SECOND GAME.

The second game was one of full of thrillings and it opened up much faster than the first. Terrence and McMackin were pitted against each other in the box and as in the first game the Decatur twirler had the best of the argument.

Score by innings:

Decatur	1	1	0	1	3	0	0	1	—7
Terre Haute	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

BAD MAN FROM BETHANY.

Gets Up at Springfield and is Run in Here.

Samuel Conors, a baker from Bethany was arrested on a P. D. & E. train last night as the train pulled into this city. Conors was turned over to the Decatur police and will be prosecuted by the railroad company.

Conors had accompanied the P. D. & E. excursion to Springfield and on the trip over to that city yesterday morning had attracted some attention by his unruly conduct and on the return trip he seemed to be in even a more quarrelsome condition his fighting inclination having evidently been whetted by some of Springfield's bad whisky. Anyhow several times on the return trip the train men had their attention called to the fellow but as he seemed more inclined to talk than to fight he was not bounced under arrest. After the train had pulled into this city and had been switching around on the P. D. & E. tracks Conors walked from the smoker into one of the other coaches and seeing a young man sitting with two young ladies he walked up to him and deliberately smashed him in the mouth with his fist.

Conductor T. P. Blair noticed the act and promptly placed Conors under arrest and jerking him off the train led him into the depot where he was turned over to Depot Officer Dunnigan. The patrol was called and Conors was taken to the station and given a berth and will probably have a hearing in one of the justice courts today.

THREE LIVES LOST.

Ohio Town Deluged and Great Damage Done.

Mt. Pleasant, O., July 19.—The little town of Long Run, two miles west with a population of about 1000, was visited this afternoon by a terrible wind and rain storm and as a result three lives were lost in the flood that followed. The dead are: Mrs. John Linge, John Linge, son; Mark Herbeck.

The stream of Long Run, at the foot of the town empties into Short Creek, near a settlement and the dwellings of miners line both banks of the small creek. In an incredibly short space of time the quiet stream was converted into a raging river. In less than an hour 75 houses in the lowland were flooded. Three houses floated down the stream. Many houses were upset.

Tea is becoming so high of price that Charles T. Yerkes thinks of doing away with the second initial of his name.

HELP THEMSELVES

G. F. Richings Tells What the Negro is Doing For His Race.

AN ILLUSTRATED LECTURE

Gives Some Interesting Information Concerning the Industrial School for Negroes at Tuskegee, Alabama.

MISS LANEY'S WORK AT ATLANTA

"That lecture should be worth $100 a night to the lecturer," was what many persons said at the close of the lecture delivered at the First M. E. church last evening by G. F. Richings, the champion of the colored people, who has been in the city this week giving his lecture on the subject of the colored race and its progress along industrial and educational lines all over the United States and particulary in the southern states.

Mr. Richings spoke at the A. M. E. church on Tuesday evening and this evening he will give the lecture at the Grace M. E. church. His remarks are illustrated by a fine set of stereopticon views, 100 in number, showing many colored institutions of note, and the picture of colored persons who have distinguished themselves as educators and in other professional positions.

The purpose of Mr. Riching's work is to educate the white people up to a knowledge of what the colored people have accomplished and to stimulate the colored race to higher pursuits and greater ambition. And when one sees the interest he takes in his work and the illustrations that he shows to substantiate his stories of the wonderful work that is being done in some of the colored schools the thought comes that he has found the right way to accomplish his purpose.

The pictures of the school at Tuskegee, Ala., which is conducted by Booker T. Washington were of special interest. There are departments in all branches of industrial training and domestic science. Nursing, and other pursuits, are taught the women. The running expenses of the school are $200 a day There are 1000 acres of land in connection with the school and agriculture is taught along with the other branches. Every year $50,000 worth of produce is sold from the farm and manufacturing departments.

Mr. Richings said that it might be a great surprise to most people to be told that the famous catarrh remedies are made by a negro chemist and at Princeton university all the microscopical slides for the pathological work are prepared by a negro. One of the colored women who received special mention was Lucy Laney president of the Haines Normal and Industrial school at Augusta, Ga. Miss Laney was educated at Atlanta and going back to her home began the present large work by gathering together a few dirty, ragged children from off the streets She taught these children in a dilapidated old cabin until the Presbyterians came to her rescue and built for her school the fine building it now occupies. There are about 500 students at the school

Mr. Richings spoke of the work the churches are doing in the south and paid a tribute to their efficiency in furthering the progress of the race. He is a publisher as well as a lecturer and has recently written a book on "Evidences of Progress Among the Colored People."

WANTED TO DIE.

Judd Rice Took Morphine But Did Not Die

Jud M. Rice, the short order cook at the Shelby Coffee House on Lincoln square attempted suicide last night by taking a dose of laudanum and came very near accomplishing his object. The act was the result of matrimonial troubles.

Rice and his wife make their home with his parents on Spring street. He was despondent all day yesterday and about 9 o'clock last night his mother heard his wife scream and going hastily into the room found Judd lying on the bed where he had fallen. An empty phial on the floor tell the tale. He was dosed with strong coffee until the arrival of Dr. Wilhelmy who worked with the patient until almost 12 o'clock when the doctor considered him out of danger.

Before taking the poison last night he wrote a long letter to his wife telling her that he intended to end all of his troubles.

Goes to Louisville.

Linn LBadcliff has resigned his position with the J. B. Bullard undertaking establishment and will go to Louisville in the near future to accept a position with one of the largest undertaking firms of Louisville, Ky. Linn has been with the Bullard house for the past eleven years and in that time has had some of the experience that has made him a valued man in the firm. He goes to Louisville to accept a more responsible position.

Section Boss Dead.

Word was received in this city last night announcing the death of William McKeun, section foreman of the I., D. & W. at Rochdale, Ind. The deceased was well known among the railroad men of the city and was a brother of Roadmaster John McKeun, of the Wabash, who is located at Forest.

Wanted.

Last night the police arrested Frank Garrett on complaint of the police at Clinton. The officers said that Garrett was a bootlegger. The prisoner said that he was wanted for jumping a bond.

For Sale—At Spencer & Lehman's Decatur, Ill., a full line of fine and medium grade buggies, surreys, phaetons, road wagons, spring wagons, and road carts.

NEARBY TOWNS.

MARON.

Mrs. E. Graham of Ohio is visiting Miss Berkeline and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Stearns of Woodlawn, Neb., arrived in Maron Monday for a week's visit with J. R. Morgan and family.

Misses Lilah Huff and Dixie Smelt will return home this week from their visit at Ft. Scott, Kansas.

Miss Dora Champney of Clinton has been visiting in Maron this week.

Mattie Morgan returned home Monday from a week's visit with Decatur relatives.

"Ten to Get" Club Entertained.

Miss Daisy Potter entertained the members of the "Ten to Get" club at the home of her sister, Mrs. Will Biddle last Friday evening. The evening was very pleasantly spent in a good jolly time. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served. Those present were: Misses Mate Smart, Leilah Smith, Mollie Schultz, Mary Barger, Lera Gault, Arra Smith, Daisy Potter and Mrs. E. W. LaMont of Decatur.

Mrs. Mabel Buchman of Mexico, Mo., visited her brother, Dr. McLean and family over Sunday. She went to Decatur Monday afternoon.

A very painful accident happened to Charlie Potter, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Potter, Monday morning. The youngster stepped on a needle that had been left in a handkerchief on the floor by his little sister who was trying to sew with it. The needle ran into his foot was an inch and an eighth long. He was brought to Dr. Weyl's office Monday afternoon and by chloroforming him succeeded in getting it out.

Will Foster of Peoria was a Maron visitor Sunday.

Mrs. A. D. Wysong visited in Bloomington the first of the week.

TODD'S POINT.

Mr. and Mrs. Almond Nicholson of Sullivan spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Bird Kendal and daughter who have been visiting the former's parents for some time left the Point one day last week for their home in Iowa.

Last Sunday Erve Masterson and family started for Lamonte, Mo., in two covered wagons They will seek a location in that state.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Mack Davis of Findlay died suddenly on the 11th and was buried in Shelbyville.

Last Saturday Harry Surma delivered 16 hogs to Bethany market at $5.20. They averaged 299 lbs. Marlowe was the buyer.

Tom Neho of Champaign a student in the agricultural department of the University of Illinois is visiting friends here and turning his vacation to practical account making a hand in the harvest field.

The township Sunday school convention will be held here July 22, commencing at 10 a. m. All are invited to attend and bring well filled baskets for dinner in the hall grounds.

At the quarterly conference of the M. E. church held at Findlay on the 12th this place was represented by Mrs. James Johnson and Mrs. Fleming. The most important item of business transacted was the purchase of the late I. C. G. L. hall by the M. E. church to be incorporated and known in the future as Todd's Point M. E. church. The building will not be dedicated, but will be open as heretofore to churches of other denominations Sunday schools, lodge meetings, etc., and under the control of a board of five trustees who were appointed at that meeting, viz.: Messrs. Frank Mettall, Harry Surman and Alva Alward and Mrs. Fleming and Mrs. Atkinson. July 15.

OAKLEY.

R. A. Simpson, assistant state entomologist, inspected Frank Baker's nursery on Tuesday afternoon. He found it in a good, healthful condition, free from any diseases.

Will Andrews was the victim of a burglary perpetrated some time on Sunday last in the middle of the day. Mr. Andrews and family were away from home and some one crawled in at a window and took a new suit of clothes, (a wedding suit) belonging to Mr. Andrews, a revolver belonging to Frank Lyons and a pair of Sunday shoes belonging to Otis Veech. Who the thief was is past finding out. He made his escape quickly and left no clue behind.

Harmon Manocke, of Friends' Creek, spent Sunday among his friends in and near Oakley.

Miss Bessie Holcomb, of Milmine, was the guest of Mrs. Joseph Pabst last Thursday.

The recent hard rains have laid the oats flat again, and it will be very difficult to cut them even one way. There is quite a good deal to cut yet.

A very small audience listened to Rev. Pradmore's discourse on Sunday. On the 28th and 29th of this month quarterly meeting will convene at the Cherry Grove church, with Elder Field in charge.

The game of ball on the Manocke diamond last Sunday was quite interesting, but not so largely attended as heretofore. The Cerro Gordo Blues put it all over the Oakley Eagles.

The parsonage premises, which are unoccupied, are going to seed and the pastor doesn't care a cent.

O. C. Little, our day operator, is having several days' lay off. Mr. Hofmer is filling his place and Mr. Finley is the night operator.

Uncle George Veech is still very low and his friends despair of his recovery. Dropsy or Bright's disease seem to be the cause of his ailment July 18.

SULLVIAN.

Archie Cochran is home for a few days' visit from Springfield.

Miss Flora McClure returned Monday from Mt. Vernon, accompanied by Miss Anna and Eva Davis, who will spend a few days with relatives and friends.

Misses Fannie and Margaret McIntyre came home from Peoria Friday.

Mrs. W. S. Cook and granddaughter, Iva, went to Danville Monday to visit relatives.

Mrs. George Williams went to Oklahoma this week to visit her father, Dr. E. L. Hardin and family.

Mrs. Caroline Brightman, Mrs. Tode Glover of St. Louis, are the guests of relatives and friends here.

On Monday evening a reception was given Rev. C. Reed, of the M. E. church. Mr. Reed having just returned from a two months' European trip.

Mrs. Thayer and children, of Chicago, are the guests of W. C. Cawood and family.

Mrs. A. N. Smyser returned last week from Washington, D. C., for an extended visit with relatives here.

The new Christian church will be dedicated Sunday. The pipe organ arrived the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Rice, of Los Angeles, Cal., are in the city the guests of J. F. Eden and family.

A. P. Robinson was a Springfield visitor Thursday. July 19.

MACON.

Fred Towson returned home Tuesday, after a visit of two weeks with relatives at Fort Atkinson, Wis.

Miss Leota Beschle has returned home from Peoria, after a few weeks' visit with relatives.

Rev. R. L. Macwhorter and family were Decatur visitors on Monday.

Walter Glenn is on the sick list.

Mrs. Via Griffith returned to her home in Blue Mound, after quite a visit with F. L. Jostecs and wife.

Robert K. Schudel returned home Saturday from Peoria, after attending the E. L. convention.

Mrs. Daniel Patterson is very ill at her home on South Wall street. July 18.

DALTON.

Jacob Reader is on the sick list.

Mattie Bottomfield, of Macon, is visiting W. H. Taylor and family this week.

Rev. Maguire and Rev. Costello were in Decatur Tuesday.

Dr. G. H. Wilson transacted business in Maron Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reader and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Reader, visited the latter's mother in Duvall Sunday.

J. H. Uppendahl was in Sullivan Tuesday. July 18.

WELDON.

James McConkey from Lenox, Ia., came to attend the funeral of his father. He arrived too late, however, as he was buried Saturday.

Louise and Gus Larkson returned to Arkansas Saturday after a three weeks visit here.

Samuel McConkey who was so seriously injured in a runaway last Thursday died from his injuries Saturday.

James Winters an old and respected citizen died Saturday. His remains were taken to DeLand Sunday for interment.

Sam McNeit Jr. has moved to Clinton. July 19.

MORGANSVILLE.

The oat crop was harvested better than was at first expected. There were a few who had to mow them and some few could only cut them one way with their binders.

One day last week while Fred Uhl was crossing the bridge, one-half mile south of town, the bridge gave way, letting the engine down. The bridge will soon be replaced. July 18.

WARRENSBURG.

Rev. W. T. Hunter has gone to Milwaukee.

Mrs. Wm. Manion went to Athens, Ill., to visit relatives and from there to La Junita, Col.

Miss Martha Batchelder entertained a few of her Warrensburg friends at her home four miles northeast of here Monday.

Ed Batchelder of Peoria, has moved to Warrensburg. July 19.

WYOKLES.

Miss Alma Park who has been sick is slowly recovering.

Mrs. A. E Majors and little daughter of Minneapolis, Minn., are visiting at the home of Ann Gulick.

George Houck of Quincy is visiting with his brother, L. L. Houck.

Miss Elsie Sawyer is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Park of Storm Lake, Iowa. July 19.

PIERSON.

Miss Daisy Chambers returned from Cincinnati Monday night where she attended the B. Y. P. U. convention last week.

Mesdames Pritchard and Graham left Tuesday on an extended visit with their son at Goldfield, Iowa. July 19.

Farms for Sale.

One hundred carefully selected bargains to offer. We make a specialty of level prairie lands with deep black soil and located in the greatest corn and blue grass country on earth. We have well improved farms at from $35 to $50 per acre. Two sample bargains: 280 acres two miles from town, two sets of buildings, new cottage house of six rooms, barn, 36x36 feet. Good orchard, plenty of pure water, one and one-half story house of seven rooms, large bank barn, plenty of water and lots of fruit; 200 acres of nice smooth land, 80 acres of rolling land; corn on this farm bids fair to make 60 bushels per acre this year. Come and see this farm at once. You can buy it for $35 per acre cash.

Bargain No. 2.—160 acres of land two and one-half miles from town and one-quarter of a mile to school. One and one-half story house with six rooms, barn 32x40 feet, good outbuildings, fine bearing orchard of apples, peaches, plums and cherries; 120 acres of nice level land and balance rolling land and in blue grass. This land is all seeded down but about 35 acres. This is a special bargain only $35 per acre. For descriptive circular of other farm bargains address Pugh Bros., Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Special Car.

The Decatur wheelmen will have a special car on the excursion to Terre Haute on Sunday. The wheelmen will be the guests of the Terre Haute club on their arrival in that city. They expect several weeks later to return the compliment when the band tournament is held in this city.

Headquarters for Loans.

Oldest loan office in the city. All classes of loans—on horses, cows, buggies, carriages, wagons, pianos, high grade furniture, watches and diamonds—to salaried people without security—on real estate individual surety or any good collateral. Call and see us whether you borrow or not. 143 North Water street, A. T. Summers & Son.

Mrs. Hayward's Uncle.

Mrs. C. D. Hayward has gone to Davenport, Ia, to attend the funeral of her uncle, John B. Phelps who died suddenly of apoplexy on Tuesday. His death is said to have been due to worry over the fate of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Woodward, who was a guest of Minister Conger, at Pekin.

In Sight.

At Quincy Wednesday I. R. Mills' trotter, Domition, took second money in the 2:18 trot., Domition, was fifth in the first, first in the second, third in the third, and second in the fourth heat. The best time was 2:19¼.

For Sale—At Spencer & Lehman's, Decatur, Ill.—A full line of fine and medium grade buggies, surreys, phaetons, road wagons, spring wagons, and road carts.

We have had a good season—sold more vehicles than ever before, but we are overstocked in some lines and propose to let them go at wholesale or less, therefore this

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

Every vehicle in the house goes at special prices, cash or time.

Original Price $35.

$26.75 Buys it now.

Ask for No. 1.

This is a thoroughly reliable wagon, fully guaranteed and a genuine bargain.

Original Price $50.

$37.50 Gets it Now.

This buggy has leather quarter top, trimmed and painted like cut. Fully guaranteed for one year.

Ask for No. 20.

Original Price $75.

$57.50 At Clearance Sale.

Has M. B. leather quarter top, 16-oz. Slater's cloth trimmings, velvet carpet, open head springs, long distance axles, Bradley shaft couplings and all up to date features.

Ask for No. 21.

BARGAINS IN SURREYS.

A Regular $125 Surrey for $87.50. (Ask for No. 50.)

A Regular $75 Surrey for $57.50. (Ask for No. 51.)

WE DO WHAT WE SAY WE DO.

When we advertise cut prices we cut them.

J. G. STARR & SON,

LINCOLN SQUARE.

WABASH

If it's Omaha

If it's Omaha you want to reach, here's good connection and fast time for you. Good connections save worry; worry is another name for care; care kills. Keep this connection in your mind—when you think of Omaha, remember Wabash—good connection, "Continental Limited" reaches St. Louis at 6.52 p. m. Leave St. Louis—Wabash, remember—7.30 p. m., and you will be in Omaha in time for breakfast. If you forget the connection—Omaha-Wabash—and take some other route, the best that can befall you will keep you traveling until nearly noon.

A folder—simple, complete—tells all about it; something worth knowing. If you want to reach any western city, you can have full, specific information about your best train and connections, railroad and sleeping car fares, etc., and the rate will be right.

Address C. S. CRANK, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agt., St. Louis, or call at Wabash Ticket Office.

Burlington Route

New Train. 77 Hours to Puget Sound

It leaves St. Louis at 9.00 a. m., Quincy 10.40, Hannibal 12.05. Arrives Kansas City at 7.05 p. m. Black Hills next morning, then via Billings and Nor. Pacific Ry. Sleepers and Chair Cars through to Portland. Dining Cars all the way. Tourist Sleeping Car from Kansas City. Ask your ticket agent for particulars or write

L. W. WAKELEY, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

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